The New-York Times.

VOL. VIII—NO. 2385. NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON.

The Case of Mr. Sickles Before the Grand Jury.

Mexican Affairs—The Nicaraguan and the New-Granadian Treaties—Naval Inefficiency—The Detroit Post-Office, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Monday, March 14.

The Grand Jury examined twelve witnesses in the Sickles case to-day, but it is a singular fact that Mr. [illegible], who had testified before the [illegible], was neither examined nor subpoenaed as a witness before the Grand Jury. He will probably be returned to-morrow, and the trial set for Monday next. The counsel of Mr. SICKLES desired to avoid any unnecessary examination of the case before the Grand Jury. It is not true that the friends of the late Mr. KEY have employed counsel. The Judges oppose any such course as highly improper. Unless Government employs additional counsel, the probability is that none will be employed. Mr. SICKLES is surrounded by New-Yorkers and others, and is in good spirits.

The Mexican Legation is without any information touching the rumored defeat of Miramon.

Gen. JEREZ is also without any news from Nicaragua, although it is believed that the Cass-Yrisarri Treaty will be returned with one article only slightly modified.

The Cass-Herran Treaty was so changed before ratification by the Senate, that it must again go before the New-Granadian Congress.

When the steamer *Fulton* reached Montevideo, it was discovered that she had her big gun, but that the gun-carriage had been left at Norfolk. Lieutenant [illegible], was one of the witnesses called to establish Captain [illegible]'s inefficiency.

A large delegation of Michigan Democrats is here, urging the removal of O'FLYNN from the Detroit Post-office. Ex-Secretary MCCLELLAND heads the company, and is backed by Secretary CASS. The President says it is strange that the only appointment he had made in Michigan should be so obnoxious to the party. The question of removal is still pending, with the chances in favor of O'FLYNN. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 14.

It is credibly ascertained that both England and France disclaim any other intention in sending naval forces to the coast of Mexico, than to procure due reparation for wrongs to British and French subjects. The further statement is made that it is not their purpose to take sides with or favor either of the contending Mexican Governments. There is reason to believe our Government is not apprehensive that anything will be done by them in conflict with the Monroe doctrine, or to shape the political institutions of that country.

Mr. HOLT entered upon the discharge of his duties as Postmaster-General to-day. The Boston Committee had an interview with him, in reference to the removal of the Post-office, and he informed them he would consider the subject after hearing from Postmaster CAPEN.

General DENVER left this afternoon for California. His resignation as Commissioner of Indian Affairs is to take effect on the 1st of April. Mr. MIX, Chief Clerk of the Bureau, has been commissioned as Acting Commissioner.

The Grand Jury to-day commenced the examination of witnesses in the Sickles case; twelve or fourteen have been summoned.

The last weekly Treasury statement up to the 7th inst. shows a balance in the Treasury of $7,162,000. The receipts of the week were $710,300. The drafts paid amounted to $738,000, and the drafts issued to $1,044,000—a reduction of $300,000 as compared with the previous week. The receipts in New-York for the week ending on Saturday last were $2,272,000, including $1,000,000 on account of the loan.

The Board, consisting of Chief Engineers WOOD, ISHERWOOD and LONG, will convene at Philadelphia, on the 20th inst., for the examination of candidates for admission and promotion in the Engineer corps of the Navy.

Chief Clerk [illegible] is now acting as Commissioner of Patents.

Mr. FLORENCE, who has been ill ever since the close of Congress, is convalescent.

Ex-Congressman JOSEPH MILLER, of Ohio, has been appointed Associate Justice for Nebraska, *vice* SAML. W. BLACK, resigned.

General Appearance of the Capital Since the Adjournment.

The Sickles Tragedy—Prospects of the Trial—Further Particulars of the Case—Changes in the Diplomatic Corps, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 8, 1859.

Two more dull and dreary days than the 7th and 8th of March have seldom fallen even on this chosen home of dullness and dreariness. The rain had not the spirit to come down boldly and have done with it, but sneaked down in a stealthy drizzle to the earth. Umbrella-sellers and hackmen opposite the Kirkwood [illegible] triumphant. The old, dirty Georgetown omnibus drivers chuckled with a muddy joy, and carriages floundered like so many arks along the swampy, miscalled street of Pennsylvania-avenue. As the darkness fell last night, it looked just such a street as that into which the old man Lear was cast forth by the cruel Goneril. Along the bleak, dismal vista from the Executive mansion to the Capitol Hill damp figures flitted; the flood of weeks deepened steadily to a ditch down the midway of the road. Many a lovely *mousseline* that left Chicago or Philadelphia in the pride of youth and beauty will return bedraggled and stained. The mud of Washington has no more heart than its men. It draggles the skirts of beauty with democratic insolence, and I saw it to-day splash its impertinent attentions all about the pathway of the lovely niece of a Senator from Connecticut, who still lingers in this else deserted spot, and whose smile made for a moment Summer as she passed. The crows who have so long cawed at the Capitol and daily darkened about three P. M. the sunlight of the avenue with their descending plumage, have taken wing for their rural nests. The flag, it is true, still floats over the National Palace, as marking the presence of the Senate, but it, too, looks a trifle weary and woe-begone. The whole place has a sort of *debauched* appearance. GAUTIER has dismissed his corps of cooks, who hang about the city very like so many Mexican soldiers after a war. Even the good garrulous old Irishwoman, who sells oranges and oysters at the Capitol gate, and is ever the last to leave, told me just now, from under a huge umbrella, beneath which she was brooding like a moulted hen over five prospective little American citizens, that to-morrow she should close her establishment for the season. Loafers leave the hotel steps and fall back yawningly upon the bar. Around the portico hang motley groups of hacks and drivers and runners, and negroes, tall and small; and within the vestibule cower Celts of every tribe, from the fair-haired, small-nosed child of Londonderry, to the dark-complexioned, Spanish-looking Galwegian, so awkward in action, yet so tender in sentiment. Nor can any heart refuse a sympathetic admiration for the eager pleasure with which these true Hibernians hang about their honest countryman, [illegible], not for the herald smiles of welcome which, as he passes down the corridor, leap from the eyes of many a gentle Irish servant-girl, to greet his presence. Lying about the hall, or bumped madly along by some stalwart "Tipperary boy," are trunks and carpet-bags vast, various and innumerable, some, the coffins of [illegible] forever gone, laid out in rich shrouds of [illegible]; others, battered bodies that never held a soul, greased, and worn with dust and smoke and toil, stamped, lettered, labeled, some for St. Louis, some for St. Petersburg, for Teheran and Texas, for New-Orleans and Oregon. Stalking amid these wrecks of the "season," I yesterday saw SAM HOUSTON, carrying, like Sir C. NAPIER, his own "small bundle," with its clean shirt and towel, its piece of soap and hair-brush. At the end of the hall stands a large desk, and on the desk lies a big book, and behind the big book frown two tall, steep-shouldered men with as little of those genial qualities which WILL SHAKESPEARE and BEN JONSON assign to "mine host," with as little even of the ordinary civility which becomes every man, as could be found in any hostelry in the whole range of [illegible] lying in their hall. As you turn to the right, from the main corridor, are two or three divans filled with men mostly dressed in broadcloth, gay with chains of gold and costly rings, some chewing and spitting, others smoking and grinning, not talking much to each other, and talking much to themselves, but all intent, by thinking, inventing, concocting, scheming, [illegible] a little Secretary, with his sunny smile and his organ reminding you of the exquisite simulations of PAUL DE KOCK. At his back swings wide the bar-room door, and around it stand and sit lawyers, politicians, journalists, schemers, dreamers, lobbyers, land-jobbers, slave-dealers, fillibusters, reformers, Congressmen, correspondents of the *Herald*, comedians, (for Washington has a theatre,) all more or less drunk, with some aesthetical or intellectual idler looking despondingly on, with a brow of gloom, and disabled by financial stress of weather from joining in the rather ghastly revel. Pass up stairs, and in a "splendiferous" drawing-room you will find a bevy of lazy looking ladies lolling in voluptuous rocking chairs, some self-complacent, some helpless and harassed with the die-away disorder of *ennui*, some cynical and scoffing, but all prettily dressed and borrowing from the enchantment of distance the indescribable look of the "lady." Approach and the charm will not wholly vanish, for does not one hotel still hold the charming Mrs. CLAY, of Alabama, and the lovely Mrs. PUGH, of Ohio, who looks as LOLA MONTEZ might were she a lady and no Lola, and the irresistible Mrs. CONRAD, of Georgia, with her swanlike figure and her fascinatingly mysterious eyes. In bar and corridor, and drawing-room the men are dumb, but the ladies, of course, keep the river of life flowing with their lively talk.

The all-engrossing topic of the hour, naturally enough, is the SICKLES tragedy; and the smallest detail connected with any of the parties is still caught up with eager curiosity and rapt attention. LESLIE's paper containing pictures of the scene and the actors, was devoured at a premium a few moments after its arrival on Monday, and in the absence of a sufficient supply, even HARPER and others of the smaller fry, came in for an animated demand.

The Grand Jury were called on Monday, and are, I am informed, of more than average respectability and intelligence. The evidence before them being entirely *ex parte*, they will of course have no hesitation in finding bills against Mr. SICKLES. Indeed, Mr. SICKLES himself, I am assured, would ask no heavier punishment than to have the bill thrown out, as his impatient desire is to stand before a panel of his countrymen, and when the whole case is unfolded, have their verdict on his act. It was at first anticipated that the trial would come off on Monday next, but I deem that impossible, though the calendar is not heavy; and incline to the belief that it will not take place until the end of the week. On the first day, the Court adjourned, after a tribute to Mr. KEY, very skillfully conceived and effectively delivered by Mr. ROBERT OULD, the new District-Attorney, who is evidently a man of ability, vigor and legal experience; Mr. BARTON KEY, who was indolent and unread to a degree almost beyond belief, in one filling such a position having committed the conduct of nearly all his official business to Mr. OULD. The trial will naturally awaken, I may say, a great national interest—not from any uncertainty as to its result, for there appears to be no second opinion as to the certainty of Mr. SICKLES' acquittal, but *from the general desire to see* the whole case fairly put, and the million scandals of mystery laid to rest by the plain facts. Already innumerable applications have been made for seats in the Court-house, which is small and confined. The case will be tried before Judge CRAWFORD, a lawyer of good local reputation, and said to be an impartial and pains-taking Judge. For the prosecution, Mr. OULD will, of course, lead, in virtue of his office, and, probably, (though as yet none has been retained,) Mr. KEY's family will engage associate counsel. For Mr. SICKLES, there will appear the Hon. REVERDY JOHNSON, (who is Mr. BUTTERWORTH's counsel,) Messrs. STANTON, RADCLIFFE, CHILTON and MAGRUDER, of this Bar, and of the New-York Bar, Mr. JAMES T. BRADY and Mr. JOHN GRAHAM, who have been selected from a legion of volunteers, as proper representatives of the representative from New-York.

Mr. GRAHAM, who has arrived to-day, will open the case, which will be summed up by Mr. STANTON and Mr. JAS. T. BRADY, one of Mr. SICKLES' earliest, and, through life, one of his warmest friends. The prosecution will be conducted, according to present appearances, with great fairness, and without any spirit of personal bitterness. For though Mr. KEY's brother, Mr. CHARLES KEY, of Baltimore, has uttered some threats of vengeance, and his sister, Mrs. PENDLETON, is known to have been sorely afflicted by his untimely death, the voice of his uncle, Chief-Justice TANEY, all potential in such a case, is for moderation and an absolute surrender of the whole matter to the ordinary course of law.

The guilty connection of Mr. KEY with Mrs. SICKLES will, I understand, be admitted, to avoid disclosures injurious to the memory of Mr. KEY; and the argument of the prosecution will be directed to examine whether the existence of such a criminal connection excuses the slaying of the seducer by the husband's hand, and whether Mr. SICKLES committed the act under the extenuating influences of an exasperating conviction of this fact. If precedents are of value it will be difficult for the prosecution to sustain their side of the case. It is but a short time since that, in the neighboring State of Virginia, a certain Mr. MYERS proceeded to the bed-room of a man from whom he had sustained a similar injury, and shot him while in bed. Public opinion justified, and a Jury acquitted him without leaving the box. Again, in this very city, and but within the last two years, a young man, from near the Navy-yard, called on the seducer of his sister and demanded the reparation of a marriage for the injured girl, which, being refused, he shot the seducer. Public opinion justified, and a Jury acquitted him without leaving the box. Nor are such precedents confined to this country. Lord NAPIER has stated it as his belief that in England, if the criminal connection be of the character stated, no Jury could be found to convict the husband.

In France precedents of recent origin are not wanting. In 1849, a M. RABANY received an anonymous communication informing him that a certain M. CHEYLESSON was in the habit of entering his wife's apartment from a balcony common to both houses. M. RABANY lay in wait, and surprising M. CHEYLESSON in the attempt, an encounter took place from which the seducer managed to escape. M. RABANY seizing a pistol followed him, and meeting on the stairs, not M. CHEYLESSON, but a correspondent of the London *News*, who had been visiting a friend in the same house, fired at him in his extreme rage, and shot him through the jaw. The case was tried before one of the first jurists of France, the father of the Comte de TREILHARD, now Secretary of the French Legation at Washington, and *the Jury acquitted* M. RABANY, condemning M. CHEYLESSON, the adulterer, to pay 40,000 francs of damages to the innocent person whom the enraged husband had wounded. And but little more than a year ago, when a lady of rank in one of the provinces requested an old and attached family servant to shoot a scoundrel who had boasted of seducing her daughter, and the deed was actually done, a French Jury acquitted both the injured mother and the gardener, who had adopted her injury as his own.

Mr. SICKLES' case was stronger far than these. Not only was his home dishonored, but that dishonor was inflicted with a reckless disregard of decency, which had made the disgrace the common talk of the city. Not in a moment of hot passion, when the rebellious blood might override the better feelings, was the deep wrong done, but a house was coolly hired for the basest uses to which it could be put, and Mr. SICKLES' wife dragged through the lowest haunts of infamy to gratify the vilest instincts of degraded passion. And when this dishonor, this repeated, reiterated dishonor was made clear to him; clear by the most unanswerable proofs; clear by the confession of his wife; and amid the grief and agony which the horrid discovery brought upon his home, the husband saw opposite to his window the man who had desolated that home, and who had stained the future of his child, flaunting, as it were, in his very face, the signal that called his wife to infamy—how many men, claiming no Pharisaical superiority over their fellows, will say that at such a moment—as a cold-blooded calculator in some New-York evening paper lays it down—Mr. SICKLES should have taken his seat to study the code of the duello, and ascertain how Mr. KEY was to be got rid of, according to the strict letter of its laws; or, as another punctilious gentleman opinionizes, write to Mr. KEY, and politely inform him of his intention to shoot him, and then calmly bring him down the first time they met? It seems to be forgotten that when, in that moment of fury, Mr. SICKLES rushed out to kill Mr. BARTON KEY, he staked his own life, too. It is true Mr. KEY was unarmed. But how was Mr. SICKLES to know this? Few men in Washington do go so unarmed, and Mr. KEY had received but the Thursday before a letter warning him of the danger of discovery, and of the risks involved in it. His first move, as Mr. SICKLES approached him, was to put his hand to the pocket where arms are usually carried. Any student of the human heart and its passions who looks on the story of that tragedy from the moment when Mr. KEY waved his signal in front of SICKLES' house, to that in which he fell on Lafayette-square, must see that in that time SICKLES thought and dreamed neither of consequences to himself *nor of the code of the duello*.

The question attempted to be raised as to whether Mr. SICKLES himself was *addicted* or not to licentious indulgences in his youth, is entirely outside the record. His early vices, if he had such, certainly did not justify Mr. KEY in robbing him of the honor of his home, and his loved and only child of her future.

Few men, I presume, including even the editors of the *Evening Post*, would like to have their past lives rummaged, and all the indiscretions of the hour dragged forth in such an hour as this, which has overtaken Mr. SICKLES. But this fact is patent, and admitted even by all Mr. KEY's friends, that from the time Mr. KEY was introduced to his house, and ever since his first residence here, Mr. SICKLES' conduct as a father, as a husband, and as a man, has been not only blameless, but guarded by the most jealous care. No one in Washington can say that he has ever seen him even in a gambling house, which here is the favorite fashionable resort of men whom the country "delights to honor," or at a bar-room, much less at any place of more dubious character. His whole soul appeared to be centred on ambition, the advancement of his political adherents in New York, and the cultivation of a happy domestic life. To his Parliamentary duties he was scrupulously attentive, and he was considered by many, among others by the Speaker, as the ablest member of the present House. Every Tuesday he set aside for his wife's receptions, and every Thursday for entertainments to his political and personal friends, where were always to be met much of what was most brilliant and best in Washington society. Is it possible to conceive that the act by which he scattered all his dreams, and rushed on a risk of life and all that gives it charm, was not the work of a mad impulse of passion? or that it was the act of a cool, calculating, *bad* man?

Of Mr. SICKLES' past life before he entered upon his strictly political career, I know little. That the *Evening Post*, of your City, should be more ready to speak upon that subject is not surprising, since, during just that period of his youth, which that journal alleges to have been the blackest and most disgraceful, Mr. SICKLES was the personal friend and the associate in his business and his home of a gentleman prominently connected with the *Post*, and now absent from the country. But in dealing with the antecedents of Mr. SICKLES, it is not necessary to go back to this part of his career. It is better certainly to dwell upon the temper which has actuated men like Mr. FERNANDO WOOD and Mr. G. J. TUCKER, who certainly have had no reason to feel tenderly for Mr. SICKLES, to offer him in this season of his distress their sympathy and their support.

Just strictures, were they but justly founded, have been passed upon Mr. SICKLES' alleged neglectful indulgence of his wife in all her tastes for fashion and society, without a proper controlling care. But it is not true that he did so indulge her.

When, last Spring, the attentions of Mr. KEY first became the subject of remark and scandal, Mr. SICKLES instantly, on the first whisper reaching his ears, called upon that gentleman and received from him asseverations of the honorable character of his regard, so solemn and so strong that, coupled with those of his wife, he could not, and did not for a moment after, cherish a suspicion. Mr. KEY went so far as to seal his asseveration by bringing his own pure sister to call on Mrs. SICKLES, which Mr. SICKLES had a right to feel was a complete guarantee of the purity of his own relations with her. Still desiring his wife to be not only safe from, but above suspicion, he forbade her to receive Mr. KEY except when invited, and on her regular reception day, in the presence of company, a restraint which they both submitted to and observed. It was probably this which induced Mr. KEY to lease a house of assignation. Nor in any instance, save one, has Mrs. SICKLES been allowed either to go to a dinner party or ball except in his own company. The one exception was the fancy ball of Mrs. GWIN, when, on her mother's representation that her absence might give a color of reality to what then but wore the shape of fiction, he permitted her to attend that ball. Whatever interviews have taken place between Mr. KEY and Mrs. SICKLES since then, have been in his absence at Congress or out of town, at the house which Mr. KEY rented for the purpose. Had Mr. SICKLES [illegible] any severer restraint those who are now ready to accuse him of laxity of vigilance would be the first to brand him as a domestic tyrant deserving and provoking by his harshness the fate he met. The more the facts of this sad story are known, the more it gathers of interest. Last evening I took tea with an old Italian gentleman whom I met at SICKLES' prison, and who, though he has mingled little in the world, possesses a most refined and cultivated mind. He told me that for thirty years he had been the intimate friend of both Mr. and Mrs. SICKLES' family, and his story of those years was at the present moment so interesting, when so many fictions are floating about, that I thought I would give it to you in the simple touching words in which he told it.

Mrs. BAGIOLI, he told me, the mother of Mrs. SICKLES was born in the year 1819, at Croton Falls, Westchester County. Her maiden name was COOKE. At the age of fourteen she came with her family to New-York, and was shortly after adopted by the well-known Italian poet and author, LORENZO DA PONTE. She was a bright and somewhat beautiful girl, and very shortly after her adoption was married to ANTONIO BAGIOLI, a composer and professor of music, who was a visitor at DA PONTE's house. M. BAGIOLI is a native of Italy, but has resided in your City for thirty years, and by those who know him, is said to be much respected and esteemed. Mrs. BAGIOLI bore to her husband an only child, THERESE BAGIOLI, the unhappy wife of DANIEL E. SICKLES, upon whom was lavished her parents' undivided love. No expense was spared to afford her all those accomplishments which form the best accompaniment of beauty. She was educated at the best schools of New-York, and, finally, sent to the Manhattanville Convent of the Sacred Heart. DA PONTE's son, LORENZO DA PONTE, Jr., resided at this time with his father, and was professor of *belles lettres*, philosophy and literature in the University of New-York. With him, as with DUGALD STEWART, in Scotland, were placed several young men for education. Of this number were Mr. EAMES, of this City, Mr. BIGELOW, of the *Evening Post*, and Mr. SICKLES. The BAGIOLIS also resided in the same house, and continued to live there after the death of Prof. DA PONTE. Living in the same house in which his wife was born, Mr. SICKLES saw her grow up from infancy to womanhood. Their association gradually ripened into love. He pressed his suit upon her father, who at once made serious objections to the match, not from dislike to Mr. SICKLES, but from the belief that his daughter was too young for marriage, had seen nothing of the world, and was of a mind too unformed to read correctly her own heart. Parental opposition in this, as in so many other deplorable cases, only ended in a clandestine marriage, which was performed before Mayor KINGSLAND, the Mayor of the City of New-York. The consequences of this secret wedding soon made concealment impossible, and the marriage, after the full confession required by the Roman Catholic Church, was solemnized again, and received the seal of religious ratification from the hands of Dr. HUGHES, the Roman Catholic Archbishop, at his private residence. The fruit of that wedding was one fair child, with a face like her mother's, who, unconsciously, at this moment suffers, perhaps, the deepest injury from her mother's surrender to sin. It is, to-day, precisely twelve months since that father and mother, now so deeply stricken, were making with affectionate zeal gayest preparations for the christening of this child, for whom the President, Mr. BUCHANAN, and the charming Mrs. Senator SLIDELL, had voluntarily sought the sponsorship. It is a singular coincidence that this little girl, Mrs. SICKLES, and Mr. SICKLES himself, were all three only children, over whose miserable fate three living mothers now hang broken-hearted. Mr. SICKLES' conduct as a husband can be best described, and the charges against him best answered in the public words of the father of his unfortunate wife since this tragedy, "You have heaped," he writes, "on my child *affection, kindness, devotion, generosity*. You have been a good son, a true friend, and a devoted, kind, loving husband and father." Poor old man, as seated often of a Summer's evening beneath the veranda of a house that looks over the pleasant waters of the Hudson, he watched his sweet little grandchild sport upon the green, he could have little dreamed upon how sad a pair its doors were to close before his days should ripen to their end! Mr. SICKLES, Senior, has assigned it to his son's wife as a residence so long as she remains under the protection of her father, nor will anything be left unprovided for her which can constitute a comfortable home.

The letter of warning which Mr. KEY received on Thursday, and which he showed to Mrs. SICKLES at the ball at Willard's on that night—the last of their meeting—was written, it is thought, by a lady. It was full of "Dear BARTON," and other such endearing expressions, whereas the letter which conveyed to Mr. SICKLES the intimations and proofs of his dishonor, was either written, or feigned to be written, by some coarse, illiterate person. Strange, if *two different parties should have selected the* same night to send a missive of warning.

Mr. SICKLES still continues in the cell to which he was conveyed on the day of the disastrous explosion. It is on the *left of the hall as you enter the prison*, being generally used as a watch-room, and is close and stifling. But Mr. SICKLES has constructed a wheel on the window for ventilation. There, or walking on the plot in front, he may be seen all day receiving his visitors and faithful friends.

Among the many friends from whom he has received letters of the warmest sympathy have been the President, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. J. WADSWORTH, Mr. Comptroller CHURCH, Mr. OAKEY HALL, Mr. R. J. DILLON, and Col. STEBBINS, and his list of personal visitors has included Mr. Vice-President BRECKINRIDGE and members of the Senate of every party, Mr. Speaker ORR and members of the lower House of every side, Mr. Secretary COBB, Mr. Attorney-General BLACK and most of the Cabinet. From a list of many clergymen who had called and written, I recall the names of the Revs. D. A. [illegible], C. J. WHITE, C. H. BUCKLER, and in especial, Dr. HALEY, who has been unremitting in his attention. On visiting Mr. SICKLES this morning I found a beautiful bouquet on his desk from a worthy clergyman of the District with the following Latin lines:

Quod sors feret, feremus aequo animo.
Rebus in angustis facile est contemnere vitam
Fortiter ille facit qui miser esse potest.

Mr. SICKLES does not look well, as has been represented. Mental suffering and confinement within a prison's walls have told severely upon him, paling his cheek and shaking his vigorous constitution. To-day Mrs. PENDLETON, of Ohio, sister of Mr. KEY, left for that State, accompanied by Mr. KEY's four orphan children, her own two children, and the two children of her widowed sister, the accomplished Mrs. BLUNT, who it may be remembered gave readings last Summer in New York, and more recently with great success in the Southern and Western States. The sympathy of the whole city goes with her.

But to turn from this sad theme. The houses of both the Ministers of England and France are advertised to let. The former was once the residence of Mr. HAMILTON FISH. The latter, which is on the heights of Georgetown, and commands a beautiful view of the vale of the Potomac, was long occupied by Mr. CRAMPTON, the late British Minister. Lord NAPIER expects Lord LYONS in a few days, and purposes leaving in a fortnight. He will be accompanied by Mr. ERSKINE, the present Secretary of Legation, whose place will be taken by Mr. IRVING, from Vienna. Mr. WARRE, a son of the member for Ripon, and a nephew by marriage of CHARLES KINGSLEY, who was here some two years since as unpaid *attaché*, and has since filled the same post at Vienna and at St. Petersburg, has been appointed paid *attaché* to this Legation in the room of Captain HORE. In society here he was extremely popular.

Though it is possible that, owing to the changes which the removal of PELISSIER from London, and the elevation of the present French minister at Lisbon, to the Senate, will necessarily make in the whole French diplomatic corps, all the appointments have not been sufficiently determined on by Count WALEWSKI to enable Count SARTIGES to receive a positive official notification of his removal, it is not less certain and positively known that his removal has been determined. It is now near ten months since he applied for leave of absence and a European mission, this climate not having agreed with his constitution, and his accomplished and fascinating wife having shared his anxiety for a change. He will probably be appointed, either to a high Germanic mission or to that made vacant at Lisbon. Count SARTIGES entered the diplomatic service in 1831 as *attaché* at Rome, thence was removed to Rio Janeiro, where he remained some years; from thence he was sent as Secretary, first to Constantinople and then to Athens, then appointed Minister at Teheran and from Persia finally promoted to the Legation in America. Viscomte DE SAUZA, his probable successor, is a fine soldierly gentleman and a [illegible]. He was for some time *chef de Cabinet* in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Paris, was thence sent as Secretary to Vienna and from Vienna promoted to his present post in the Grand Duchy of Baden.

Mr. STOECKEL, the Russian Minister, by the last letters, was about to leave St. Petersburgh, where he and Mrs. STOECKEL had been treated with the most marked kindness and consideration by the Emperor, for Paris, where he proposed passing a month, and thence after a fortnight in London, returning here at the close of April or early in May.

Though Washington looks empty, fashion cannot be said to have wholly fled. The Chevalier WIKOFF may still be found on the avenue and at Willard's discussing the topic of the hour with that mixture of philosophy and pathos which renders his conversation at once so luminously clear and so mystically profound.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Monday, March 14.

Mr. WILLARD introduced a bill to permit Supervisors to act as Commissioners of Deeds.

Mr. PROSSER introduced a concurrent resolution to amend the Constitution so as to allow a loan of $2,500,000 to complete the Canals of 1861.

Mr. SPINOLA introduced a bill to authorize the construction of a Railroad in Grand-street, Bushwick, Mecker, and Metropolitan avenues, Brooklyn.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate is in session this evening.

Mr. ELY introduced a bill to authorize an official report, in full, of all the Legislative proceedings in the State paper, the remuneration being about $100 per day for the copies furnished Senators, Assemblymen and State officers.

Mr. ELY also introduced a bill to amend Chapter 130 of the laws of 1854, by providing that no publication in any newspaper respecting any persons holding office shall be deemed a libel, and providing that any assault upon the person of an editor who has made such publication shall be illegal or punishable, unless resulting in the death or maiming of the person assaulted.

Several private bills were then considered in Committee of the Whole.

ASSEMBLY....ALBANY, Monday, March 14.

The attendance was very light, a bare quorum being present.

The bill to repeal the act removing the Allegany County site was reported for the consideration of the House.

Mr. BROCKWAY, from the Special Committee on Amendments to the Constitution, reported favorably on the resolutions amending the Constitution by abolishing the property qualification.

The resolutions were laid over.

Mr. CONKLING introduced a bill to define the liability of Life Insurance companies. It provides that when the questions on the application for a policy are truly answered no plea of want of interest shall be valid or prevent the collection of the policy by the holder.

Mr. CONKLING also introduced a bill to repeal the law of 1859, authorizing the State to bear its share of the expense toward the erection of a monument in Independence Square to commemorate the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Mr. COLEMAN introduced a bill to authorize any Banking Association to reduce its capital stock to an amount equal to the value of the property and effects of such association including all liabilities and debts above, but in no case be reduced below $100,000.

The Quarantine bills were made the special order for Wednesday evening.

Mr. RUTHERFORD moved for a report from the Attorney-General as to the right of the State to lands made below water mark, New-York.

Mr. [illegible] moved resolutions for the amendment of the Constitution by extending the right of suffrage to females.

Mr. MCLEOD moved for information from the first Division of State Militia respecting the amount of monies received and how disposed of.

The resolution to select two Regents of the University on next Friday was laid over.

Mr. TOMLINSON introduced a bill to empower the Mayor and Corporation of New-York to enact and enforce the rules with a view to suppress the evil of public prostitution in said City.

Mr. SLOCUM introduced a bill to empower the Adjutant, Commissary and Inspector Generals to go on and finish the New-York State Arsenal, and to authorize two Commissioners, to be agreed on by those officers and the builder of the Arsenal, to investigate the cause of the fall of the New-York Arsenal.

The death of Mr. BAKER, member from Cattaraugus, was announced by the Speaker, and, after appropriate speeches and the adoption of the usual resolutions, the House adjourned.

News from Kansas.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., Monday, March 14.

Governor MEDARY has issued a Proclamation for an election on the fourth Monday in March, in accordance with the act of the last Legislature, providing for the formation of a Constitution and State Government for Kansas. Three months *residence prior to the election* is a requisite to vote. Aliens having declared intentions to become citizens are qualified.

Navigation of the Hudson River.

ALBANY, Monday, March 14.

The propeller *Erastus Corning* reached here last night from New-York. She made the trip in 36 hours.

The propeller *Corning* left here for New-York at 5 o'clock this afternoon, with a load of cattle and rolling freight. The river is entirely free from ice, and all the steamers are preparing for business.

The steamer *Young America* leaves for Kingston to-morrow morning with a tow. On Thursday a tow will be sent from here; among the freight to go down will be 20,000 barrels of flour; 1,200 bushels of oats, and 7,000 bushels of rye.

A man, named TIMOTHY MURPHY, was instantly killed this afternoon, at PRUYN & LANSING's boiler-works, by having his head mashed to a jelly by about fifteen hundred pounds of iron falling upon it.

Arrival of the Overland Mail.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, March 14.

The California Overland Mail of the 18th ult. has arrived. One through and five way passengers came in the stage.

Several tribes of Indians are reported at the Apache Pass for the purpose of making treaties.

The Camanches had stolen 30 mules from a drove belonging to the Mail Company designed to supply their stations. A party of rangers had started in pursuit.

The Company were supplying their stations with ammunition and Sharpe's rifles.

The report that Governor PESQUEIRA, of Sonora, had been deposed is not confirmed.

Mail Destroyed by Indians.

ST. LOUIS, Sunday, March 13.

The loss of the Neosho and Albuquerque mail last November, is confirmed by the arrival here of JOHN HALL, its conductor, who makes an affidavit to the effect that, when about a day's march behind Lieutenant BEALE's party, he was attacked by forty Camanches, badly wounded, and taken prisoner, and the mail destroyed. Mr. HALL escaped from the Indians in February, and, after enduring severe hardships, succeeded in reaching the settlements.

Murders.

MURDER OF COL. JOSEPH BOND.

MACON, Ga., Monday, March 14.

A letter has just been received from Albany announcing the murder of Col. JOSEPH BOND, of this city. He was killed on Saturday, near Albany, by LUCIUS BROWN. The difficulty, it is believed, originated in BROWN whipping one of BOND's negroes. Mr. BOND was among the largest cotton planters of the South, and very popular and public spirited.

MURDER OF A DIVORCED WIFE.

HARTFORD, Monday, March 14.

CHRISTOPHER COLSON, for many years a fish dealer in this city, was divorced from his wife in January last. Sunday noon he met her at his brother's house, when he drew a large knife and cut her throat, killing her instantly. He was arrested shortly afterwards and committed to jail.

After committing the deed he partook of a large dose of opium, which, combined with a sudden stoppage of liquor, caused his death this afternoon.

Bangor Municipal Election.

BANGOR, Me., Monday, March 14.

Our city election came off to-day. ISAIAH STETSON, Republican, for Mayor, received 1,067 votes, and WM. A. BLAKE, Democrat, 753. Of the Aldermen elected five are Republican and two Democrats, and of the Councilmen fifteen are Republicans and six Democrats.

Mr. Cobden's Arrival in Canada.

TORONTO, C. W. Monday, March 14.

Mr. RICHARD COBDEN arrived here to-day, and paid a visit to Parliament in session this afternoon.

Non-Arrival of the City of Washington.

SANDY HOOK, Monday, March 14—11 P. M.

There are as yet no signs of the steamship *City of Washington*, now about due off this point with Liverpool dates to the 2d inst. Wind southeast. Weather cloudy.

The Weather, &c., at St. Johns.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, March 14.

The weather is clear and pleasant.

The steamship *Prince Albert*, from New-York, has not yet reached this port.

TAMMANY HALL ON THE CUBAN QUESTION.

The Annexation Doctrine Indorsed.

Speeches of Senator Brown, of Mississippi, Hon. John Cochrane and Capt. Rynders.

The New-York Democracy assembled, last night, in Tammany Hall, for the purpose of expressing their views as to the policy of extending "the Area of Freedom," *apropos* of the movement regarding the acquisition of Cuba. The meeting was a large one, and would have been larger, but for the rain which sent away numbers who, waiting the opening of the door, had gathered round a bonfire that spluttered for a while in front of the Hall.

Mr. WM. D. KENNEDY called the meeting to order, and Ex-Mayor MICKLE was called to the chair. EDWARD MCCONNELL submitted a long list of vice-presidents and secretaries, which included the following names: Daniel F. Tiemann, John Van Buren, Auburn Birdsall, Augustus Schell, Isaac Townsend, Isaac Bell, Jr., August Belmont, S. J. Tilden, Benjamin M. Whitlock, Edmund Haight, Jay Jarvis, Smith Ely, Jr., Thomas McSpedon, Philip W. Engs, Hiram Cranston, Edward Cooper, Michael Tuomey, Stephen P. Russell, John T. Henry, E. C. West, John R. Briggs, Thomas W. Adams, A. D. Russell, M. T. Brennan, John H. McCunn, C. Godfrey Gunther, Wm. N. McIntyre, Douglas Taylor, John O'Grady, George N. Sanders, F. I. A. Boole, Jas. R. Steers, E. L. Purdy, Michael Halpin, S. J. Cornell and John H. Chambers.

Among the gentlemen present, in addition to those already mentioned as officers of the meeting, were Isaac V. Fowler, Senator Brown, of Mississippi; the Hon. John Cochrane, John Clancy, Colonel Delavan, Thomas Dunlap, Captain Rynders, L. F. Harrison, William Fagan and many other prominent supporters of the Administration.

Mr. FOWLER submitted the resolutions, and, in presenting himself for that purpose, was loudly cheered.

The whereases, of which there were not a few, declared that the policy involved in the acquisition of Cuba harmonizes with all the traditions of the Democracy in the past, is rendered advisable in the present, and is an ultimate necessity for the future.

The resolutions, which were equally numerous, may be summed up in this one, which was last:

Resolved, That the bond of mutual advantages and interests between the United States and Cuba makes it imperative upon the former to use all just exertions and make all reasonable sacrifices for the liberation of the latter; and that any attempt on the part of any European Power, other than Spain, to intermeddle in the settlement of the terms on which the island is to be liberated and annexed, should be regarded as an act of domineering international dictation to be resented and set aside in whatever manner and at whatever cost the circumstances should render necessary. *Democracy, like the ocean tide, will not back at the bidding of any King.* [Applause.]

The resolutions, as well as the list of secondary officers, were adopted unanimously.

Senator BROWN, of Mississippi, was the first speaker. His appearance drew forth loud and repeated plaudits. He commenced by declaring that Cuba must and shall be ours. [Loud applause.] The decree had gone forth, and there existed nowhere on earth any Power to revoke it. The question was, By what means should we make the acquisition? Three modes had been proposed. First, by purchase; that he regarded as the most honorable. Second, by conquest; that he regarded as the most certain. [Applause.] Third, through the agency of that mysterious man known in the political nomenclature as Fillibuster; that he regarded as the most probable. [Applause.] But whether by the one or by the other, or by all of these agencies combined, he would say again that "Cuba must and shall be ours."—[A Voice—"So she will!"]—and no power or Government exists on earth to prevent it. If Spain was disposed to sell the island, he, for one, stood prepared to pay for it. America stood prepared to pay Spain $100,000,000 for it, and if that were not enough she would pay her $200,000,000 for it. But if Spain should not be disposed to sell, then his next proposition was to propose negotiations with her for the settlement of present and past differences. [Applause.] He proposed to have indemnity for the past and security for the future. If, he repeated, she should be indisposed to sell the island, he would seize it for past wrongs as indemnity for the past, and then acquire it for future security. [Cheers.] If we could not bring the Government to that point, if the proverbial timidity of old age, if Mr. BUCHANAN and General CASS, the President and Secretary of State, could not be brought to that point, then he was for repealing the neutrality laws as derogatory to American interests, and acceptable to foreign tyrants only—[loud cheers]—laws never emanating from the heart of the American people, but forced on us by British and other foreign influences. He would repeal those laws, and cry to the fillibusters, "take it, and 'let slip the dogs of war.'" He had grown weary of having the young, proud, happy and glorious America kneeling to the Queen of Spain and begging for justice. It was the mission of our people not to beg justice, but to demand it, and to have it because it is their right. He would have no more dallying with Spain. [A Voice—"Nor any other country." Great laughter.] He would have no dallying with Spain nor with any other country. [Applause.] He knew these were bold enunciations, but they were not bolder than he felt. The people whom he represented were determined to stand by him. In wanting Cuba, we wanted, first, territorial extension. Let "*No pent up Utica contract our powers*," rather "Let the whole boundless continent be ours." The advantages arising from this policy of territorial expansion were well illustrated in the cases of Louisiana and Texas. But we wanted Cuba, not only for the purpose of territorial expansion, but of national defence, and in order to extend our agricultural resources, for we wanted more sugar and cheaper sugar. Then, again, we wanted Cuba because we wanted an extension of our commerce. But, besides, he wanted Cuba for the extension of Slavery. That was his individual wish. In that he spoke for himself and not for his party. He wished GREELEY to understand that. [Loud cheers.] He wished GARRISON to understand it. He wished all the dirty Abolition crew to understand it. But he would repeat that he wanted the island for the extension of Slavery; and in saying this he spoke for himself and those who agreed with him, and for no one else. [Cheers.] But we were told that if we took the island of Cuba we should offend England and France! The devil! Suppose they did. Suppose England and France should get on stilts and say, "We object." Brother Jonathan, he supposed, would say, "Object, and be d——d!" [Cheers and laughter.] When England, "the bloody old bruiser"—[cheers]—had gone slashing round the world, insulting everybody, and plundering everybody, did we ever object? (Here some one on the platform was so indiscreet as to object to the speaker, whereupon, the malcontent was pitched to the floor headlong. A serious [illegible] was threatened, and there was much confusion for a time, but the uproar was suppressed in its incipient stages. During the remainder of proceedings, no interruption was attempted and everything passed off pleasantly.)

Senator BROWN resumed, by asserting that there was not a continent, a country or a clime, over which England did not exercise some sort of a dominion, and he asked when did our country ever interpose any objection? Then what of France? By what right would she undertake to interfere? Had not she, like England, extended her commerce and her dominions everywhere, and when did we ever interfere to prevent her? When we gave justice we expected justice in return, and the justice which we meted out to others we must demand for ourselves. Were we less the friends of the world than England or France? Unquestionably not. But England and France would not interfere. He would vouch for it, they would do no such thing. England and France were no more anxious to fight us than we were to fight them. They could do us a vast deal of damage in case of war, but we could do them a confounded sight more. [Loud cheers.] He came from a State whose resources consisted of the 500,000 bags of cotton she exported yearly. But there they were not alarmed. They could lock up their bags as long as England could afford to starve her operatives. [Cheers.] Let them go to war with us about Cuba, or anything else, and he would proclaim that the chances were twenty to one that, before the war should be closed, we would see an American general hoisting the Stars and Stripes on the Tuileries and planting it upon the towers of St. James'. [Cheers.] But then we were told it would be an insult to Spanish pride to obtain Cuba. [Laughter and cheers.] In two centuries and a quarter Spain made a series of surrenders of a most important portion of her territory—one being to the United States, and another (which was the twenty-first) being the surrender of Mexico to the Mexicans themselves. We might as well tell him, then, that a woman who had been debauched twenty-one times could be offended by making proposals a twenty-second time, as that Spain could now be offended by the offer to acquire Cuba. Like most women of pleasure, Spain doubtless was apt to be a little coy at the start—[laughter]—but if the United States would now push their chances, *either by purchase or by conquest, or by the spirit of* filibusterism, two years may not elapse until Cuba is safely in the embrace of this Union. But it would take bold and determined action, it would take the assumption of all the responsibility, paying money and shedding blood if it became necessary, to succeed in this enterprise. If we were not prepared for that why, then, it was better not to make the attempt. [Applause.] The honorable Senator proceeded to declare his wishes for the acquisition of Cuba, because of its slaves, and because he believed Slavery to be of divine origin. He exhibited great anxiety in regard to the mode in which the reporters should dispose of his speech, and, addressing them directly, hoped that his remarks in regard to Slavery would be reported in the first person, so that nobody else should be committed by them. He went on to charge the Republicans with having dodged the Cuban question in the United States Senate, and described them as having played the lap-wing, and scuttled away from the issue when he moved, as a test question, to lay the thirty million appropriation bill on the table. In the desperation of the moment, they defeated a most important appropriation bill, that for the postal service, thus bringing the Government almost to bankruptcy. But, he observed, "The galled jade may wince; our withers are unwrung." [Applause.]

Mr. BROWN was followed by the Hon. JOHN COCHRANE, who was much applauded. He introduced his speech by giving a geographical description of Cuba. The waters of the Gulf, said he, [illegible] rolled their waves northward, took her away from her mother, and now she asks to be received by the people to whom she in reality belongs. She meets on the one side the turned backs and folded arms of the Republicans, and on the other the cheerful faces and open hands of the Democracy, for with them the cry is "Come," and it has become a party watchword. Columns of statistics declare that the wealth and prosperity of the country demand that Cuba should be ours. Mr. COCHRANE then proceeded to show that our commercial interests require that the island in question should be under the control of our Government. When the union shall be accomplished the rice, cotton and sugar markets will belong to the United States. Then the peace of Europe will be in the hands of America, and the latter will be the arbiter of the interests of the former. The true test of civilization, said Mr. COCHRANE, laughable as it may seem, is the consumption of sugar. To prove this point statistics were quoted. The year ending the 30th June, 1857, over $[illegible] of this article was imported into this country, and of this amount more than $[illegible] worth came from Cuba. Unless commerce pioneers the way, it will be impossible for the acquisition of Cuba to be even attempted, and figures demonstrated beyond question that our mercantile interests demand that we should possess the island. All this sugar, coffee and tobacco was paid for with hard coin. Is this mercantile equilibrium? Are not the butchers and the shoemakers to be allowed to send the product of their skill in return? Mr. COCHRANE then gave a glowing description of the impetus which would be given to every branch of industry when Cuba should become one of the United States. If we do not take it, said he, some fine morning you will awake and find it sailing into the Bay of New-York. [Laughter.] He would take it, if need be, by the strong arm of power, and this could be no violation of the law of nations, for England and the United States had already done many similar acts. Mr. COCHRANE was frequently interrupted by hearty applause.

The Chairman announced that Senator BENJAMIN had been detained in Washington by business, and that Hon. Mr. CAVANAGH was in town, but was kept away from the meeting by a severe sore throat.

Amid cries for "RYNDERS," that gentleman came forward and made a characteristic speech. He said he could not well break his oath of office, but only repeal the neutrality laws and he would be inclined to take a pretty strong squint at that rich plantation down off the coast of Florida. The difference, he said, between our taking territory and England's taking it is, that we make the people our own, while she subjugates them. Captain R. continued speaking for about half an hour, and when he had concluded the meeting adjourned.

DELIBERATE MURDER IN HARTFORD.—The Hartford *Courant*, March 14, says:

"Yesterday afternoon there occurred, at No. 84 South Hudson-street, the most horribly cool-blooded and atrocious murder that it was ever our painful duty to chronicle. It appears that CHRISTOPHER C. COLSON, whose wife some few months since procured a bill of divorce from him, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness and cruelty, has, since that time, followed her with continual menaces, and frequently publicly threatened to take her life and to kill her mother and sister. Saturday night last he slept at the house of his brother, JAMES H. COLSON, baker, No. 84 South Hudson-street. The house is occupied by four families, Mr. COLSON living on the first floor in the north half. CHRISTOPHER was sitting in one of the basement rooms, in conversation with a Mr. BARBER, when his former wife, who has since the divorce taken her maiden name of SARAH BURNS, came in from her mother's. COLSON advanced to his wife and endeavored to take her hand, but she repulsed him with the remark that 'her hand was now her own, and that she did not wish to have anything to do with him.' She then attempted to leave the room, when he followed her, caught her by the dress behind, and cut her throat from the right ear to a point just below the chin, making two horrible gashes, severing the carotid artery and partially severing the jugular vein. He manifested very little passion or feeling of any kind, but remarking that he 'hoped she was satisfied,' threw his bloody weapon—a large two-edged fish knife—under the table, and proceeded leisurely to the pantry, where he commenced devouring some pies that were stored there. The inmates of the house were, of course, thrown into the greatest consternation and excitement by the terrible event that had just transpired. Some attempt was made to arrest the murderer, but he was so much held in dread by those present, who feared that he might be still armed, that he was allowed, after he had eaten and drank what he wanted, to leave the house unmolested. From the hotel he walked in a leisurely manner up Ferry street till he came nearly opposite the old Bartlett Tavern, where he was arrested."

FIRE AT STATEN ISLAND.—A fire broke out at 7 o'clock last evening, in the residence of FREDERICK WESSELS, Clifton, S. I. The building was completely destroyed; the furniture was saved. The fire originated in one of the heaters.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—MONDAY, MARCH 15.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Over and Tuesday. *Part II.*—Nos. 233, 703, 733, 734, 735, 739, 745, 746, 749, 750, 751, 753, 755, 757, 764, 765, 770, 772. *Part III.*—Nos. 267, 690, 717, 723, 727, 729, 733, 735, 736, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 745½, 745¾, 747½, 748½, 750½.

SPECIAL TERM—Nos. 34, 67, 77, 116 to 120, 71, 91.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Nos. 227, 133, 541, 552, 553, 461, 1644½, 1645, 287, 300, 501, 503, 504, 507, 510, 520, 527, 526, 553 to 556, 585, 929, 534, 603, 425, (781, 912,) 893, 905. Recent cases, 478, 560, 503. *Extra Calendar.*—Nos. 536, 537, 536, 547, 548, 552, 554, 555, 556, 559, 563, 565.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Adjourned to Wednesday, March 16. *Part II.*—Nos. 747, 711, 593, 757, 624, 760, 769, 767, 591, 603, 144, 636, 716, 721, 753.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—MARCH 14.

Before Judge Hall.

SENTENCES.

Henry Bullod, the second mate of the *Wild Pigeon,* convicted of cruel and unusual punishment, was brought up this morning for sentence. Judge HALL said that, in consideration of the youth of the prisoner and the circumstances of the case, he had concluded to suspend sentence, and if the prisoner behaved himself it was probable that he would hear no more of the affair.

[illegible] F. Smith, a negro, indicted for an assault with a dangerous weapon, pleaded guilty. He has been sick in prison for a long time with the scurvy, and in consideration of his state of health and his long imprisonment already, notwithstanding that his assault was with a knife and under circumstances of aggravation, Judge HALL sentenced him to be imprisoned for one year and to pay a fine of 6 cents.

REFUSED TO DO DUTY ON SHIPBOARD.

John Brown and five others, part of the crew of the brig *Sophia,* were put on trial charged with an endeavor to make a revolt. The Captain and mate were examined and proved a decided and continued refusal, on the part of all the crew, to do duty on board the brig while she was lying at anchor in the harbor of Messina, in Sicily, when she was in danger by reason of her anchors dragging. The vessel did come in collision with another vessel before the captain could procure other men. The reason given by the men was the bad quality of the provisions. The cook testified that the captain ordered him to boil the beef without previously soaking it to get the salt out, so that it was not fit to eat, but he would have eaten it if he had been hungry. The captain testified that this order was given to punish the men for having wasted the food which was given them, and that the men had other food which was good. All the men except the prisoners did go to work finally. The jury found the prisoners not guilty.

For the prosecution, Mr. Dwight; for the defence, Mr. Ridgway and Mr. Hart.

The jury were then discharged till Monday, the 28th inst.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Clerke.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE.

Petition of Mrs. A. E. Judah.—In this case a writ of *habeas corpus* was granted, returnable this morning. It appeared that Mrs. Judah is a Roman Catholic, and Mr. Judah a Hebrew. Difficulties having arisen between them, their eldest daughter, Maria Louisa Judah, was sent by her father, some five years ago, to his mother, with whom she resided till about four weeks ago, when the grandmother died. Mrs. Judah then applied to her husband, who was living separate from her, for the custody of the child, which was refused.

Subsequent to the death of the grandmother, the daughter had gone voluntarily to reside with her uncle, Mr. Edward Judah, to whom the writ of *habeas corpus* was issued. The return to the writ set forth that the girl had left Mr. Edward Judah and gone to Canada, where some of her relatives resided.

Counsel for the mother of the child contended that Mr. Judah had rendered himself liable to punishment for contempt in persuading the daughter to leave with intent to avoid the effect of the writ, and that the child being under 14 years of age, the mother was entitled to her custody.

The Judge intimated that he did not think Mr. Judah could be punished under the writ now before him, but he took the papers for consideration.

ONE HABEAS DIVORCE CASE.

Cora L. V. Hatch vs. Benj. F. Hatch.—In this case the injunction restraining the defendant from interfering with his wife in any way was made perpetual. And an order was granted compelling the Doctor to pay $6 a week for his wife's support from the 1st of December last, and during the pendency of the suit.

Leonard Bradford vs. William Bartlett.—Motion to set aside judgment denied with $50 costs, without prejudice to the right of defendant to apply to the favor of the Court.

Before Justice Davies.

E. W. Wood vs. Robert Chase.—A verdict for plaintiff for $6,071 25 was rendered on Saturday. This is the action to foreclose a mortgage reported in the TIMES of March 11.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Woodruff.

Lamb vs. The Mayor, &c.—This is the action to recover for horses drowned in backing off a pier, on which was no suitable string-piece, and was reported in the TIMES of March 12. The Jury rendered a verdict for $157 81 for the plaintiff.

John Reading vs. Danforth N. Barney.—This suit is brought to recover the value of a draft bought by the plaintiff from the defendant, who is President of the Joint Stock Company of "Wells Fargo & Co." He alleges that 18th March, 1856, he bought a draft of $8,600 of the house in San Francisco, payable to his own order at Boston. That while returning from San Francisco he was robbed of his draft, and that upon arriving at Boston, in June, 1856, he demanded payment, which was refused.

The Company deny that he ever bought any draft. J. T. Williams, for plaintiff; W. Fullerton, for defendant.

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Hoffman.

Benjamin Lockwood vs. Aaron Swartz.—The plaintiff in this suit purchased of the defendant his business of a City letter express, for $5,000, and this purchase he now seeks to cancel.

He alleges that in November, 1856, Swartz told him that his business was a source of profit to him of $6,000 per year, and that in consequence of this information he, on the 29th of November, became a purchaser of the business carried on by Swartz, at No. 7 Chatham Square, for $5,000. That in March, 1857, he became fully satisfied that the business would not and never had yielded more than one quarter of the sum stated by Swartz, ($6,000 per year,) and that he therefore believes Swartz to be guilty of fraud towards him.

Mr. Swartz sets up that so far from being false were his statements, that they were actually true, and that if the business has fallen off under the administration of this plaintiff, he (Swartz) is not to blame for it. And further, he says that he was not desirous of selling out his business, and only did so upon repeated importunities. Still on.

Brownlee & Boves, for plaintiff; S. C. Leveridge, for defendant.

DECISIONS.

Before Justice Emmett.

Darius Geer vs. Louis Pignolet.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Timothy Cornwell vs. Charles A. Stetson.—Impleaded, &c. The default is opened, and defendant Stetson permitted to put in an answer within ten days, and to take short notice of trial, if necessary, upon payment of $10 costs. The execution will be discharged, and the judgment stands as security, without prejudice to the defendant to move to set it aside upon other papers.

Robert H. Corbet vs. Charles H. Ward et al.—Judgment settled.

Wheeler vs. Buckman.—Upon payment of the sum of $60, an order may be entered vacating and discharging the order appointing the Receiver in this action.

Trial of James Stephens for the Murder of his Wife by Poison.

SEVENTH DAY.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

At the opening of Court yesterday morning, Mr. [illegible] W. Brush, one of the Jurors, produced a certificate from his medical attendant, Dr. Cheeseman, which states that he was unable, without danger, to perform the duties of a juror any further. He therefore wished to be excused. On Saturday, after leaving the Court, he was prostrated with vertigo. In August last he was attacked by paralysis, and the physician said that protracted attendance in the crowded Court-room would renew that attack.

The Judge replied that the Court of Appeals had decided that no capital case, even with the prisoner's consent, could be tried with eleven jurors, and that the effect of the juror's withdrawal would be to break up the trial, and throw away all that they had been doing the last week. He would consent to take a recess whenever Mr. Brush should desire, and would do all in the power of the Court to afford him every indulgence.

District-Attorney Waterbury told the Juror he would have a carriage in attendance to bring him from his house each morning, and convey him back every evening. Mr. Brush then consented to renew his duties as a Juror.

E. Ann Fee examined by the District-Attorney—I reside at No. 165 Twentieth-street, between Second and Third avenues; my husband is an engineer; I know the prisoner James Stephens; I was acquainted with Mrs. Stephens over seven years; I saw her before she was taken sick, and on the day she died; on the day I saw her before she was taken sick, she sat about six feet from the window; I did not observe anything in particular, except a black eye; I never heard her say she was perfectly well; she was always grumbling; she told me she was bad; she had a pain in her chest; she was then in my room; she said she had to go home to get her husband's dinner; she said Dr. Osborne had been to see her, but she was at market.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—It was some months before her sickness that she had a black eye; I did not notice a black eye during her sickness; I knew how she got her black eye; I asked her how she came by it; she told me she was painting a chest in her bed-room; she left the cover of it open; she got up to give her little girl a drink; she knocked her eye against it; she was sick a year or two before that time; I do not know what ailed her; she told me that Dr. Osborne told her, if she took that sickness again she would never get over it; I have lived in the next house to her, and Mrs. Stephens; they lived happy and united.

Direct Resumed—It was some time before Mrs. Stephens told me that she must go home to get her husband's dinner that I saw her black eye; she was a kind of person who would not have a Doctor if she could help herself; she would not put her husband to the expense of one.

Catherine Meehan examined by District Attorney—I reside at No. 166 East Twenty-seventh-street; I saw Mrs. Stephens, I think, two days before her death; she was lying on the bed in her own house; she sent for me to know of anything that was good for her for the vomiting; she said to me then, she was very low; I told her I hoped she would very soon recover; she told me then, "I am afraid I won't recover, for my throwing up is not natural;" she wished me to look in the basin; the contents looked yellow and blackish.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—I always knew Stephens and his wife to live happy and comfortable; after the death of Mrs. Stephens, I cannot say who did the errands; I have seen Mr. Stephens' little girl going out sometimes for errands, and once or twice on rainy days.

Direct resumed—I only know how Mr. and Mrs. Stephens lived together from report; on those rainy days I do not know if the child was going to school or not.

Maria Foley, examined by District Attorney—I reside at No. 170 East Twenty-fifth-street; I saw Mrs. Stephens during her last illness; I saw Mrs. Stephens' little girl; she was sick and vomiting; it was in the afternoon; Mrs. Stephens was in bed; it was about a week before her death; I cannot remember exactly.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—I always thought Stephens and his wife lived very agreeable and very well.

John O'Brien examined by the District Attorney—I reside at Bellevue Hospital; I am keeper of the dead-house; I was there when the body of Sophia Stephens was brought there; Dr. Wood, Coroner Connery and my assistant were there; the body was left in the City dead-room; it was brought in a coffin with a square box over it; it was brought in a wagon; the coffin was opened, and the two Miss Bell's were there to identify it; Coroner Connery swore them; it was left there all night; the windows were fastened and the door locked; the man who brings dead bodies came there; I went in with him; some doctors came and wanted to see the body; I had orders from Coroner Connery and Dr. Wood to allow no one to see the body, and I would not allow them to see the body; the body was moved up stairs the next day before the *post-mortem* examination; it was taken to the pathological room; Dr. Wood and Coroner Connery, and I think Dr. Doremus, were there in charge; Dr. Doremus took some part of the body away in glass jars; the rest of the body was left there; I and my assistant kept the keys of the room; if any one went into the room I always went along with them; I never let any one touch the body at all.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—I was in this Court room on Saturday; I had some conversation with Dr. Wood; he asked me if I let anybody go in to see the body; I told him Yes; he was annoyed with me for doing so; the body remained in that room; I cannot tell how many persons went in and saw it; I saw Mr. Shaffer there; I think I saw you there; I do not recollect of anybody coming there and cutting off pieces of the flesh; the Coroner's Jury went up and saw it; I do not recollect of any ladies coming there besides the Miss Bell's; I do not know if Mr. Cardwell was there; I saw Robert Bell in the room.

Direct resumed—I do not know how often Mr. Shaffer was there; I do not recollect whether he was in the Dead-house more than once; Dr. Doremus, Dr. Wood, or persons in their company were the only parties that touched the body; Robert Bell never interfered with the body in any manner.

John Sweeney, examined by the District-Attorney—I am helper to John O'Brien in the Dead-house at Bellevue Hospital; I helped to carry it up stairs; I had the key of the room in which it was placed when John O'Brien wasn't there; he was generally there; I did not allow any person to go in at all.

Cross-examination unimportant.

Adam Zenker, examined by Mr. Sedgwick—I reside at No. 423 Houston-street; I am a doctor of medicine; I graduated in the New-York Medical College; I received my chemical education in Giessen, under Professors Liebig and Wöhler, in 1846; I have continued the study of chemistry to this time; for eight years I have turned my attention particularly to poisons; I have lectured to students and given practical instructions in the laboratory; have poisoned animals with arsenic; I have coroners' cases to examine; sometimes the coroners send us cases of poisoned stomach; I went with Dr. Doremus to Bellevue Hospital in this case on September 24; I took some new glass jars; we cleaned them, dried them, and covered them with new oil silk; I saw Doctor Wood make the *post mortem* examination; Dr. Wood removed the shroud from the body. The witness proceeded to detail the particulars of the *post mortem.* This testimony was little more than a recapitulation of Dr. Wood's testimony. We discovered arsenic from the analysis of the viscera that was taken away in the jars; we brought out metallic arsenic and arsenious acid.

Berne L. Budd examined by Mr. Sedgwick—I live at No. 143 13th-street; I have been a doctor of medicine since 1848; I have pursued the study of toxicological chemistry for 17 years; I studied with Professors Doremus, Torrey and Draper; I am connected with the New-York Medical College as assistant lecturer on chemistry; I took part in the chemical examination of the body of Mrs. Stephens; I made an examination of the intestines, removing from the small intestines a yellowish, pasty mass, and from the large intestines a similar substance, but of a darker color, the aggregate being about a teaspoon full. (The testimony of this witness was nearly cumulative. He described the process of analyzing the remains and preparing the acids in much the same manner, but not at so great a length, as Dr. Doremus testified on Friday.) Arsenic was found in the body of the deceased.

Robert Bell, examined by Mr. Schaffer—I am from twenty-six to twenty-seven years of age; I was born in County Cavan, Ireland; I am the brother of Sophia and Fanny Bell; Mrs. Stephens was my father's sister; I remember perfectly well their marriage; they were married in Belturbet, County Cavan; I think my father was present at the marriage; I think they came to this country three years afterwards; I came to this country in July last; I have never seen the prisoner write; I have received letters from him while I was in Ireland; I corresponded with him; I was then in Dublin; I sent him several letters; I considered writing to him writing to my sister; I received answers from the prisoner; I am perfectly confident that I am acquainted with his hand-writing, but I hesitate to swear to the hand-writing of any man, or to prove it; I have lost the letters I received from him; I left them with my mother; what has been done with them since I do not know; I was present at the *post mortem* examination of Mrs. Stephens' body at Bellevue Hospital; I recollect seeing Dr. Wood, Dr. Doremus, yourself, Mr. Cushing, and my two sisters there; my sisters were there but a few minutes; when I first saw the body the lid had only been removed a few minutes; I firmly believed, from recognition, the body to have been that of my aunt's; I was in the dead-house two or three times that day, and never afterwards; I made several applications for entrance after that, and was denied; at any time I was there I never put anything on the body, or otherwise interfered with it; neither did any body else to my knowledge.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing.—Mr. Stephens was married in Belturbet; he was not married in the church at Cavan; I was not at the ceremony, but was around the place; I arrived in this country in July last; I stopped the first night at the prisoner's house; I am not a druggist; I have written letters to Stephens from Ireland and from Orange County, in this State; I left Dublin between three and four years ago; I was a grocer at Belturbet; I commenced as a grocer, and afterwards sold spirits; I was only a short time in business for myself; when I left home my father accompanied me for twenty-two miles, and knew I was coming here; (letter shown witness, dated 27th May, 1858;) this is in my father's handwriting; the day I sailed from Liverpool was the 18th May, and arrived here the 2d July; my relations with my father were always pleasant with one exception; the first persons I saw on arriving here were my sister and the prisoner; I was on board the vessel and they came on board to see me; they went away together in the boat; I left shipboard the next morning, and I went to his house with him; Mr. Knox stayed at the prisoner's house that night; he laid on the carpet, and I, being a stranger, sat in the rocking-chair; we drank all sorts; Wm. Knox and myself did not have a drunken spree that night; persons came into the room, and left; Mrs. Hannah and her daughter, Mr. MacCormack and another young man, who is married to the prisoner's niece, stayed there that night; I believe his name was Bennett; I took my breakfast next morning with the prisoner and that young man; Stephens did not tell me to go to bed that night; I am not aware that I have been indicted for any crime since I have been in this country; I gave myself up to an officer; he was about two blocks from Fourth-avenue, in Third-avenue; I never was arrested; I gave myself up to an officer; I was in a Station-house; I asked the officer to come there with me; the officer had a star under his coat; I have been before Judge Welsh; I think my cousin, Mr. Storey, telegraphed to Mr. Cardwell to come from the country; the charge was attempting to shoot the prisoner; Mr. Cardwell gave bail for me; it was in September; it was I who brought the charge against Stephens for killing my aunt; I have never been arraigned in any Court for that offence; I consider myself held under recognizance to answer when called upon; I have been before a Grand Jury.

Direct resumed—I brought a charge against Mr. Stephens for murdering my aunt, and attempting to ruin my sisters; I gave the charge verbally to the Police magistrate before whom I was first brought; it was fifteen minutes after I attempted to shoot Stephens.

Lucinda Stephens examined by District-Attorney—I live at No. 166 East Twenty-seventh-street; I knew Sophia Stephens; I saw her during her last sickness; I went to see her with Mrs. Foley; I saw Mrs. Stephens's little daughter; she was sick that time; she "threw off," (vomited,) her mother was sick in bed; I did not see Fanny Bell; it was in the afternoon; I cannot remember the time.

John Fee examined by the District-Attorney—Resides at No. 140 East Twenty-sixth-street; I had a conversation with Stephens about his wife's health, four or five days before she died, and he thought she was getting better.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—I have known Stephens seven or eight years; he worked at Mr. Stephenson's carriage factory for seven years; his wife and himself lived, as far as I could see, as man and wife should do; I never saw Mrs. Stephens with a black eye.

The Court here adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning. The evidence for the prosecution will be finished to-day. The trial will certainly last during the whole of the present week.

The Austrian Bank Forgery Case.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russell.

The Chinaman Appo, who murdered Mary Fletcher, in Oliver-street, on the 9th instant, was yesterday arraigned, and pleaded not guilty. His trial was ordered by the Court for Monday next.

Wm. Wallace pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

James Tighe pleaded guilty to assault and battery, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

The District Attorney abandoned the cases against Henry Fredenberg, charged with receiving stolen goods, and Henry McGovern, indicted for an attempt at burglary. They were each discharged.

The Austrian Bank forgery case was then taken up. Henry Rohner, though indicted with other parties, was alone placed on trial. Ex-Judge Whiting and Mr. Lawson conducted the prosecution. Messrs. H. L. Clinton and Ex-Judge Stuart appeared for the defence. It will be remembered that on Nov. 11, 1858, the defendant was detected in the act of forging notes on the Bank of Vienna—each for one hundred guilders—twenty-two of which had been worked off from a plate caused to be engraved by the prisoner. The first witness examined was Police Officer Joseph Keefe, who testified that, in his capacity as a detective officer, he received information that there was a suspicious trunk at the house of Dr. Knox, No. 30 Orchard-street. This trunk was delivered to him by Mrs. Knox, and he took it to the head-quarters of the Police, at the corner of Elm and Broome streets, where it was opened in the presence of Rohner and Captain Carpenter, the Deputy-Superintendent. When the trunk was opened, the prisoner claimed the money contained therein, among which were twenty-two of the fraudulent bills of the Bank of Vienna. Deputy Superintendent Carpenter gave similar testimony. Dr. Knox deposed that Rohner had resided with him for about four weeks before the forgery was discovered, and that he had told him (witness) that the trunk belonged to him, and only contained clothing.

Ferdinand Degen, Superintendent of the Department for the manufacture of the genuine bills for the Bank of Vienna, deposed, through an interpreter, that he resided at the Prescott House, having been sent over to this country by the Directors of the Austrian National Bank, and that he landed two months ago. He had been connected with the Austrian Bank in Vienna 36 years. He pronounced all the bills shown him, that were in the possession of the prisoner, to be counterfeits, but acknowledged them to be good imitations.

The trial will probably occupy the greater part of the week.

COMMON PLEAS.—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Daly.

Andrew Fash vs. The Third-avenue Railroad Company.—This action is brought to recover $5,000 damages for a lame shoulder. It seems that upon the track in Third-avenue, and opposite Forty-eighth-street, there occurs a trap in the shape of a hole and a spike. The hole was left by the constructors of the road, and the spike employed to hold the rail in its place is uncovered. On March 9, 1854, plaintiff was driving along this road, and being unaware of the existence of this flaw, drove directly over it in such a manner that the wheel caught, suddenly stopping the team and throwing the driver out of the wagon, breaking his left shoulder.

From this injury he was laid up for three months, and he has now a lameness in his left arm, which he thinks will always continue.

A motion for a non-suit was made to-day, upon the ground that the road had been constructed by and under the superintendence of the Street Commissioner, and that the Corporation was alone responsible for any imperfection in the road. This motion was, however, denied. The case is still on.

W. G. Carpenter, for plaintiff; E. C. Potter, for defendant.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 14, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been 7 bbls. Ashes, 4,683 bbls. Flour, 27,669 bushels Barley, 978 bushels Malt, 853 pkgs. Provisions, 300 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are selling regularly, at $5 75 for Pots and $5 87½ for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

COCOA—Sales, 300 bags St. Domingo, in bond, on private terms.

COFFEE—Is quiet, yet very firm. Sales to-day: 200 bags Rio, at 12¼c.; small lots of Laguayra, at 12c.@12¼c.; 100 bags Gonaives, at 10½c.; and 175 bags St. Domingo, at 9¾c.@10c. ₩ lb.

COTTON—Has been less freely dealt in to-day, sales having been confined to 1,500 bales, including Middling Uplands at 12⅜c.; do. Orleans, at 12½c.; and other grades at proportionate rates, ₩ lb. Saturday's sales amounted to 3,000 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market exhibits considerable activity and buoyancy, to-day, for State and Western Flour; sales 11,150 bbls.

Unsound State, ₩ bbl.	4 25@ 5 25
Superfine State	5 50@ 5 80
Extra State	5 80@ 6 00
Superfine Western	5 60@ 5 90
Fancy Ohio	6 00@ 6 10
Extra Indiana and Michigan	6 60@ 7 50
Extra Ohio	6 65@ 7 60
Fancy Genesee	6 80@ 6 90
Extra Genesee	7 00@ 8 90
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	7 20@ 9 75

Southern Flour is in fair demand at full prices. Sales 2,850 bbls., in lots, at $6 25@$6 75 for mixed and straight brands, and $6@$8 75 for low fancy to choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is scarce and wanted, at $6 70@$7 50 for low to choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues quiet at $3 65@$4 25 for fine and superfine, ₩ bbl. Corn Meal is in request and is very firm at $3 70@$3 80 for Jersey; $4 35@$4 40 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl., and $19 75@$20 for the latter, in puncheons.

GRAIN—Wheat is in good demand, at strengthening prices; sales 28,000 bushels, including red Western, (Winter,) at $1 48@$1 50; prime Milwaukee Club, at $1 35; unsound Chicago Spring, at $1 10; choice White Ohio, $1 70; and fair to choice Red Southern, at $1 50@$1 55 ₩ bushel. Corn is in very moderate supply, and is wanted by buyers at rising rates; sales 30,000 bushels, at 87c.@92c. for new White and Yellow Jersey and Southern; and 90c.@92c. for old mixed Western, ₩ bushel. Rye, Barley and Oats are unchanged. A lot of California Barley brought 95c. ₩ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Sales in Boston 350 bales Bags, 7½c., in bond, and 10c. free, each; also, 100 bales Bagging, to arrive, on private terms.

HEMP—Is quiet at old rates here. Sales in Boston 400 bales Jute, at $97 50@$00 ₩ ton; and 450 bales Sunn, at 4¼c.@4½c. ₩ lb., all 6 months' credit.

HAY—Sales 600 bales North River, at 65c.@80c. ₩ 100 lbs.

HONEY—A lot of Cuba changed hands at private bargain.

IRON—Sales 50 tons Scotch Pig Iron, at $30 ₩ ton.

MOLASSES—Sales to-day, 500 bbls. New-Orleans, at 39c.@40c.; 12 hhds. Cuba Muscovado, at 30c.; and 25 hhds. Clayed Cuba, at 23c. ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine has been in good request, chiefly to arrive, at $3 87½ ₩ 280 lbs. The sales of Spirits do. comprise 800 bbls., in lots, at 52c.@53c., in merchantable and shipping order, ₩ gallon. Tar is unaltered. Resin in active demand, at uniform rates, including common, to arrive, chiefly at $1 72½@$1 73¾ ₩ 310 lbs. 3,000 lbs. were reported sold to-day at these quotations.

OILS—Linseed is attracting rather more attention, at 66c.@68c. ₩ gallon. Other kinds are inactive.

PROVISIONS—Pork is quiet and languid. Sales 600 bbls., in lots, at $18 30½@$18 45 for new Mess; $17 75 for old Mess; and $13 25@$13 30 for Prime ₩ bbl. Cut Meats continue in slack request, including Hams, at 8½c.@9½c., and Shoulders at 6½c.@7c. ₩ lb. Bacon is quiet, at from 8½c.@10½c. ₩ lb. Lard is brisker and firmer; sales 1,100 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at chiefly 11¾c.@12½c. ₩ lb. Beef is in fair demand at buoyant prices; sales to-day, 435 bbls., in lots, at $9 37½@$11 25 for repacked Western Mess; $12 50@$13 for extra do.; $6 50@$9 62½ for Country Mess; $6 75@$7 50 for do. Prime, ₩ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, $17@$20 ₩ tc. Beef Hams, $14 50@$17 75 ₩ bbl. Butter is in slack demand at 11c.@18c. for Ohio; 16c.@24c. for common to good State, and 25c.@27c. for prime to choice State, ₩ lb. Cheese is selling at 8c.@10½c. ₩ lb.

SALTPETRE—Sales in Boston, 650 bags, at 8c. ₩ lb., six months' credit.

SUGARS—The demand is moderate; prices are unaltered. Sales, to-day, 185 hhds. New-Orleans, at 7c.@7¾c., 200 hhds. Cuba, at 5¾c.@6½c., in bond, and 6⅜c.@7c., free; also, some Porto Rico, at 6¾c.@7½c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 10,000 lbs., at 10½c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 500 bbls., in lots, at 28c.@28½c., chiefly at 28c., ₩ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements comprised 1,500 bbls. Resin at 1s. 6d.; 100 tcs. Beef at 2s. 6d.; 100 boxes Bacon at 15s., and 126 tcs. Rice at 12s. 6d.@15s. For London, 150 bbls. Resin, at 2s. 3d.; 100 tcs. Beef at 4s. 6d.; and 1,000 Butt Staves at £12. For Antwerp, 1,100 bags Coffee at ¼c. ₩ lb. For Bremen, 100 bales Cotton, 50 hhds. Tobacco and 200 bbls. Shoe Pegs on private terms.

AMUSEMENTS.

WM. MASON AND THEO. THOMAS' FOURTH CLASSICAL MATINEE, SEASON OF 1858-59, AT DODWORTH'S HALL, ON TUESDAY, March 15, at 2 o'clock P. M., With the assistance of MRS. J. M. MOZART (Her first appearance in New-York) and MR. J. S. JAMESON.

PROGRAMME.

1. Sonata in C minor. Opus 30, No. 2........Beethoven
For Piano-Forte and Violin.
1. Allegro con brio. 3. Scherzo.
2. Adagio cantabile. 4. Finale. Allegro.
Messrs. WILLIAM MASON and J. MOSENTHAL.
2. "Ah! mon fils." Le Prophete..........Meyerbeer
Mrs. J. M. MOZART.
3. Variations Concertantes. Opus 17.........Mendelssohn
For Violoncello and Piano-Forte.
Messrs. C. BERGMANN and WILLIAM MASON.
4. Andante for two Piano-Fortes. Opus 6.....Reinecke
Messrs. J. S. JAMESON and WILLIAM MASON.
5. Elegy of Tears...........Schubert
Mrs. J. M. MOZART.
6. Quartet in E flat major. Opus 47.........Schumann
For Piano, Violin, Viola and Violoncello.
1. Sostenuto assai. Allegro ma non troppo. 2. Scherzo.
3. Andante cantabile. 4. Finale vivace.
Messrs. MASON, MOSENTHAL, MATZKA and BERGMANN.

The Grand Piano-Fortes are furnished by Messrs. Steinway & Sons, No. 84 Walker-st.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

For sale at the music stores and at the door.

Subscriptions for the series of six Matinees received at the door, and at the music stores of C. Breusing, Scharfenberg & Luis, and Schuberth & Co.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS, Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway. OPEN EVERY EVENING. THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY. SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY, In Old Virginny style. After which, the elegant and truthful TABLEAUX OF SOUTHERN LIFE. To conclude with the great original and highly successful pantomime, entitled THE MYSTIC SPELL. With new tricks, properties, changes, &c. Doors open at 6¾; to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years, 12 cents.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, Madame Celeste's unequaled drama of THE HARVEST HOME. Bresset, Poplov, Mr. C. Hale; Amy, Mrs. J. J. Prior; Pecks, Mr. W. O'Neil. AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, THE DUMB MAN OF MANCHESTER. Tom, the Dumb Man, by Mr. B. E. Taylor. The famous Aquaria, the enormous Living Serpents, the original Happy Family, &c. Admittance to all, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents. Parquette seats, 13 cents extra.

THE GREAT DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING, No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Now visited by crowds of citizens and strangers.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO visit the chief attraction of the City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. TUESDAY, March 15, 1859. EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK. Messrs. NIXON & CO. Ever on the alert to secure the greatest attractions, and keep pace with the times, no matter at what cost, beg to announce that at AN ENORMOUS EXPENSE, they have engaged, for a limited number of nights, THOSE WORLD-RENOWNED AND TRAVELED NATURAL CURIOSITIES, VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS, and the celebrated and most sagacious elephant TIPPOO SAIB. The largest of its species ever imported into this country. THREE GREAT ATTRACTIONS Will appear in conjunction with NIXON & CO.'S GREAT EQUESTRIAN TROUPE. RE-ENGAGEMENT OF Dr. J. L. THAYER. THE HORSE BUCROW. THE BRIGANDS. MELVILLE, NEVILLE, SIEGRIST, LENTON. Evening Performance—Doors open at 6½; commence at 7½ o'clock. Afternoon Performance—Doors open at 1; commence at 2. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. Family Circle, (entrance in Crosby-st.,) 25 cents. Notice.—Four grand Juvenile Afternoon Performances this week, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY. Commencing each day at 2 o'clock. VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS. THE ELEPHANT TIPPOO SAIB. CINDERELLA. THE EQUESTRIAN TROUPE.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE. LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE. LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE. LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE. LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE. OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NIGHTS. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NIGHTS. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NIGHTS. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NIGHTS. 220,000 PEOPLE. 220,000 PEOPLE. 220,000 PEOPLE. To conclude with the side-splitting farce of MR. AND MRS. PETER WHITE. Supported by the strength of the Company. Dress-circle seats may be secured one week in advance without extra charge—50 cents each. Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½ precisely.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, F. WIDDOWS et C. SAGE..........Directeurs. 48ME REPRESENTATION. MARDI, 15 Mars, 1859. 2eme Representation de Mlle. EUGENIE SEN, dans LES PREMIERES ARMES DE RICHELIEU. Mlle. Sen remplira le role de..........Richelieu. Mlle. L. Chevalier celui de role..........Diane de Rosilles. Les autres roles par Mlles. J. Montheaux, Pauline Dupont, Madame Daire, MM. Tallot, Edgard, Thiery, Henry, Leon, Charles, Jules, &c. REPRISE DE LES ENRAGES. Tableau Villageois en un acte par M. Brazier. DISTRIBUTION. Mlle. Pauline Dupont, Jane Montheaux, MM. Edgard, Thiery. Pour plus de details voir les Programmes. Les bureaux seront ouverts a 6¾; on commencera a 7¾.

WALLACK'S THEATRE. 50TH, 51ST, 52D, 53D, 54TH NIGHTS OF THE VETERAN. This unique and extraordinary production still commands as large audiences and as enthusiastic applause as during the first week of its representation. SPARKLING COMEDY, GRAND SPECTACLE, SPLENDID SCENERY and GREAT ACTING, Being combined in a manner totally unprecedented on the American stage. It will therefore be repeated EVERY EVENING. Mr. Wallack..........as..........The Old Colonel. Doors open at 7; commence at 7½ o'clock.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. Chatham-st., near Roosevelt. THIS EVENING, March 15, The entertainment will commence with HAMLET. Hamlet..........J. B. Roberts. Queen..........Miss C. Crampton. To conclude with the comedy of OUR IRISH COUSIN. Alice..........Mrs. W. G. Jones.

BROADWAY THEATRE. THIS EVENING, March 15, 1859, Will be presented Shakespeare's tragedy of ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA. Mark Antony..........Mr. E. Eddy. To conclude with the farce of FORTUNE'S FROLIC. Doors open at 6¾; curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE. Lessees..........Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard. THIS EVENING, March 15, The performances will commence with OUR ENGLISH COUSIN. After which THE THREE GUARDSMEN. MAZEPPA THE SECOND.

WM. MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' FOURTH CLASSICAL MATINEE Will begin on TUESDAY, March 15, at Dodworth's Hall at 2 o'clock P. M., with the assistance of Mrs. J. M. MOZART (her first appearance in New-York) and Mr. J. S. JAMESON. A Sonata by Beethoven, Concertante by Mendelssohn, Quartet by Schumann, will be played.

PERSONAL.

LUIGI DAMA, FROM NAPLES, LATE Professor of Singing in New-York, or any other person knowing his present whereabouts, is solicited by his sick and much afflicted wife to leave his address at the *Times* Office, under the initials L. D., Box No. 203.

MR. CHARLES KOPPEL WILL PLEASE call at No. 4 South William-st. for letters.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING CLASSES, No. 806 Broadway, New-York; No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn. Now open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time; will continue open until the end of May. Tuesdays and Fridays in Brooklyn; Wednesdays and Saturdays in New-York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CAUTION.—TO WATCH DEALERS AND JEWELERS.—New-York, March, 1859.—J. & M. T. LEVITT, London, England, and No. 19 Maiden-lane, New-York, chronometer and watch manufacturers, hereby inform the trade that certain of the plain watches and movements of their own make, bearing their names and that of Morris Tobias, No. 31 Minories, London, imported into this country previously to the establishment of their agency, No. 19 Maiden-lane, under the management of J. H. BRADBURY, have been jeweled in this City in aqua marine stones, contrary to the principles on which their fine movements and first-class watches have heretofore been constructed, such alterations being not alone injurious to the durability of the watches by reason of the softness of the aqua marines, but calculated to impair the faith of purchasers of these goods whose reliance has been uniformly placed on their quality. In order therefore that there may be no mistaking the genuine movements, purchasers will find on examination that all watches and movements finished at their manufactory in London, England, are jeweled in Rubies and Chrysolites only, and for future protection the certificate which accompanies each watch or movement will be countersigned by their sole agent. J. H. BRADBURY.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of an alias Fi. Fa., to me directed, issued from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, dated the 6th day of December, A. D. 1858, upon a judgment for $47,436, rendered June 4, 1857, in favor of Richard P. Morgan, plaintiff, and against the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad Company, defendants, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of said Company in and to the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad lying within the Northern District of Illinois, including the Oquawka branch of said Railroad, in the county of Henderson, and the railroad bridge of said defendant across the Illinois River at or opposite Peoria, and all the right, title and interest of the said Company in and to all side-tracks, dépôt-grounds, right of way, machine-shops, engine-houses and turn-tables, and all the other appurtenances thereunto belonging or used therewith, including the rolling stock of said road, consisting of passenger-cars and freight-cars, hand-cars and locomotive engines, which I shall expose to sale at the Court-house door, in the city of Peoria, at the hour of noon on the 28th day of March next. C. N. PINE, U. S. Marshal Northern Dist. Illinois. By V. W. BOYER, Deputy. ARRINGTON & BURGESS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.—THE FIRM OF THOMAS E. WALKER & SON, is this day dissolved in consequence of new arrangements made by THOMAS GEORGE WALKER. Either party will sign in settlement, and THOMAS E. WALKER will continue the business in his individual name. THOMAS E. WALKER, THOMAS GEORGE WALKER. NEW-YORK, 3d mo. (March) 14, 1859.

THOMAS GEORGE WALKER and DAVID TWEEDIE, have this day associated themselves in business, under the firm of WALKER & TWEEDIE. They offer their services for the negotiation of Business Paper, Foreign and Domestic Bills of Exchange, Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities, Effecting Insurance, Procuring Money on Bond and Mortgage, and on Hypothecation of Securities. Their business will be strictly on Commission. THOMAS GEORGE WALKER, DAVID TWEEDIE. No. 42 Pine-st., New-York, March 14, 1859.

WALTHAM, Mass., Feb. 12, 1859. NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE SOLD and transferred to the American Watch Company of this place, the Watch Factory owned by them, with its machinery, tools, fixtures and stock, and the patent rights and trade-marks made use of therein, with the good-will of the business. APPLETON, TRACY & CO. Referring to the above, the American Watch Company gives notice that it will continue the business of the late firm without change in the management or in its agencies. ROYAL E. ROBBINS, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP. — THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a copartnership under the firm of BAYLES & LAMBERT, Merchant Tailors, at No. 716 Broadway, and will open on the 15th inst. with an entire new stock of goods. JAMES BAYLES, CONOVER E. LAMBERT.

UNION BANK.—NEW-YORK, MARCH 14, 1859.—The reward heretofore offered by this bank for the apprehension of Benj. E. Brotherson, is hereby recalled. G. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM IS FROM this date a member of our house. MARCH 9, 1859. KETCHUM, HOWE & CO.

FOR SALE—STATE RIGHTS FOR ONE OF THE best patents ever offered to the public. Call and examine for yourself. No. 233 Broadway, Moffatt's Building, Room No. 24.

WM. C. TURNER, DENTIST, (LATE OF No. 26 Bond-st., with Dr. Parmly,) is now at No. 24 Bond-st., near Broadway.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR HATTERS FOR SALE—The stock and fixtures of one of the most eligibly located retail hat stores in the Country, the present proprietor, wishing to change his business, will sell the stock and fixtures to the advantage of an approved purchaser. The store is located in the centre of the most fashionable street in this City, is fitted up in the best manner, and has attached a fully established trade. [illegible] Address HAT STORE, Box No. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] the Hempstead Institute [illegible] [illegible] will be let from the [illegible] May next. The Institute last year had [illegible] scholars, [illegible] accommodations for about [illegible] boarders, besides comfortable apartments for the Principal. The Institute has an excellent Philosophical Apparatus, a valuable library recently purchased, and a complete set of modern school furniture. A competent person, having sufficient capital to provide the necessary furniture for the accommodation of boarders, can hire the Academy at a reasonable rent, or a favorable arrangement can be made to purchase. Address, by mail, JOHN W. SMITH, Hempstead; W. C. RUSHMORE, Atlantic Bank, Brooklyn, or W. H. DANNAT, personally, at No. 24 Tompkins-st., New-York.

TO PAPER-MAKERS AND CAPITALISTS.—Or any person desirous of purchasing a well-established paper-mill, situated near New-York City, with both railroad and canal to New-York. It has both water and steam power, and two Fourdrinier machines, [illegible] rag-engines, everything in perfect running order, having the capacity of making two tons of paper per day. [illegible] of the purchase money will be taken in paper. Address PAPER-MAKER, care of S. M. Pettingill & Co., Nassau-st., New-York.

SODA WATER MACHINE FOR SALE CHEAP—With bottling tables, boxes, bottles, &c., complete and in perfect order. The machine is Mathews', (cast iron generator, two fountains, &c.) to make 40 gallons of soda water at a charge; cost $250, and will be sold for $85. The two bottling tables cost $125, and will be sold for $65. The boxes and bottles will be sold cheap with the other articles. Apply to H. A. SCHULZ, No. 48 Broad-st.

$20,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. N. D., Box No. 121 Times Office.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE.—THE GOOD-will, fixtures and stock (if wanted) of the long-established and favorite "Excelsior Restaurant," are for sale, cheap. The proprietor having been engaged in another business for a year past, finds it impossible to attend to both, and will sell, as above. Agents need not apply. Address, or call, at No. 83 Nassau-st.

TO CONFECTIONERS, BAKERS, RESTAURATEURS AND OTHERS.—For sale, a five-years' lease of the large and magnificent confectionery and ice-cream saloon, covering the whole lot of ground 244 Grand-st., near the Bowery, together with the stock and fixtures of the same, the good-will of the business, &c. For further information apply on the premises. E. T. FANNING.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT FIXTURES, MARBLE-top counters and oyster stand, 3 splendid mirrors, bar counter and fixtures, decanters, glass ware and cutlery, marble-top washstands, and fixtures sufficient for opening a restaurant, for sale at a bargain. Inquire at No. 2 Pine-st., or No. 10 4th-av.

TO MANUFACTURERS WISHING TO DO THEIR OWN CASTINGS.—The subscriber, being an experienced foundryman, is desirous of connecting himself with some house which requires enough castings to keep a foundry in operation. THOMAS GILBERT, At Tuttle & Bailey's, No. 55 1st-st., Williamsburg.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN OF ACTIVE business habits, with full references, and of ample property, but no money, would be pleased to connect himself with some well-established house as a responsible working partner. Address BLAKE, care of A. W. DAVISSON & CO., No. 74 Wall-st.

TO LET.—RIPPOWAN IRON WORKS, AT STAMford, Conn., with water and steam power, suitable for any kind of manufacturing purpose. For particulars, inquire at the Morgan Iron Works, foot of 9th-st., E. R., New-York, or to SANDS SEELY, Esq., Stamford.

ONE OF THE OLDEST, AND BEST LOCATED Daguerrean and Photograph galleries for sale at one-half its present value; a chance seldom met with. For particulars apply at No. 345 Bleecker-st., southeast corner of Charles.

FOR SALE.—BROADWAY BILLIARD AND BOWLING ESTABLISHMENT.—Twelve tables, eight alleys, in complete order, being a first rate concern for a moderate capitalist. Apply at No. 657 Broadway, near Bleecker-st., up stairs.

MACHINERY FOR SALE BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEE—Patternmaker's lathe, several hand and screw-cutting lathes, small engine, bolt-screwing machine, &c., &c. Also, a lot of bar iron. Metropolitan Works, 128 East 12th-st., near avenue C.

SHIP-BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKERY TO LEASE.—The long-established ship-bread bakery, Nos. 94 and 96 Pine-st., is now to lease, with four new ovens and machinery. Possession can be had at once. Apply to R. SPEIR, Jr.

TO GROCERS.—A SMALL ENGINE, OF A NEW and ornamental design, suitable for a grocery store window. For sale cheap at the Metropolitan Works, No. 128 East 12th-st., near av. C.

BOARDING.

PARIS HOTEL DE BAVIERE, No. 17 Rue du Conservatoire, corner of the Rue Richer. This Family Hotel, established in the newest style, and situated near the Boulevards, offers every comfort desirable for strangers visiting Paris. The landlord, Mr. G. A. DENNINGER, and servants speak English. American, English and German newspapers taken in.

BOARDING.—A central and desirable location, Broadway and 8th-st. No. 132 8th-st., opposite Mercantile Library. Board with rooms for single gentlemen, also room for a gentleman and wife. Terms reasonable. In immediate vicinity of principal hotels, places of amusement, library, &c.; convenient distance for walking.

BOARDING.—DESIRABLE ROOMS AND BOARD for a family, or for single gentlemen may be obtained at No. 163 Lexington-av., between 31st and 32d sts. Best references will be given and required. Persons of religious habits preferred.

BOARDING.—A SMALL, QUIET FAMILY WOULD let, with board, the whole or part of the second floor, (unfurnished.) Location very desirable and pleasant in 29th-st., near 6th-av. For particulars apply at No. 70 West 29th-st.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO YOUNG GENTLEmen can be accommodated with board in a small private family at No. 29 Vestry-st., near Hudson-st.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway, for families or single gentlemen. E. BOUTON.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN about to go to Europe will relinquish his rooms and sell the furniture, which is of the best make, new and in good taste. The house is first class, in the most pleasant part of the city. Apply at No. 68 Pierrepont-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—WITHIN TEN MINutes' walk of Fulton and Wall-st. ferries; pleasant rooms on second floor furnished or unfurnished. Also, upper rooms; house first-class, finely located; no children in the house. No. 40 Concord-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—VERY PLEASANT second-story rooms for families or single gentlemen; house, first-class; location, one door from Court-st. car route and ten minutes' walk to ferries. Apply at No. 42 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE ROOM and bedroom; also, single room, at No. 73 Sands-st., corner of Jay. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Terms moderate.

WANTED IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN, accustomed to regular habits, desires a room, with breakfast only, full board on Sundays, in a quiet family, where there are few or no boarders; location within 15 minutes' walk of Fulton Ferry. References exchanged. Address, with full particulars, W. S. S., Box No. 150 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED—FROM THE 1ST OF MAY next, for a gentleman, wife and child, 4 years of age, in a small quiet family where no other boarders are taken, (a religious family preferred;) location below 14th-st., and west side of the City; two good-sized unfurnished rooms would be required. Address, stating particulars, J. F., Box No. 3,169 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY DURing the coming Summer months, for a family of four persons; must be within twenty miles of this City and of easy access by railroad or steamboat. Three rooms required and a good table. Address, stating location and references, Box No. 2,375 New-York Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE and daughter 14 years old, in a genteel private family, between 14th and 40th sts. and Lexington and 6th avs.; two rooms unfurnished preferred; terms not to exceed $14 a week for all. Address MERCHANT, box No. 113 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED—FROM APRIL 20, BY A gentleman and wife in a private family, where there are no other boarders; a furnished room with partial board in a pleasant neighborhood, between 10th and 23d sts. Address, stating terms, location, &c., N. W., Box No. 144 Times Office, for three days.

BOARD WANTED ON STATEN ISLAND.—The advertiser would like to obtain board for himself, wife, three children and servant, from early in April until October, in a pleasantly situated house with well-shaded grounds. Address W. C. L., Box No. 113 Times Office, during the week.

BOARD WANTED—BY AN ELDERLY LADY and her son, in a private family, where there are no other boarders, out of this City, but on the Island, and easily accessible by City railroad cars or stages. Address, with particulars, W. B. H., Box No. 111 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A PARTY OF THREE—two brothers and sister—desire board in a private family where there are no other boarders; location above 14th-st. For further particulars, call or address 13 Lamartine-place, or S. W., Box 3,261 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN AND two ladies; location preferred above 10th-st. near Broadway. Early dinners required. Address S. T., No. 519 Hudson-st., describing rooms and stating terms and location.

COUNTRY BOARD.—GENTLEMEN OR GENtlemen and their wives, without children and nurses, can obtain board in a delightfully situated residence in Astoria, convenient to the City, either by railroad or boat. Address CLINTON, Box No. 114 Times Office, stating where an interview may be had.

SUMMER BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.—The large private boarding-house, "Washington Hall," will be open first of May. It is on Broadway, between Congress and Empire Springs, and has fine grounds, well shaded. Address Mrs. J. W. MASON.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS AND BOARD FOR A gentleman, with his wife and child; small family preferred; must be well situated; modern improvements, and not above 20th-st. Terms moderate. Address, stating fully terms, &c., E. A. L., Box No. 106 Times Office.

A CARD.—ONE OR TWO RESPECTABLE GENtlemen can be accommodated with partial board and a comfortable room on the second floor, in a private family, where a home may be realized. Address COMFORT, Box No. 243 Times Office.

MUSICAL.

ALEXANDRE ORGANS. [illegible] Churches, Chapels and Schools. [illegible] MEDAL OF HONOR AT THE UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF PARIS. [illegible] instrument, which the inventor [illegible]

[illegible] VILANOVA, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] WELLS.

[illegible] as popular in America as in Europe, [illegible] by the greatest artists and composers of [illegible]—Gottschalk, Liszt, [illegible] &c.

[illegible] the Dépôt, No. 21 [illegible]

[illegible] $50, $100, $150, $200, $250, $300, each [illegible] [illegible] circular sent to any address on application.

[illegible]

[illegible] MANUFACTURERS [illegible] SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS. Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway. [illegible] & SONS have been awarded 38 prize medals [illegible] of their manufacture from the past 35 years. ALSO FOR SALE, MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS. [illegible] PIANOS TO RENT.

THE BRIGGS PATENT PIANO-FORTE (W. V. WALLACE.) [illegible] are the fullest, most sonorous [illegible] [illegible] the most durable, and will remain longer in tune [illegible] any other piano-forte.

It is built upon a solid iron frame or bed plate—the whole case forms a vibrating shell, with an upper and lower sounding-board, like the violin.

"It is the best piano-forte existing," and is recommended by Thalberg, Gottschalk, Wm. H. Fry, M. Strakosch, Maretzek, Albert H. Wood, Gockel, [illegible] [illegible], Wm. Mason, H. Wollenhaupt, and many other musical celebrities.

Sole agents, WM. HALL & SON, No. 239 Broadway.

THE MUSICAL PROFESSION And the public are invited to call at No. 758 Broadway, and see LADD'S NEW PARLOR GRAND PIANO. Equal in power and richness of tone to the best [illegible] grands, occupying but about half their space, and sold at a little more than half the price. Also a beautiful assortment of SQUARE PIANOS, of the same make, just received, and FOR SALE OR TO LET, At reduced prices. JUDSON & MUNGER, No. 758 Broadway.

MASON & HAMLIN'S MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS OF ALL KINDS. Ranging in price from $60 to $400, equally adapted for the church, vestry, school-room, lodge-room, or parlor. Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are the sole Agents for these superior instruments for the State of New-York. Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway, New-York. Dealers supplied at regular factory prices. Descriptive Catalogues sent on application.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly-invented OVERSTRING GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the first musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, TH. HAGEN, (Ed. of the Musical Review,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, H. C. TIMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. BAAR, and many others. STEINWAY & SONS, Manufacturers, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—A MAGNIFICENT DRAWING-room 7-octave rosewood piano-forte and stool. A bargain. Is of rich and costly finish, superb carved legs, of roses and fruit, massive top and bottom mouldings, in elegant round corners, case, grand circular scale, full metallic plate, rich toned and keys, beautifully set, rich, powerful tone, only two months in use, made by the best City makers; has undoubted warrantee; is without any fault whatever. Price, $300. Apply at No. 353 Hudson-st., below Abingdon-square, from 7 A. M. till 7 P. M., for three days. N. B.—Has pecking case for shipping, and will be made a great object to a cash purchaser.

HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND, PARlor-grand and Square PIANOS, long known as the best Piano made. MELODEONS cheap. New-York Pianos at great bargains. Second-hand Pianos by Gilbert, Chickering, and others, at $50, $75, $100 to $200. Pianos and Melodeons to let. S. B. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner Grand-st., Marble Building.

ALEXANDRE'S, CARHART'S, MASON & Hamlin's and Prince & Co.'s harmoniums and melodeons for sale or to rent, or rent applied. One 6-octave rosewood melodeon for $75. Pianos to rent at low rates. Piano stools, new style, for $3 50 each. One T. Gilbert piano, in perfect order, for $75. Sheet music and music books at wholesale and retail. S. T. GORDON, No. 706 Broadway, near 4th-st.

PIANO FOR SALE.—A 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD piano, cost $350, is a first-rate instrument, and in excellent order, will be sold for $150; can be seen between 10 and 12 o'clock, at No. 60 East 25th-st. Also, the entire furniture in the same house, nearly all of which is new, for sale cheap, as the owner gives up keeping house on account of sickness in his family.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS—NEW AND SECOND-HAND—A very large assortment, which will be sold at extremely low prices during this month. Alexandre organs for churches, and all kinds of musical instruments, pianos and melodeons to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS, NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated piano-fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it to their advantage to call.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte Manufacturers; warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 99 Crosby-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned pianos at the lowest rates. Each piano warranted to give satisfaction, and guaranteed for three years.

ALBERT WEBER, MANUFACTURER, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st., will sell a large assortment of his celebrated piano-fortes at very great bargains. Second-hand pianos taken in exchange at their full value. A call is respectfully solicited.

T. H. CHAMBERS—SUPERIOR PIANOS, Bible House, Astor-place. An unlimited warrantee given with every instrument of his own manufacture. Second-hand Pianos from $50 upwards.

FOR SALE—A GRAND DIAGONAL ROSEWOOD piano, 7-octaves, entirely new. The owner sells the same, having no further use for it. Made by Gilbert & Co., of Boston. W. H. CRANE, first house east of Court, in President-st., South Brooklyn.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS, FULLY guaranteed, at very low prices for cash; also, pianos to let, at No. 488 Broadway, corner of Broome-st. A. H. THOMPSON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NONEY'S PATENT CARPET SWEEPER. Next to the Sewing-Machine, the GREATEST LABOR-SAVING INVENTION of the age. In the end it is cheaper than brooms, while an hour's broom-sweeping can be done with it in ten minutes, and without raising a particle of dust. NONEY'S PATENT combines the value of the best machines heretofore introduced, WITH IMPROVEMENTS, which make it the most desirable yet offered. THE TRADE SUPPLIED. JAMES, BEEBE & CO., Agents for the Manufacturer, No. 356 BROADWAY, N. Y.

DYSPEPSIA.—Use Dr. RAYMOND & CO.'S Compound. It will cure (as thousands can prove) Dyspepsia, with its symptoms—constipation, headache, giddiness, nervousness, pains in the side, back, &c. One trial will establish its reputation. For sale at RAYMOND & CO.'S, No. 269 Broadway. Also, Mrs. HAYES, Brooklyn. N. B.—Orders from the country promptly attended to.

STATIONERY! STATIONERY! CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP. The subscriber having recently purchased at auction a stock of books and papers, is retailing the same at very low prices. Good writing papers at 10 cents per quire, and from $1 12 to $1 50 per ream. Envelopes, 12 cents per 100. Blank books and other stationery equally low. WILLIAM E. HAWS, No. 235 Canal-st.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS. J. P. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York. A pamphlet of information sent free.

DR. BATH, DENTIST, No. 505 Broadway, corner 12th-st.

METAL SASHES AND SHOW-CASES.—Persons about opening new stores, or putting up new ones, will find it advantageous to call on F. A. HOWELL, No. 267 Canal-st., between Broadway and Centre-st., where they can select such as they require on advantageous terms. An assortment of mahogany and walnut show-cases on hand.

OHIO CLOVER SEED.—A VERY FINE LOT of Ohio Clover Seed, free from foul seeds; also, Illinois ranged Timothy Seed, Red-top Orchard Grass and Blue Grass Seeds, for sale at the United States Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store. MAGHEE & McNABLY, 197 Water, near Fulton-st.

BUYERS OF ROPE, CORDAGE, GRAIN and FANCY FLOUR and SALT SACKS will find it their interest to examine my goods and prices, which are sold at [illegible] to be satisfactory. H. VANDERHOOF, No. 122 West-st.

GARDEN SEEDS.—EARLY DANIEL O'ROURKE Peas, together with fifteen other varieties. Reliable Garden and Field Seeds, of our own importation, from England and France, for sale by MASON & RALPH, Union Seed Store, No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York.

$4.00 ONLY—FRENCH CALF DRESS BOOTS AT JONES', NO. 10 ANN-ST. $5 00 DOUBLE-SOLE WATER-PROOF SEWED BOOTS. $3 00 DOUBLE SOLE PEG BOOTS. WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

CLOVER, TIMOTHY, RED-TOP, ORCHARD and other Grass Seeds, [illegible] Lime, Bone-Dust, &c., with [illegible] agricultural implements, for sale [illegible] TREDWELL & PELL, No. [illegible] [illegible] New-York.

BELGIAN SEED OATS.—[illegible] Oats mature ten to fifteen days before [illegible] For sale by MAGHEE & McNABLY, [illegible] Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, No. 197 Water [illegible]

JOSEPH MUIR, DRAPER AND TAILOR, has removed to No. 740 Broadway. [illegible] [illegible]

DRY GOODS.

[illegible] DRY GOODS MERCHANT [illegible] THE UNION.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO. [illegible] their Spring importations, and are [illegible]

SALES-ROOMS,

NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,

[illegible] extensive, elegant, varied and complete stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS

[illegible] before offered for sale by them, and presenting advantages and advantages to the trade generally, and [illegible] Their extensive stores on Chambers-st. [illegible] to appropriate to each [illegible] department, and to have, in fact, [illegible] stocks in their Warerooms, each of which will be complete. Without specifying the articles [illegible] they would name the departments, viz:

DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
[illegible]
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
[illegible] TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.

[illegible] Domestic and Print Department they call particular attention, embracing all the leading makes and styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They [illegible] the entire production of the

WARREN PRINTS,

[illegible] which has done more good to the retailers through [illegible] than perhaps any other low-price [illegible] Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, Garner, [illegible] and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS are of the very best selections.

[illegible] CLINTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER and SCOTCH GINGHAMS in every variety.

Their

DOMESTICS

embrace the following Brands:

[illegible]	Hill Manufacturing Company,	
[illegible]	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
[illegible]	Arkwright,	Portsmouth,
[illegible]	Peterson,	Pepperell,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Cabot,
[illegible]	Lawrence,	Atlantic.

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES and DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.

[illegible] liberal terms, they invite notice to [illegible] and number as above.

DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S

PATENT

TOURNURE CORSET.

This article comprises in one garment A CORSET OF SUPERIOR SHAPE AND FINISH and a BUSTLE OF PERFECT MODEL, insuring free and healthful action [illegible] and comfortable support to the spine. It has been pronounced by all who have seen it, (among whom are several eminent members of the Medical Faculty,) to be the only Corset without an objection, either artistic or physiological. No lady can well do without it. [illegible] manufacture their well-known

EXPANSION SKIRT.

Also, the celebrated

MATINEE SKIRT,

which, for COMFORT and ELEGANCE, is unsurpassed; together with over seventy other different styles—all of which are for sale at all the principal stores in the United States and Canadas.

All articles of their manufacture

ARE STAMPED WITH THEIR TRADE-MARK.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

WILL OPEN

AT RETAIL,

ON MONDAY, MARCH 14,

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of STELLA SHAWLS,

WITH

FRENCH CAMELS'-HAIR BORDERS.

Also,

REAL INDIA

SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

IN

ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS.

Canal, corner of Mercer.

BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS

And Shirtings of every make,

[illegible] Flannels, Drillings, Tickings, Methuen Ducks, [illegible] Prints and

DOMESTICS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Purchased previous to the advance, and now

[illegible] AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,

And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

THE

WARREN PRINTS.

SPRING STYLES,

AT

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.'S,

NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are now receiving from the works these POPULAR PRINTS in

NEW & DESIRABLE SPRING & SUMMER STYLES.

Also,

[illegible] ENGLISH PRINTS, just landed.

SPRING EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

A full assortment of

ENTIRELY NEW SHAPES AND DESIGNS,

Received per steamers, and now ready

AT RETAIL,

MUCH BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,

And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

WEED'S MOURNING STORE.

GREAT BARGAINS IN MOURNING GOODS.

The entire stock selling out,

REGARDLESS OF COST,

to close the business.

SILKS, WOOL DELAINES, WOOL PLAIDS,

[illegible] Trimmings, and Collars and Sleeves of all kinds,

AT HALF PRICE.

WEED'S MOURNING STORE,

No. 579 Broadway.

JOHN MORRISON & SON,

[illegible]

of

SMALL WARES,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

RIBBONS,

&c., &c.

No. [illegible] Broadway. No. [illegible] Broadway.

DRESS GOODS.

BOOTH & TUTTLE,

corner Chambers, Church and Warren sts.,

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of

New and desirable

DRESS GOODS,

To which they invite the attention of

CLOSE BUYERS

For cash or short credit.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

LE BOUTILLIER & BROTHERS invite an inspection of their

NEW SILKS,

DE LAINES,

LAWNS,

BAREGES,

PRINTS,

RIBBONS, &c., &c.

No. 305 Canal st., near Broadway.

LACE MANTILLAS AND POINTS.

[illegible] CHANTILLY DO. DO.

[illegible] FRENCH DO. DO. DO.

[illegible] FRENCH PICCOLOMINIS (entirely new.)

MANTLES AND STELLA SHAWLS.

All new styles, received per steamers Fulton and Asia.

[illegible] HILLS & CO.

Nos. [illegible] and 344 Broadway.

AUBURN CARPETS.

THREE-PLY, INGRAIN AND VENETIAN CARPETS

In improved quality

and New Designs.

Sole Agent for selling the goods,

GEO. G. B. HYATT,

Nos. 270 Canal and 31 Howard sts.

Six doors east of Broadway.

AT WHOLESALE.

PARIS FLOWERS,

COIFFURES and BRIDAL WREATHS, from reliable manufacturers, that supply

THE IMPERIAL COURTS OF EUROPE.

JAMES TUCKER, No. 361 Broadway,

Next door to Thompson's.

TUCKER DOES LAY BEFORE

THE TRADE PARIS FLOWERS

AT 25 AND 50 CENTS PER BUNCH.

No. 361 Broadway, two doors from Franklin-st.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES

[illegible] chapped hands, salt rheum, &c., protect the hands in all kinds of work, and render them soft, smooth [illegible] white. Manufactured by GOODYEAR'S GLOVE COMPANY, No. 85 John-st., up stairs.

WET GOODS, BLACK AND COLORED [illegible] very cheap; chambrays, robes, double skirts, [illegible] ginghams, dress muslins, Swiss muslins, [illegible] plain and figured wool de laines, calicoes, ginghams, de beges, cloths, cashmeres, quilts, towels, [illegible] linen handkerchiefs, &c., &c., for sale at very low cash prices, by WM. MATHEWS, No. 54 Catharine-st.

MILLER & GRANT, NO. 703 BROADWAY,

Will offer on Monday, the 14th,

MUSLIN BANDS, EMBROIDERED COLLARS,

CAMBRIC COLLARS, BLACK LACES,

CAMBRIC SETS, LACE VEILS, &c.

At a discount of 20 per cent. from regular prices.

SKIRTS—TWELVE-SPRING SKELETON [illegible] self-adjusting Bustle, $1 31; 14 springs, $1 50, [illegible] for 82. Dealers supplied with 9 spring for [illegible] a dozen; 12 springs, $11; and 14 springs for [illegible] C. L. HARDING, No. 361 Spring-st., near Hudson.

SKIRTS.—TEN HOOPS, $1 25; TWELVE HOOPS, [illegible] each; Damascus Steel, latest Paris style, our [illegible] manufacture, and warranted to wear; [illegible] equally cheap, at Mrs. FOSTER'S, No. [illegible] Skirts made to measure, with perfect adaptation to the figure and costume, at the shortest notice.

A [illegible] SOUTHERN AND WESTERN BUY[illegible] [illegible] a large Assortment of [illegible] [illegible] Broadway

CARPETS AT OLD PRICES.

Same as before the recent heavy advance.

ENTIRELY NEW SPRING PATTERNS.

J. Crossley & Son's Tapestries, (newest styles,)	$1 00
Best English Velvets [illegible]	1 [illegible]
Lowell and Hartford Three-Ply	1 [illegible]
Superfine Ingrains [illegible]	[illegible]
Extra Ingrains	75 cts.
All-wool Ingrains, in great variety	35 to 60 cts.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT

Oil-Cloths, Stair Carpets, Druggets, Mats, Matting, Rugs, Stairrods, &c., &c.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

WILL OPEN

MONDAY, MARCH 14,

THEIR ENTIRE SPRING IMPORTATION

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,

Imported expressly

FOR THEIR RETAIL SALES,

Consisting of

STELLA,

BAREGE,

GRENADINE, and

CHALLY SHAWLS.

Many of these Shawls are in

ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS,

and

CANNOT BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

Canal, corner of Mercer.

FAMILY LINEN AND HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES FROM AUCTION,

(Bargains,)

In LINEN SHEETING in all widths,

PILLOW CASINGS and SHIRTINGS,

TABLE CLOTHS, DAMASK and NAPKINS,

TOWELS, HUCKABACKS and DIAPERS,

30 bales RUSSIA CRASH, slightly stained,

MARSEILLES QUILTS of all sizes,

BLANKETS,

LACE and MUSLIN CURTAINS,

DRAPERIES, COTTON SHEETING, of all kinds.

The above goods are bought for cash, and selected with great care by the subscriber and fully warranted.

CHAS. G. HOOK,

Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av.

MOURNING GOODS.

Continuation of the great sale at

WEED'S MOURNING STORE.

The balance of this large and beautiful stock will be closed out at almost the purchaser's own price. The greatest inducements offered.

Please call soon, as the business will be closed in a short time.

WEED'S MOURNING STORE,

No. 579 Broadway.

RICH LYONS DRESS SILKS.

A choice assortment, just received per steamer.

ALSO, CHEAP DRESS SILKS!

Plaids, Bayaderes, Foulards, &c., &c., in great variety.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,

And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

HOSIERY, RIBBONS,

Dress Trimmings, Gloves, Skirts and Fancy Articles,

in great variety,

BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,

And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

NEW STORE,

NO. 317 CANAL-STREET.

MANTILLAS

AT WHOLESALE.

Dealers in these goods will find it advantageous to examine our stock, which is especially adapted for the wholesale trade. Our prices will be found to compare favorably with any other house in the City, as we are possessed with the best facilities for the purchase and manufacture of our goods.

ABBOTT, POLLOCK & COCHRANE,

No. 317 Canal-st.

BATES & LEWISTON

COTTONADES AND CASSIMERES.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,

Nos. 80 and 82 Chambers-st., New-York,

Having purchased the entire stock of the above well-known Summer stuff, offer them for sale by the piece or package, for cash or on time, and at prices which must make an impression.

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS.

IN SILKS, SILK AND WOOL POPLIN,

CHALLIES, VALENCIAS, MOHAIRS AND DEBEGES,

DELAINES, JACONETS AND ORGANDIES,

FRENCH AND ENGLISH PLAIDS,

At Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av.,

between 8th and 9th sts.,

CHAS. G. HOOK.

AT RETAIL.

It is Whispered to the Million

That TUCKER'S BRIDAL APPOINTMENTS

Are Perpetual.

TUCKER'S BRIDAL VEIL

Is a Pretty Simple Adornment.

TUCKER'S SPRING FLOWERS

Are Gathering.

TUCKER'S BUDS, AT 50 CENTS PER GROSS,

Are Buds of Promise.

His ROSES are in full Bloom.

TUCKER'S MISCELLANEOUS STOCK for the Toilet is extensive, popular and attractive.

At No. 361 Broadway,

Two doors below Franklin-st.

CLYDE & BLACK

WILL OPEN

On Tuesday, 15th inst.,

THE NEW STYLE OF SPRING

PARASOLS.

P. S.—All of our Parasols this season will be made up with the new patent loop frames, which has the advantage over the old style of lightness combined with strength.

No. 401 Broadway,

And No. 317 Grand-st.

JOUVIN'S GLOVES.

LE BOUTILLIER & BROTHERS have just received 500 dozen of the very best JOUVIN'S GLOVES in choice colors, made expressly to their order.

No. 305 Canal-st., near Broadway.

PLAIN RIBBONS AT IMPORTERS' PRICES, by the box or piece, at the Ribbon store of LEWIS P. TIBBALS, No. 154 Bowery, 2d door above Broome-st.

No. 1	Satin Ribbon	1[illegible]		No. 1	Taffeta		11½
No. 1½	Satin Ribbon	1[illegible]		No. 1½	Taffeta		15½
No. 2	Satin Ribbon	22		No. 2	Taffeta		21
No. 3	Satin Ribbon	28		No. 3	Taffeta		26
No. 4	Satin Ribbon	3[illegible]		No. 4	Taffeta		3[illegible]
No. 5	Satin Ribbon	57		No. 5	Taffeta		55
No. 9	Satin Ribbon	67½		No. 9	Taffeta		65
No. 12	Satin Ribbon	$1 10		No. 12	Taffeta		$1 10

SKIRTS! SKIRTS!—WHOLESALE SKIRT-dealers will do well to examine my samples of skeleton-woven Extension-skirts, before purchasing elsewhere. They are the best skirts in the market; cannot rip. Also, patent Bustles, that can be attached to a corset in five minutes. Samples at No. 61 Chambers-st., up stairs, next door to A. T. Stewart's; or at the factory, No. 240 West 39th-st. R. FRANCE.

90 CENTS A PAIR FOR FRENCH WIRE Corsets, together with the latest French Patterns, Plain and Embroidered, wholesale and retail; every style of Ladies' Skirts, Crinoline, Crochet, Hair Cloth, Skeletons from four to thirty Springs, Laces, Embroideries, Mits, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, &c.

FORMAN, No. 705 Broadway.

PATTERNS, PATTERNS.—NEW AND BEAUtiful designs Spring and Summer fashions. Mme. DEMOREST'S Emporium, 375 Broadway, 323 Canal-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

EXQUISITE READING.

LIBRARY OF LOVE.—Unexpurgated editions of the most exquisitely gay, gallant and *recherché* effusions ever penned. Three pocket volumes, 800 pages, illustrated; price $1 50. Contents: 1. Ovid's Art of Love and Amorous works entire. 2. Basia—the Kisses of Secundus and Bonnefons. 3. Dryden's Fables, from Boccaccio and Chaucer. Sold separately at 50 cents each. Also,

"THE MOST GALLANT BOOK EVER WRITTEN." —Campbell.

BOCCACCIO'S DECAMERON; Or, TEN DAYS' ENTERTAINMENT,—500 pages, with 16 steel engravings; price $1. The "Decameron" kept a large party of fair ladies and gallant gentlemen in such a thrill of delight that the plague which ravaged Florence in 1348 was powerless against them—Old Grim himself chuckling for once as he hurried on. Sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price, by C. BLANCHARD,

No. 76 Nassau-st.

ROUSSEAU'S CONFESSIONS COMPLETE.

THE CONFESSIONS OF J. J. ROUSSEAU.

A new translation, without omissions or expurgations. Two beautiful 12mo volumes, $2 50. Mailed free, on receipt of price, by C. BLANCHARD, No. 76 Nassau-st.

NEW NEWSPAPERS.

The COQUETTE—the new paper—will be ready for the trade, news-dealers and newsboys at 10 o'clock TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING. Price 3 cents.

Office No. 33 John-st., corner of Nassau-st.

HOW TO GET A DIVORCE.—A DISQUISItion, to which is appended a Compilation from the laws of each of the United States, upon the subject of divorce. By a member of the New-York Bar. Price, 25 cents, mailed free, by C. BLANCHARD, No. 76 Nassau-st.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!—E. L. SNOW Social Union, No. 4, will celebrate their Fourth Anniversary by a Grand Temperance Demonstration, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at No. 187 Bowery. Addresses by Mr. GREELEY, STEPHEN H. MUNN, Esq., Dr. LAW, and others. Music, both vocal and instrumental, will be furnished by the celebrated trio, Messrs. Bolles, Dean, and Macdonough. The public are invited.

JAS. ELLIS, Chairman of Committee.

PREACHING BY ELDER S. CHAPMAN, on TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Moravian Church, in Jay-st., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn. Subject—*The two comings of Christ*—showing the second coming to be nigh at hand, and the necessity of a preparation of heart to meet the event.

MASS MEETING OF THE PIANO-FORTE MAKERS OF NEW-YORK.—Next TUESDAY, March 15, will be held a Mass Meeting, at the Social Reform Hall, No. 281 Grand-st., at 8 o'clock P. M.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S, THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

INSTRUCTION.

ELM-PARK COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, [illegible]—Rev. Dr. RICHARDS & SON, Principals. The Summer term of 20 weeks will commence on the first Wednesday in May. The Institution has an established reputation for high scholarship and successful discipline. Rare facilities for manly sports and physical training. Remunerative rate. Circulars will be sent and inquiries answered on application to the Principals, or E. A. WAYNEMAN, Esq., No. 30 Nassau-st.

AMENIA SEMINARY—ESTABLISHED IN 1835. —The Rev. D. CLARK, A. M., Principal. A first-class institution for ladies and gentlemen. Some of its advantages—a full corps of thorough and experienced teachers, [illegible] of access and healthiness of location. Spring Term of 14 weeks will commence April 7. Board and Tuition in common English, $[illegible]. For circulars, address the Principal, or GEO. W. CENTER.

AMENIA, Dutchess County, N. Y., Feb., 1859.

SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.—(Established in 1842.) Summer Term of twenty-one weeks will commence WEDNESDAY, May 4. The location is healthy and pleasant. Number of pupils limited to thirty. For circulars, address the Principal, BENJ. F. MILLS.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE.—A SElect Boarding-School for Boys, Amherst, Mass., established 1846. H. G. NASH, A. M., Principal; location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; 7 hours from New-York, 4 from Boston. For circulars, apply to J. A. NASH, Editor *American Farmer's Magazine*, No. 7 Beekman-st., or to the Principal, at Amherst.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—NINE MILES from Hoboken, and two from Hackensack.—At Little Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. This school is situated on a large farm. The location is healthy. Board, tuition, washing, &c., $130 per year. No extras. Next term commences May 2. Pupils received any time. For circulars, with patrons as references, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—$38 A YEAR pays board and tuition in common English. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Superior advantages for French, Painting and Piano Music. Excellence and economy the motto. Term opens April 11. Write for a catalogue. Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

NORWICH COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The Summer Term of this eligible boarding-school for boys opens on the first Wednesday in May. The location is one of the most pleasant in New-England, and the educational advantages are of the first order. For admission, circulars, &c., address the Principal, the Rev. J. A. SAXTON, Norwich, Conn. Circulars also at WILEY & HALSTED'S, No. 351 Broadway, New-York.

WALNUT HILL SCHOOL, GENEVA, N. Y.—The long term of the Rev. Dr. REED'S Boarding School for Boys has just opened. Terms $250 a year. Circulars sent on application.

REFERENCES—Bishop POTTER, No. 38 West 24th-st. ALEX. W. BRADFORD, Esq., No. 6 Wall-st. EDWIN CLARK, Esq., No. 4 Fletcher-st.

GENEVA, March 1, 1859.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—With unrivaled facilities for physical education, and seven fully educated professors, besides competent female assistants in the solid and ornamental departments, commences its next semi-annual session, April 7. Principals—The Rev. C. V. SPEAR, and the Rev. J. R. BOYD.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The 53d Semi-annual Session will commence WEDNESDAY, May 4. Circulars can be obtained of S. P. York, Esq., No. 57 Liberty-st., and of W. W. Rose, Esq., No. 68 Cedar-st. Also, by applying to the Principal.

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES—NO. 609 BROADWAY—F. MARTINELLI, PRINCIPAL.—Instruction given in French, German, Spanish, Italian, Latin, Greek, Hebrew and English. Classes are formed day and evening. Terms in classes, $10 per quarter. For circulars, apply as above, to F. MARTINELLI.

BUSINESS WRITING $5.—DOLBEAR'S SYStem of hand training, No. 609 Broadway, never fails to make good business penmen. It removes all stiffness or trembling from the hand, and gives such easy gliding command that the longest words can be written without lifting the pen. Reduced terms only $5. Regular terms $10.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 20 East 21st-st., James Wier Mason. New term begins Feb. 7, but pupils received at any time. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at CARTER'S bookstore, or at the School.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, AT NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—This is a first-class Seminary for young ladies; designed to furnish the best facilities for obtaining a complete education. For particulars, address Rev. L. D. MANSFIELD, A. M., President.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, HILLSIDE, NORWALK, CONN.—Circulars with catalogues, may be obtained at IVISON & PHINNEY'S and D. APPLETON & CO.'S, New-York, or by addressing the Principal, Mrs. LOUISA A. SMITH.

FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE, NOS. 61 and 63 Madison-av., New-York. Boarding Department in charge of the Principal. Next term opens Feb. 14. Applicants can see the Principal at any time. The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector; C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY EXPERIENCED in teaching, a few pupils to instruct in English, music, French, etc., for 3 or 4 hours every morning at their residences or at her own. Address personally or by letter, M. M., at No. 248 Henry-st., Brooklyn, L. I.

$32 50 PER QUARTER.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY, CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Both sexes. Summer term, May 4. H. J. FOX, A. M., Ashland, Greene Co., N. Y.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT AS Teacher, by a young married man, educated in Europe for a teacher, and having more than 4 years' experience in America. He teaches Mathematics, Drawing, and all the English branches usually required in schools. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Can give satisfactory references, and would have no objections to any healthy part of the South or West. Address L. C. K., care of Simon Mudge, Esq., No. 114 South 6th-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEACHERS WANTED.—A LADY WHO HAS had experience in primary schools in New-York to go to Pennsylvania; two French teachers, (ladies;) two teachers of harp and piano, for Tennessee; a teacher of ornamentals, English, music and French, to go South; a principal and wife, to assume the charge of a boarding school. Apply at the American School Institute, No. 346 Broadway.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH LADY, EXPErienced as a teacher, pupils for the higher English branches, French, Italian, German, and drawing. Good references given. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 2,[illegible] Post-Office, New-York.

WANTED.—A LADY OF EXCELLENT EDUCAtion wishes to teach in a family in the City in exchange for board. Best references. Address L., Teacher, Station D., Post-office, Bible House.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO GO A SHORT DIStance in the country, whose chief duties will be chamberwork, sewing and teaching young children. She must be a Protestant, and willing to make herself generally useful. A lady of education would be appreciated, and would find this a pleasant and permanent home. Apply at No. 90 Broad-st., on Monday and Tuesday next, between 9 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT NURSE who is accustomed to the care of children, and not over 30 years of age; none others need apply to No. 120 East 17th-st., from 10 to 12 o'clock, Wednesday and Thursday, March 16 and 17.

WANTED—A GARDENER AND WIFE WITHout children. The man must understand the management of graperies. The best of references required. Apply to McILVAIN & YOUNG, No. 9 John-st., between the hours of 10 and 12.

WANTED—A COMPETENT WOMAN TO COOK and assist in the washing for a small family a short distance in the country; a Protestant preferred. None but those possessing the best references need apply at No. 61 Chambers-st., up stairs.

WANTED—AN ARCHITECT TO GO TO CHICAGO, Ill.; one who understands the business, can take charge of an office and oversee the work; good wages or an interest will be given. Apply at 71 Gold-st., New-York.

WANTED—SEVERAL SHIRT MAKERS TO baste and fit shirts for sewing machines; none but good neat sewers employed; to such good wages and steady employment. Apply at No. 374 Bridge-st., Brooklyn, 3d door from Fulton-av.

WANTED—A GOOD CANVASSER, TO SOLICIT subscriptions for imported serial publications. Business men of good address desiring employment, will find it to their interest to call. Apply to R. T. SHANNON, London Publishing Company, No. 53 Dey-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A WAITRESS—ONE WHO UNDERstands the business, and has lived as waitress only in a private family. Apply, with recommendations, between 11 and 3, at No. 19 East 26th-st.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRLS, 1 GOOD NURSE, several cooks, 8 or 10 cooks, washer and ironers, and a number for housework, and girls for the country, at JOHN YOUNG'S office, No. 6 6th-av.

WANTED.—A. T. STEWART & CO. WANT TWO first rate retail carpet salesmen, who have had City experience. None others need apply. Apply in the lower store, Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

WANTED—A WET NURSE, WITH THE BEST references for health and character, to take charge of a healthy infant six months old. Apply at No. 215 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, between 10 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS, TO make sale for an article much used by builders and plumbers. Address P. A., Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

WANTED—CHILDREN'S FANCY STRAW-HAT trimmers, to work at Newark, N. J. Apply to JOHN MAYBER, No. 189 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A BOY IN AN OFFICE, ONE REsiding in Brooklyn, and not less than 14 years of age preferred. Salary, $50 the first year. Inquire at No. 35 Cedar-st., 3d floor, after 3 o'clock P. M.

GARDENER WANTED—ONE THOROUGHLY understanding grapes, fruit, flowers and vegetables. Address, with terms, full name, and state last employer and references, Box No. 2,[illegible] New-York Post-office, for one week. A good situation for a good man.

FARMER WANTED.—A MARRIED MAN, without family; he must be a skillful ploughman, and his wife able to do plain cooking and the general housework of a small family. Apply at No. 59 State-st., South Brooklyn, between Hicks and Henry, before 4 o'clock, for the next few days.

DRUG CLERK WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN, of steady, industrious habits, thoroughly competent to take charge of an apothecary and drug store, will hear of a permanent situation by applying to SCHIEFFELIN BROS. & CO., No. 170 William-st. None but those having the most unexceptionable City references need apply.

WANTED—TWO INTELLIGENT LADS IN THE dry goods jobbing business. Apply to J. P. & M. L. CRAWFORD, No. 304 Broadway.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—BENTLEY'S DISPATCH, MADISON-SQUARE.—Steamer EUROPA sails for Europe WEDNESDAY, March 16. Letters, papers and all matter intended for her mails must be in this office by 12 o'clock of that date. HENRY BENTLEY.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED.—AN AMERICAN LADY OF RErespectability, whose husband is absent most of the time, would like a situation as housekeeper in some small, genteel family, (widower preferred;) has one daughter, who would give lessons on the piano, or would instruct a few young Misses in the English language, with rudiments of French and Latin; Brooklyn preferred; best of reference given and required. Address MONITOR, Brooklyn Post-Office, for one week.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble young women, one as a first-rate chambermaid or a first-class laundress; she would wish a situation in a small private family; the other does chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and to assist with the washing and ironing; they can give the best of City reference from their last places. Can be seen till suited at No. 241 3d-av., between 21st and 22d sts., in the fancy store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman, a situation as housekeeper, or to take care of an invalid lady or gentleman; would have no objection to travel in that capacity. Satisfactory City reference given. Apply at No. 109 East 28th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., 2d floor. Can be seen for two days, from 10 to 4 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and fine washing and ironing. The best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 30 6th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. Can be seen for two days. No other but a private family need apply.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT dressmaker in a private family; she understands cutting and fitting children's clothes; also, family sewing of all kinds; no objection to travel in the capacity of ladies' maid; City reference; call at No. 71 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED.—TWO WELL-EDUCATED YOUNG GERman ladies, who speak English and French, play on the piano, and understand all kinds of sewing and embroideries, want situations either as lady's companions, or to attend in a respectable store. Call at No. 392 6th-av., near 25th st., 3d floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation to do chamberwork, fine washing and ironing, or as chambermaid and seamstress or waiter. Good City references given. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as first-class cook, who thoroughly understands her business. Can cook all kinds of soups and game. Best City reference can be given. Address No. 101 West 19th-st., in the basement. Can be seen for three days.

WANTED—BY AN ACCOMPLISHED YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waiter or chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing, and beside, no objection to do housework in a small family. The best of City references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 116 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE CITY OR country, as nurse, or as nurse and chambermaid, by a very competent young woman, who can tend an infant from its birth; lived three years in her last place. Call at E. CARROLL'S, No. 60 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as serving maid and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses, and all sorts of plain sewing; has 3½ years' reference from her last place. Call, for three days, at No. 394 3d-av., between 29th and 30th sts., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT ENGLISH WOMAN wishes a situation as cook in a private family; has a perfect knowledge of her business and the best of references. None but respectable families need apply, at No. 84½ Allen-st., one door from Broome-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN WOman, a situation, as first-class cook, in a private house; understands French and English cooking thoroughly. Apply at No. 291 East 12th-st., between Avenues B and C, in the rear basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAMily by a respectable woman as good cook; understands soups, meats, poultry, pastry, and bread-baking; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 283 7th-av., corner 28th-st., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to go a short distance in the country with a respectable family, and will assist with the washing and ironing if required; excellent references given. Apply for 2 days at No. 135 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girls, situations, in City or country; one as cook, washer and ironer, makes nice bread and pies; the other is an excellent chambermaid and waitress or nurse and seamstress, would do fine washing; they are well recommended. Apply at No. 578 6th-av., up stairs.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT girl, a situation as seamstress or chambermaid and seamstress, in a private family; she understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; has no objection to the country. Call at No. 241 East 14th-st., third floor.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, TIDY, PROTESTANT girl, a situation in a small private family, to do chamber work and waiting. Will be found willing and obliging, and has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 169 11th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs., room No. 3, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE English Protestant girl to do general housework. Best City reference can be given. No objections to go in the country. Call for two days at No. 548½ Pearl-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG PROtestant German girl, as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and seamstress. Speaks the English language fluently. Can be seen for two days at No. 173 Adams-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as nurse; is thoroughly competent to take the entire charge of a child from its birth; is competent to wait on the sick. Best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE German girl to do general housework. Best City reference can be given. No objection to go in the country. Call for two days at No. 548½ Pearl-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-RATE DRESSMAKER, who understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses, work by the day or week. Call, for one week, at No. 361 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts., in the fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing, by an American girl, a Protestant. City reference from a good family with whom she has lived. Can be seen at No. 204 Mulberry-st., Wesley-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waiter; she is thoroughly capable, and has good City reference from her last place, and can be seen until suited at No. 135 West 26th-st., near 9th-av., first floor and back room.

WANTED—A PERMANENT SITUATION BY A young woman as dressmaker in a private family; has good reference. No objection to the country. Address a note to DRESSMAKER, Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG ENGLISH woman wishes to travel with a lady or a family; not particular as to the direction; would take care of children and make herself generally useful. Apply for one week at No. 373 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman as cook, washer and ironer; she thoroughly understands her business. Best of reference given. Call for two days at No. 68 East 13th-st., near 4th-av., in the basement.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse; fully competent to take care of children, and has no objection to travel; the best of City reference. Call at No. 255 West 25th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, A SITUAtion to do chamberwork and waiting, or as good laundress. Good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 2 1st st., third floor, for two days.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUAtion in a private family; understands her business perfectly; will go in the country if desired. Has 7 years City references. Apply till engaged at No. 6 54th-st., rear.

WANTED—IN A RESPECTABLE PRIVATE family, a situation as cook; understands it in all its branches; country preferred. Best of recommendations given. Call at No. 3 8th-st., under the book-store, for two days.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation to do waiting and chamberwork, or general housework. Has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 742 30th st., corner of 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS MONTHLY NURSE, or would take care of an invalid lady; can produce the best of testimonials from the late doctor she attended under. Can be seen at No. 227 East 19th-st., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROFESSED COOK, A SITUAtion in a respectable family; she understands her business in all its branches; can produce the best of City references. Can be seen for two days. Address S. O., No. 50 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WIDOW WOman, as cook in a private family; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; good City reference given; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 163 Prince-st., Room No. 15.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork and fine washing or general housework in a small private family; has no objection to the country. No. 162 West 29th-st., call for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD WASHER and ironer, who can do plain cooking; makes bread and biscuit; for either house or kitchen work; no objection to chamberwork or the country; can milk; makes butter and cheese. Call at No. 302 8th-av., near 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch woman; is a first rate cook; good city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 91 Greenwich-av., near Bank-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or help in the washing and ironing. Can be seen until engaged, at No. 43 Hammond-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO GO OUT BY THE week, to do plain sewing, or trim and finish off work; west side of the City preferred. Address L. F., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as seamstress in a private family; will engage by the week or month. Address A. M. L., Union square Post-office.

WANTED.—FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN'S washing and ironing done in the neatest style at No. 615 Greenwich-st., top floor, front room. References given, if required.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE person as competent cook in a private family; satisfactory references given. Apply at No. 256 6th-av., near [illegible]-st.

WANTED—BY A GIRL WITH GOOD RECOMmendations, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Call at No. 81 West 26th-st., 3d floor.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—A LADY WISHES A SITUation to print Photographs, or would attend in the reception room. She can print in any style required. Her specimens may be seen at the U. S. Agency of the *Photographic Journal*, No. 26 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A VERY ACTIVE, OBLIGING woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron; understands her business well; has a boy about 12 years old, very smart, who would be very useful in a family; she would take moderate wages if the boy is taken with her; has the best of reference, and will be found deserving of kindness. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE FRENCH WOman, a situation as first-class cook; understands her business perfectly; can do all kinds of meats, soups and desserts, also puddings, poultry, fish and vegetables. Does no washing, but has no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 36 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A CLEANLY, ACTIVE, GOODtempered girl, a situation as waitress or as chambermaid and waitress; she is capable and obliging; good City references. Call at No. 60 6th-av., 2d floor, near Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing, or as laundress; has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, if not engaged, at No. 109 20th-st., near 7th-av., 1st floor, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST CLASS cook; understands all kinds of family cooking; has lived 8 years in one family; has the very best of City reference; no objection to leave the City or go into a Spanish family. Apply at No. 71 West 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is willing to assist in chamberwork if required. Can be seen till suited at No. 465 3d-av., near 30th-st., in the fancy store. The best of City reference.

WANTED—BY A TRUSTWORTHY, EXPERienced person, employment in a gentleman's family, as housekeeper, seamstress, or lady's maid; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 60 6th-av., second floor, near Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as dressmaker with a private family; has good reference. Address a note to DRESSMAKER, Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for 3 days. No objection to the country.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as laundress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing. Apply at 112 West 17th-st.

WANTED—CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economize by employing good faithful girls at moderate wages, are invited to call or send to the Domestic Institute and Home, No. 60 6th-av., where efficient domestics can be had. The proprietor, E. CARROLL, has known many of these girls from 5 to 15 years.

EUROPE.—A GENTEEL, EDUCATED PERSON would like to go abroad with a family; would take entire charge of one or two children, and instruct them in English, French and German; the highest City references; a note addressed to L. EUROPE, Metropolitan Post-Office, Bible-house, will meet with prompt attention.

GOOD ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, Irish and Scotch Servants may continually be had at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th-avs. A lady who speaks French and German in attendance.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman by a man who thoroughly understands the business in all its branches, and budding and grafting and all kinds of flowers, and best bred horses; has a long experience in this country—12 years; can be highly recommended from his employers as to laying out new grounds in neatest style. Can be found by addressing a note to M. D., Box No. 189 *Times* Office, for three days, which will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER OF experience, who has lived in some of the best families in this country and in England, who thoroughly understands gardening in all its departments, viz.: green and hot-house plants, hot and cold graperies, fruit and vegetables, the tastefully laying out and planting of new places; is a married man with a small family, of good moral character; reference highly respectable. Address, for one week, WALLACE, care of A. Bridgeman, Esq., No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A competent man who is a good groom and has a thorough knowledge of the management and treatment of horses, and well acquainted with the care of carriages and harness; can produce the best of City reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability; has no objection to make himself generally useful around a gentleman's house. Apply to T. C., at D. Wright's, No. 858 Broadway, for this week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED (NO family) Protestant, middling age, respectable man as gardener. Extra qualified to take charge of a gentleman's place; has the experience of all his years in cultivating and improvement of trees, flowers, (as to imported flowers,) with a botanical knowledge (nature of plants,) and what vegetable farmery, outlaying of pleasure places belong. Superior references. Address F. E., private, Box No. 195 *Times* Office, for three days, which will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDNER BY A middle-aged man, who served with the first families of Europe, and ten years in America; is a first-rate agriculturist if required to act in that capacity; is a single man, has a relative who is a first-class dairy woman, who would accompany him if required; he has conducted a nursery for the last three years. Address F. K., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A man of many years' experience; thoroughly and practically acquainted with all parts of the business; no objection to superintend a farm along with garden; is a married man, with a small family; has first-class City reference; seven years in last place. For further information, address a note to G. F., No. 15 John-st., seed-store, which will be attended to.

WANTED—BY A BLACKSMITH, A SITUATION in the country, is a good horseshoer and jobber; would like to be employed by a gentleman farmer, and would bring his own tools if required; has no objection to farm-work with the above. Has two full-grown sons who would also work on the farm; will be found careful and industrious. Address, till engaged, C. A. S., Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man; he is well qualified to take charge of a large place, where grape vines and flowers are cultivated under glass; also, flower grounds and vegetables; is also qualified to lay out new places; the best of City reference will be given. A note addressed to J. S., Box No. 110 *Times* Office, will be attended to until engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, SOber and healthy young German, (married,) as porter or salesman in any kind of business; can speak English and write a good hand; no objection to small wages, as he desires to get acquainted with the store business. The best of City reference can be given. Call on or address AD. KOERNER, No. 136 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young man who thoroughly understands all its various branches; has long experience in the care and treatment of horses; is a most excellent groom and driver; can come well recommended from his last employer. Address C. O., Box No. 177 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as groom or coachman. He understands the care of horses, and is a good driver. Would assist in the garden or would make himself generally useful. The country preferred. Is of the most obliging disposition. The best of reference can be given. Address J. R., Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, WHO thoroughly understands gardening in all its various branches. Can produce the best of reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Is civil, active and industrious, which his testimonials can certify. Address O. B., No. 15 John-st., for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY REspectable man as coachman; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can produce the very best testimonials from his last and former employers; has lived with some of the highest families in the City. Address No. 704 Broadway, C. Coxhead's saddlery store, or No. 126 East 23d-st., for J. Mc.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A single man; understands his business, and a careful driver, with good City reference from his last employer, with whom he lived four years. Can be seen at No. 53 Madison-av., New-York, or a note addressed to J. F., to the above number, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A GARDENER BY a Scotchman, married, without family; thoroughly conversant with his business; has been 8 years in the country, and can show good recommendations. A note addressed W., Gardener, Thorburn's seed store, No. 15 John-st., will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A steady sober young man; understands his business perfectly; would be found willing and obliging; no objection to the country; has the best of reference. Address C. B., Box No. 136 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A practical man who understands the business in all the various departments and the keeping of a gentleman's place in general. Satisfactory reference will be given. Address T. C., gardener, Box No. 138 *Times* Office, for two days, will be attended.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG MEN; one as traveling valet, to go to Europe; the other as competent waiter in a good private family; none others need apply. Both understand their business well, and have good City reference to that effect. Address S. W., No. 3 Garden-row, corner of 6th-av. and 11th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A young man that understands his business in all its various branches; has long experience in the care and treatment of horses; is a most excellent groom and driver; has good City reference from his former and last employer; is not afraid of work. Address C. M., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS UNDER GARDENer, in a large place, where the higher branches of gardening are carried to perfection, by a young man who has had a liberal experience of the business, and wishes to learn it thoroughly. Can give good recommendations from his last employer. Address M. D., at Smith's, No. 64 White-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY A young man, in a private family; he understands his business thoroughly in all its branches; has no objection to the country. The advertiser will be found civil and obliging; has good City reference. Address B. W., No. 812 Broadway, in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN as a farmer and gardener; one who is thoroughly acquainted with all its various branches, and can come well recommended from his last employer. Address M. O., *Times* Office, Box No. 128, or apply to Mr. HENDERSON, No. 33 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman; has eight years' references. Call at No. 71 West 25th-st., for three days.

BOOK-KEEPER OR SALESMAN.—A GENtleman of middle age, who has had much experience in book-keeping and as agent for the sale of an important branch of American hardware, is desirous of some similar occupation. Satisfactory references can be given. A salary of $600 would be sufficient. Address E. B., Box No. 154 *Times* Office.

A CHEMIST, AN AMERICAN, PUPIL OF Pelouze & Dumas of Paris, is desirous of obtaining a situation in a manufactory of chemicals, or in any establishment where chemical knowledge may be required. Best of references given. Address CHEMIST, Box 1653, New-York Post-office.

TO JEWELERS.—A YOUNG MAN DESIRES a situation as salesman in a jewelry store, or for some manufacturing company. Has had six years' experience as salesman, importer and manufacturer. Salary not so much an object as a permanent situation. Best of references given. Address Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, TO take charge of a place, by an Englishman, with a small family, who thoroughly understands his business, and having been many years in England, [illegible] Europe, a [illegible] [illegible] Can give the best of reference. Can be seen, for two days, at Mr. J. Oxford's [illegible], No. [illegible] Bowery, or a note addressed to C. H. PARKER, [illegible], for one week, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man who truly understands his business in all its branches; also, the management of green and hot house plants; also, the treatment of the vineyard [illegible] has many years experience in this country; also, will take the charge and laying out of new grounds; good reference given. Address F. M. C., [illegible] store, No. 15 Whitlock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER and florist; he understands his business in all its branches; the management of a green-house, garden, out door fruit, flowers and vegetables, and the care of a gentleman's place in general. Can produce satisfactory recommendations. Can be seen at the store of J. M. Thorburn & Co., Valkenburgh, Esq., No. 15 John-st., or a note addressed to J. R., at Bridgeman's, No. 876 Broadway, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN, AN AMERICAN, thoroughly and practically acquainted with farming and stock-raising in all its branches, desires a situation to superintend and work a farm. Is qualified to render valuable services to any one needing them, and can produce satisfactory evidence as to his character and habits. Address Box 2,[illegible] New-York Post-Office, for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A young married man, who thoroughly understands his business; has had long experience in the different green-house plants, also the care and management of hot and cold vineries, and is a good practical landscape gardener. Call, or address, E. F., GARDENER, at J. M. Smyth's seed store, No. 44 White st., for one week.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A RESPECTABLE German Protestant and his wife; no incumbrance; the man as garden, farmer, &c., his wife as cook, laundress, seamstress or dairymaid; they have good reference, and will be found willing and obliging. Apply for two days at No. 292 4th-av., between 2[illegible] and 2[illegible] sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY BY a German man to take charge of a farm; he is a good farmer and gardener; understands the treatment of fruit trees, grape vines and shrubs; knows how to manage horses and cattle in general, and can give good recommendation. Address FARMER, in care of A. Baur, No. 165½ Avenue A, for this week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man, of sober, steady and industrious habits; thoroughly understands gardening in general, vegetables, flowers and fruits; good reference from his last employer. A note addressed to M. L., Box No. [illegible] *Times* Office, will be attended to.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT YOUNG man, a situation as coachman, groom and vegetable gardener; he has filled that situation for several years to the entire satisfaction of his employer; is sober, steady and industrious; willing to make himself useful; wages moderate; best of reference. Call at No. 276 Bowery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestants—man and wife, without incumbrance; the man as coachman and assistant gardener; the woman as first-rate cook, washer and ironer; both understand their business perfectly, and can produce good City reference. Apply at No. 98½ University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, IN A private family, by a very sober, capable man; has no objection to the country for the summer; [illegible] produce the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 119 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN MARried man as farmer and gardener, or as kitchen gardener; is willing to take care of horse and cow and make himself generally useful; is well recommended. Address GERMAN, at seed store No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young man thoroughly posted in the various branches of gardening, laying out ornamental grounds, &c. Best of reference. A note addressed T. M., Box No. [illegible] *Times* Office, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A single man, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; is a careful and steady driver; has a good City and country reference. Address B. M., Mr. Disney's harness store, No. 126 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, as farmer, or would do the work of a vegetable garden if required; understands the care of horses, and is a good driver; understands his business in all its branches. Address B. H. W., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN, (English,) to take charge of a farm or garden, who thoroughly understands his business; has 9 years' experience in the country; good reference given. Address J. D., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITUATIONS on a farm; the man can take charge of a farm and a plain garden, and the wife can do any kind of housework; have but one child. Any gentleman requiring our services can drop a note for F. C., No. 20 White-st., New-York, or McIlvain & Young's, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A man of considerable experience, and capable of taking charge of the best horses that can be intrusted to him. Unquestionable reference as to character can be given. Address JOHN JAMES, Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER WANTS A SITUation as coachman; he understands his business perfectly; can give first-class City testimonial. Address T. C., care of P. Trainer, saddler and harness manufacturer, No. 514 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND vegetable gardener, by a married man, a Scotchman, with a small family; has had several years experience in this country; can give first-class references. Address ALBION, Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISHMAN, a situation as groom and coachman. Can produce the best of reference from his last and former employers of this City. Address W. L., Coachman, No. 126 4th-av., for two days.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUation as assistant book-keeper, or as clerk in a wholesale and retail carpet or crockery store; has had five years' experience and can give the best of references. Address J. M. S., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman and gardener; is willing to make himself generally useful. Best of City and country reference given. Address M. T., Box No. 177 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A SITUation as coachman and gardener; is willing to make himself generally useful. Best of City and country reference given. Address, for two days, J. M., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER OR Cashier by a young man, who can give good reference or security, if required. Address D. W., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A young married man, who is a Protestant, and can give the best of reference from his last place. Address JOHN MANNING, Box No. 189 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman by a single man who thoroughly understands his business. No objection to City or country. Address T. C., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A married man, without family; he perfectly understands his business; can come well recommended. Address GARDENER, Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A PRIvate family by a young Englishman who thoroughly understands his business. Can produce the best of references. Address WAITER, No. 42 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN WANTS A SITUation in a Liquor, Flour or Dry Goods store. Writes a fair hand and has no objection to City or country. Address D. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

LECTURES.

AMERICAN GEOGRAPHICAL AND STATISTICAL SOCIETY.

ANNUAL ADDRESS

BY

THE REV. JOSEPH P. THOMPSON, D. D.

Subject—Value of Geography to the Scholar, the Merchant and the Philanthropist.

Will be delivered in the

Lecture-Room, Clinton Hall, Astor-place,

On THURSDAY, March 17, at 8 o'clock P. M.

JAMES W. BEEKMAN, Rec. Secy.

BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Corner of Court and Joralemon sts. —The Rev. HENRY M. SCUDDER, of India, will deliver a lecture in the Plymouth Church, on TUESDAY EVENING, March 15, commencing at 8 o'clock. Subject—The Physical Features, Races, Languages, Philosophy and Literature of India, with a delineation of Hindoo character. Tickets 25 cents; to be had at the rooms of the Association, of members and at the door.

S. E. BUTLER,

Chairman Committee on Lectures and Meetings.

THE FIRST OF A COURSE OF LECTURES before the Pilgrim Young Men's Christian Association, will be delivered by the Rev. G. ALEXANDER FRANCE, at Continental Hall, southwest corner of 8th-av. and 34th-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, March 15, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Hugh Miller*. A collection will be taken in aid of the building fund of the Pilgrim Baptist Church. Friends of the cause are cordially invited to be present.

THE REV. DR. CHALMERS.—THE REV. DR. HALLEY, of Albany, formerly of Edinburgh, an intimate friend of the late Dr. Chalmers, of Scotland, will deliver a lecture on the life and character of this eminent Divine, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 17, in the church in 13th-st., near 6th-av., commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

M. MIEL'S FOURTH FRENCH LECTURE will take place on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 8 o'clock P. M., in the Cooper Institute, Room No. 23. Subject: *Molière*, and will be repeated on following Thursday, at 4 o'clock, at the Professor's residence, No. 46 East 11th-st. Admission, 50 cents.

FINE ARTS.

A CARD.—VERBOECKHOVEN, SHAYER, KOEKKOEK, Tenkaten, Dillens, Herring, &c. Several fine specimens by the above artists, and many others, with whom the subscriber is in correspondence, may be examined on application at his studios. The Verboeckhoven, representing sheep with a group of poultry, is amongst the finest of his recent productions; also Koekkoeks. The Shayers, also, are of superior merit, and have been executed especially to his order.

J. P. BEAUMONT, No. 513 Broadway,

Artist and Importer of Works of Art, established [illegible]

ARTISTS, TEACHERS AND SCHOOLS are respectfully informed that the subscriber is now selling the best English Canvas, Oil and Water Colors, Brushes, Pastels, Drawing Papers, &c., at lower prices than any other house in the City. W. SCHAUS,

Artists' Colorman, No. 629 Broadway.

TO THE LADIES ONLY.—OUR LATELY-patented abdominal bandages (or ladies' periodical protectors,) are now ready. For sale at the well-known Truss Manufacturing Establishment of Messrs. MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) where a lady is in constant attendance at their private salesroom. Price $1 per piece, or $12 per dozen. The Victoria Bandage Manufacturing Company.

Depôts up town: At Mrs. BOWLES' Corset store, No. 609½ Broadway; and at JOHN FABER'S, Apothecary, No. 475 6th-av., near 29th-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning,—Price Two Cents; served at [illegible] a week; [illegible] Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Fifteen Dollars; twenty copies to one address for Twenty Dollars. Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Our American Cousin—Mr. and Mrs. Peter White.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Veteran, or France [illegible]

THEATRE FRANCAIS—Les Premieres Armes; [illegible]

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Heron & Co.'s Great Equestrian Company—[illegible]

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—Hamlet—Our Irish Cousin.

BOWERY THEATRE—Three Guardsmen—Marietta II.—English Cousin.

BROADWAY THEATRE—[illegible]

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Harvest Home.

[illegible] BUILDINGS—[illegible] Negro Minstrelsy.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas .... 5 P. M.
North and West Way Mail .... 4½ A. M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad ... 5½ A. M. and 5 P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail ..... [illegible]
Mail for Boston, by Railroad ..... 5½ A. M. and 4½ P. M.
Mail for Boston, by Steamboat .... 4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, via St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.) to Placerville, via Salt Lake City, leave St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland via St. Joseph."

Ocean Mail Steamers.

The European mails by the Europa, hence for Liverpool, to-morrow, March 16, will close at the New-York Post-Office at 1 o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The steamship *City of Washington*, from Liverpool on the 2d inst., with four days' later European advices, is now about due at this port. The Sandy Hook Telegraph reported "no signs" at 11 o'clock last night.

By way of Havana, we have details of news from Vera Cruz to Feb. 27. The city was in a state of siege; all ingress and egress landwards were forbidden; and large numbers of those who had not previously fled had taken refuge in the foreign consulates. Much consternation was caused by a rumor that an insurrection in favor of the Church had broken out in Guerrero, detaining General Alvarez from the relief of Vera Cruz. A movement in the Church interest had also been discovered in Merida, Yucatan, but had been promptly suppressed.

By the arrival of the steamship *Philadelphia* we have Havana files to March 9. The news is without interest. There were said to be more than a thousand strangers in Havana. The health of the city was excellent.

The *Prensa de la Habana* announces that the concession to lay the submarine telegraph between Cuba and Key West, will probably be made to the Company of D. Antonio M. Mora, of Havana.

Porto Rico advices to Feb. 28 have come to hand. The sugar crop, owing to the unfavorable weather, threatened to be 30 per cent. less than it reached last year. The sailors rescued from the wrecked slaver were still in confinement, while the negroes were about to be leased to the planters as *emancipados*. No clue had been found to the name or origin of the schooner.

The Overland California Mail, which left San Francisco on the 18th ult., arrived at St. Louis yesterday. The California news is not so late as that received by steamer. At the Apache Pass, several tribes of Indians were assembled for the purpose of making treaties. The Mail Company is still having trouble with the Indians. The Camanches had stolen eighty mules, and the Company were supplying their stations with Sharpe's rifles and ammunition, as a measure of protection. Mr. Jesse Hall, the conductor of the Neosho and Albuquerque Mail, which was destroyed by the Camanches in November last, has been a prisoner among them ever since until some time last week, when he succeeded in making his escape, and reached St. Louis on Sunday.

The case of Mr. Sickles was taken up by the Grand Jury at Washington yesterday, and twelve witnesses were examined. It is probable that a bill will be returned to-day, and that the trial will be put down for Monday next. Mr. Butterworth, who was the principal witness of the fact of the shooting of Mr. Key, and who was examined before the preliminary Court, was not yesterday called upon, or even subpoenaed, by the Grand Jury.

The reported arrival of the *Curacoa* frigate with Lord Lyons, the new British Ambassador on board, proved untrue. It has been stated by some of the evening papers, that the *Curacoa* was ordered to the Chesapeake, but no intimations of the kind were given in the English papers. It was simply [illegible] that she had left on the 22d ult. for the United States. The *European Times* stated that her destination was New-York.

In the State Senate, yesterday, a concurrent resolution was introduced to amend the Constitution, so as to allow a loan of $3,500,000 for the completion of the canals in 1861. During the evening session Mr. Ely introduced two bills—one to authorize an official report in full of each day's legislative proceedings in the State paper, and providing for remuneration; and the other to change the law of libel, so as to provide that no publication in reference to an office-holder shall be deemed a libel, and that any assault upon an editor for such publication shall not be illegal, unless resulting in death. In the Assembly, a favorable report was made on the proposition to abolish the property qualification in the Constitution. A bill was introduced to repeal the law authorizing the State to pay her share towards a national monument in Independence-square, Philadelphia. After some further business, and the Quarantine bills being made the special order for to-morrow evening, the death of Mr. Baker, member from Cattaraugus, was announced, and the Assembly adjourned, after the usual proceedings.

A mass meeting was held last night in Tammany Hall for the purpose of giving expression to the feeling with which the New-York Democracy regard the proposed annexation of Cuba. The meeting was a large one, and comprised most of the leading federal officeholders of the City. Ex-Mayor Mickle presided, Isaac V. Fowler read the resolutions, and Senator Brown, of Mississippi, the Hon. John Cochrane, of New-York and Capt. Rynders, made the speeches. Senator Brown assumed ultra pro-slavery ground, Mr. Cochrane argued the question mainly from a commercial point of view, and Capt. Rynders expressed himself virtually in favor of our taking possession of Cuba by force, if it cannot be obtained otherwise—which was also Senator Brown's position.

A communication from the Comptroller, setting forth that a heavy overcharge had been made by the Assessors and Collectors in the Assessment list for paving Madison-avenue, from Twenty-third to Forty-second-street, with Belgian pavement, was sent to the Board of Aldermen last evening. It was referred. Resolutions directing that the actual opening of Reade-street take place on May 1st next, and that the actual opening of the Second-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-third-street to the Harlem River, take place forthwith, were adopted. The Board resolved that the fountain in the City Hall Park should be closed, and one constructed in Tompkins-square.

A large amount of routine business was transacted in the Board of Councilmen last evening. The Comptroller sent in two communications; one renewing his call for additional clerical aid, and the other in reference to the removal of night soil. Petitions were presented for a trial of iron pavement in Wall-street, for a railroad through East Broadway, Avenue D, &c. Both were referred to the Committee on Streets.

The Board of Supervisors held a short session yesterday, referred a number of resolutions and petitions of little importance to the standing Committees, and adjourned to Monday next.

The Chamber of Commerce met, yesterday, and passed resolutions requesting the Legislature to restore to the Appropriation Bill the $10,000 for the use of the Harbor Commissioners, which had been stricken out, and also asking that the Pilot Commissioners be authorized to act as heretofore with reference to the protection of the harbor from illegal encroachments.

The Austrian Bank Forgery case, in which Henry Rohner is charged with causing to be engraved, in this City, a plate, from which counterfeit impressions of the Hundred Gulden Notes of the Bank of Vienna have been taken was commenced yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, and will probably last some days. The principal witness yesterday was Ferdinand Dessau, the Superintendent of the printing of notes for the Austrian National Bank, who has been sent over to this country by the Directors of that Bank for the purpose of testifying to the forgery.

The trial of James Stephens for the murder of his wife, was continued yesterday in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. The evidence for the prosecution was not exhausted, and will be resumed to-day.

The sales of Cotton, yesterday, were limited to 1,800 bales. Prices were sustained. Flour, Wheat, and Corn were in good request at generally firmer rates. Groceries were quiet. Naval Stores were freely sought after at uniform quotations. Pork and Cut Meats were depressed. Lard, Beef, and Rice attracted more attention. Whisky was heavy and lower. The freight engagements were moderate.

France and England in Italy.

If the Emperor Napoleon III. were a sovereign of the calibre of Louis Philippe, or if his foreign policy were governed like that of his predecessor, by the petty expediences of the hour, by an exclusive tenderness for this or that particular class of his own subjects, or by an instinctive subserviency to the wishes of his leading ally of the moment, we might reasonably enough expect a pacific solution of the Italian question to be the immediate result of Lord Cowley's mission to Vienna, as we assuredly should never have seen the outbreak of the great Crimean war. But the leading peculiarity of the public character of Napoleon III. would seem to be his devotion to large and comprehensive ideas of foreign policy. Whatever mistakes he may have committed or permitted in the domestic administration of France, he has managed the external relations of the Empire with a single and most successful regard to the permanent interests of his people. He has never suffered himself to be diverted from the pursuit of great objects, vital to the influence of France, by any anxiety as to the momentary effect of his resolute course upon public feeling either at home or abroad. When the revelations of Sir Hamilton Seymour and the conduct of Prince Menschikoff had made it perfectly plain that France must either seize the leadership of Europe or abandon the East to Russia and the West to England, Napoleon never hesitated for an instant. The Russian war was at first excessively unpopular in France. It was not even really popular in England until it had been fairly commenced. The double-minded machinations of Austria, the scarce-concealed hostility of Prussia, the ancient sympathy of all English Governments with both of these States, and even with Russia herself, made the position of France most perilous, and might well have deterred a less imperial brain and will from entering upon a crusade at once so decisive and so dangerous. Napoleon III. chose his part, and did his work, with an emphasis and to a triumphant result, which all the world now readily acknowledges.

The London journalists who dwell now with so rancorous an earnestness upon the difficulties which menace the Emperor in his present dealings with Austria, have most conveniently forgotten that but five years ago difficulties far more numerous and formidable hedged his onward march to the ramparts of Sebastopol; that Russia in Turkey was never so thoroughly isolated as is Austria in Italy from the good will and the respect of Europe, and that there is no sovereign State ready to interpose between Paris and Milan the barricades which the Courts of Germany threw up so eagerly between Paris and Warsaw.

Still more plainly and still more conveniently have the same journalists forgotten the eagerness with which England herself, not three years since, pressed upon Europe precisely the policy which Napoleon III. has now boldly undertaken to carry out, and how she clamored with all the unruly vehemence of a constitutional Senate, and an unfettered Press, for precisely the measures which French diplomacy is now urging upon Austrian selfishness, stubbornness and pride.

The English papers, with a few honorable exceptions, and English statesmen with more or less openness, are now charging it upon the French Emperor that he has "willfully disturbed the peace of the world and excited alarm throughout Europe, merely that he may keep himself well up to the expectations of his people, and seem at least to be on the point of doing great things." An accusation more silly and more wicked has rarely been leveled at a great sovereign, by a people indebted to him, as are the English to Napoleon III., for the most important international offices of loyalty and good faith in a trying crisis of their national history. To us in America, who are gravely interested in the prospects of peace and war abroad, it is a matter of the first importance to understand how baseless this accusation is. For if Napoleon's recent movements are but a feint of egotistical jugglery, provoked by no real emergency in the foreign relations of the State, then we may fairly expect to see him recede from the position he has taken up, and eat, as it were, his own words. If, on the contrary, France is now speaking to Austria with the voice of history and of Europe, then we may be sure that no slight or inadequate concessions, wrung from the Ministers of Francis Joseph, can really avert a catastrophe which certain classes in France, and almost all men in England, would seem to fear more than the loss of national honor, more than the grossest present inconsistency, more than the infinite multiplication of perils for future years. The Italian question, so far from being the creation of Napoleon III., to serve his own purposes, is a legacy of trouble entailed upon him by the reckless negotiators of Vienna in 1815; by the reactionary French Governments of the Restoration and of July, and by the vacillating policy of England throughout the last thirty years.

The treaties of 1815, of which Lord Palmerston and other leaders of the English political world now speak with bated breath, as of something too sacred to be lightly whispered of, and for the maintenance of which the London *Times* contends that no sacrifice is too great, have been for years the jest and the shame of Europe. On the 6th of May, 1856, the London *Times*, in expatiating upon the wisdom of the Emperor Napoleon III., and the excellence of the Treaty of Paris, then just concluded, said, with perfect truth and perilous honesty, that those

"who would compare the treaties just executed at Paris with those made at Vienna, would be startled to find how many things England, victorious after her long and desolating war with Napoleon I., was obliged to forego in 1815; *and these not matters of secondary importance, but, as subsequent events have shown, essential to the peace of Europe.*"

The treaties of Vienna were indeed concluded in haste, to be repented of at leisure. Before the return of Napoleon from Elba, the negotiations of the great Powers had nearly issued in an open rupture between England and her Continental allies; and the treaties which were executed after Waterloo were adopted, without any serious conviction on the part of any of the contracting powers that they would do more for the "settlement of Europe" than simply put an end to a conflict which no State was either able or willing to prolong. They were drawn up rather with a view to the immediate convenience of a few reigning dynasties than to the permanent wants and national tendencies of Europe. "Their results," as the London *Times* went on, quite in the vein of M. de la Gueronniere, to show, "have since been seen in the Polish Revolution of 1830; in the destruction of the Republic of Cracow by Russia, Prussia and Austria in 1847; and in many other ways in which the despotic spirit which it was the wish and the duty of England to have controlled has burst through the bulwarks that were raised against its encroachments." They were seen too, we may add, in the preponderance which Nicholas I. gradually acquired during his reign for the influence of Russia on the Continent; in the Spanish troubles, which provoked the Quadruple Treaty of 1835 for the "settlement" of the throne of Isabella II.; in the Miguelite war, which urged England to interfere with the strong hand in Portuguese politics in 1847. They have never ceased for a moment to be seen in the affairs of Italy.

In 1847, when Pius IX., for a few months seemed about to lead Italy onward, beneath the banner of the Cross, to independence, England applauded the threatened ruin of these treaties of 1815, with all her voices. It was upon France, and the Guizot Ministry of Louis Philippe, that Austria then relied to aid her in humbling the papacy, maintaining the "order of 1815," and perpetuating the enslavement of Italy. The London *Times* then heaped abuse upon France for her "inglorious inertness;" spoke of Sardinia as the "ancient ally whom Great Britain should defend against Austria;" and plainly told the Cabinet of Vienna that England would not recognize "the right of Austria to retain in subjection, by armed force, States whose Constitutions had been modified by the course of events." For England, in 1847, the treaties of 1815 were come to an end; broken, as the Queen solemnly protested in her speech, by the "destruction of the independence of Cracow;" and "shaken to pieces," as Sir Robert Peel put it, by the bad faith of Austria and her accomplices.

In 1856, on the 7th of May, the ink being hardly dry upon the signatures to the Peace of the great Powers, the London *Times* revived the cry of 1847, and urged the policy which Napoleon III. has now undertaken to enforce. Nothing has since occurred to rob the picture which the *Times* then drew of the Italian question of its color or its truth; and it may well be reproduced to-day as the best possible answer to the charge that Napoleon III. is wantonly trifling with the welfare of mankind. Of Rome the *Times* said:

"A feeble prelate placed on a throne which he is unfitted to fill, nominally rules this unhappy region. He cannot leave his palace without hearing the dismal cries and looking on the moody faces of those over whom it is asserted that God has given him a double charge. The Northern provinces of his dominions are occupied by Austrian troops. The people of the Legations have recollections of better times and juster laws, for even conscriptions which hurried them to fight a great conqueror's battles everywhere from Lisbon to Moscow, were not so grievous as the deadly oppression under which they now groan. They are imprisoned without trial by an Austrian police. They are shot without crime by Austrian courts-martial. The privacy and honor of their homes are at the mercy of Austrian commandants. They suffer the strangely combined evils of despotism and anarchy."

But Rome was not all Italy, as it would now appear to be in the columns of the English organ. *"Sicily, ruined and oppressed,"* asked *"for a deliverer;"*

"*The Milanese and Venetian Provinces, though part of the Austrian Empire,*" said the *Times*, "*we must not be induced by any false delicacy to sever from Italy.* All the evils which foreign rule brings with it, insolence on the one side, bitter heart-burnings on the other, wanton and wholesale arrests, delations, forfeitures, long and unjust imprisonments, sentences out of proportion to offences, prevail in the regions subjected to the German sway. *Indeed, Italy cries aloud to all men who have eyes, hearts and imaginations, to see and feel for the wrongs of humanity. Compared with this enduring and organized oppression, what are the sufferings of the Rayah from the outbursts of Mussulman violence? But the remonstrances of Lord Clarendon, the representations of the Sardinian Plenipotentiary, the universal feeling of England, and the good-will of the French Government, give hopes at last that this reign of evil is about to be brought to a close. It remains to take active measures for doing what the whole world feels must be done.*"

These active measures the Emperor of the French, after waiting three years to see England move in this matter, is now taking. He repudiates the policy spurned by England in 1847; he adopts the policy urged by England in 1856. With the moral weight of forty years of history in his favor, it would certainly seem to be next to impossible for him, whose nearest interests, as well personal and dynastic as national, are involved in the real settlement of Italian affairs, to accept any merely temporary or inadequate solution of the questions involved.

The Sanitary Condition of the City.—At this healthiest season of the year, when there has been no sudden increase of our population by immigration, the last three reports of our City Inspector have exhibited an alarming increase in the bills of mortality. Last week the increase was ten deaths over the week previous, and the week before the increase was twenty. As there are no epidemics existing to which this increase of mortality can be attributed, there can be no doubt that the unhealthiness of the City, as indicated by the returns of the City Inspector is owing to the scandalous condition of the streets. Our lanes, alleys, wharves and public thoroughfares are now encumbered by three months' accumulations of filth, and as the weather is unusually warm for the season, the malaria engendered by the heaps of festering filth is doing its deadly work on the wretched denizens of those localities where a constant circulation of pure air cannot be obtained.

For this most deplorable and disgraceful state of affairs the Mayor and Board of Aldermen are directly responsible. Between them they have conspired to keep the City without any legal head of the City Inspector's Department, to which the duty belongs of seeing that the contractors for street-cleaning do their duty. Under our last Charter, the head of the street-cleaning department held his office wholly independent of the Mayor and Aldermen, and defied their authority. There was no way by which he could be reached, except by impeachment, and one of the chief motives for giving the City a new Charter was to place this officer directly under the control of the Mayor and Aldermen, that they might remove him when he neglected his duties, and be responsible for his conduct. The result is that we have now no City Inspector at all, and there is no person who has the right to attend to the duties of the office. The Mayor has nominated a man for the place whom the Aldermen will not confirm, and as his Honor chooses to select this special occasion for exhibiting his firmness of purpose, the old incumbent holds on to the place, and the City suffers.

Obstinacy is a very valuable virtue in certain cases, and private individuals have an undoubted right to exercise it to any extent when their own private interests only are at stake. But public officers have no right to exercise it at the expense of the public welfare. The Mayor and the Aldermen should adopt some measures for a compromise, or the Board of Health should at once take the matter in hand, and have the streets attended to, or we shall very soon be suffering from an epidemic.

Tammany on Cuba.

When the ears of quiet citizens are deafened by the repeated discharge of a great gun in the Park, and a band "indifferent good" discourses music "indifferent bad" from the balcony of the Tammany Hotel, we believe it is the proper and conventional thing for the morning papers to state that "the old Wigwam was in its glory last night." We, therefore, do not hesitate to employ the phrase with reference to a meeting of "the Democracy" held last evening at Tammany Hall, to consider the question of the acquisition of Cuba, nor have we the smallest desire to dispute with the wigwam in question any of the glory which it may have acquired by the demonstration. The public are so accustomed to hear that "dead issues" have been anatomized at Tammany to amuse the "unterrified," and to serve the political purposes of the Sachems, that a meeting to consider subjects on which discussion can throw no new light, and to agitate measures beyond the power of the strongest galvanic batteries to revive, need excite no special astonishment, even when heralded with a hundred guns, a barrel bonfire, three hand-organs, and an army of shouting boys.

A convention for the purpose of promoting the acquisition of Cuba under President Buchanan, has just about as much practical importance as a council of war to determine the length of Charlemagne's spurs, or a Jesuit Congress to plan the recovery of Martin Luther from the heterodoxy of his ways. It would seem that the leaders of the Democracy do not take a greatly different view of the case. For Mr. Slidell, who fought so stoutly to the last over his bantling in the Senate was not present to tell the story of its death and burial; and Senator Benjamin likewise failed to lend his silvery eloquence to the congenial task of pointing out the road to Cuba, and of leading the way therein for the enthusiastic multitude assembled to await his summons. In the stead of these illustrious chieftains came plain Senator Brown, of Mississippi, who resembles them no more than Fanny Ellsler resembles the mother of the Gracchi; but who vomited the usual proportion of fillibustering fire-works and Democratic ribbon, to the great delight of the "sovereigns." The specific points of Senator Brown's harangue were few and simple.

When he remarked that he was in favor of acquiring Cuba because she would come in as a Slave State, he spoke candidly. When he said that Slavery was sanctioned by the Divine law, he was merely impertinent to the question; and when he went so far as to declare that the Democratic party would rush to the polls in 1860 upon the direct issue of the immediate possession of Cuba, he twaddled almost sublimely. And he indulged himself in a little of that sort of logic which, how effective soever it may be in the close quarters of Mississippi, is apt to miss in the long range of these latitudes, when he stated that "of the three courses for the acquisition of Cuba, that by purchase is the most honorable, that by conquest the most certain, and that by fillibustering the most probable." He will hardly find the good people of Gotham ready to indorse this curious position, and to assume that of three ways to an end the United States will inevitably select that one which is neither honorable nor safe.

Tammany has exploded its powder, burnt up its tar-barrels, blown off its music. These are past praying for. But it can at least reconsider its position, and in some soberer moment of the future will doubtless do so with emphasis, if not with delight.

The President and the Democracy.—A letter from Washington represents Mr. Buchanan as denouncing the Democratic Party in unmeasured terms. He accuses them of having deserted him and left him utterly without the means of carrying on the government. The reproach is not wholly undeserved. Judged by the standard of public duty the Democratic Party has not met the responsibility resting upon it. Being in absolute possession of the Government, it was bound to protect the public welfare:—and no consideration of party interest, still less any motive of factious discontent, could release it from this obligation.

Upon party grounds, however, the matter rests on a different footing. Mr. Buchanan must be aware that he has given his party every possible provocation for leaving him to his own resources. He has evinced, from the moment of his accession the most sovereign disregard of its principles, its traditions and its interests. He has insulted and estranged all its recognized leaders, turned its platform bottom upwards, and devoted himself to the task of building up a personal faction devoted to himself instead of the party. Such a course deserves but one reward and can have but one result. Any party will in self-defence punish such interested treachery, perpetrated by those whom it has raised to power. The misfortune is that this penalty should be imposed at the expense of the country. For the sake of reaching the President, the Democratic majority in Congress has exposed the whole country to the hazards of disgrace and the certainty of very great inconvenience. How these evils are to be averted remains to be seen.

Amending the Constitution.—Three propositions are before the Legislature for amending the Constitution. One proposes to reorganize the Court of Appeals, reducing the number of judges from eight to six, and causing them all to be elected by general ticket, instead of taking part from the Supreme Court Bench. This is practical, sensible and necessary. The second and third propose to extend the electoral suffrage,—one by permitting negroes to vote without the property qualification at present required; and the other by permitting women to vote without any qualifications at all. It is not probable that either of these latter propositions will pass the Legislature. If they do, and are submitted to the popular vote, they are not likely to be adopted there.

The Business Season.—Our advertising friends show an eager desire to monopolize our columns, which is somewhat embarrassing, though not positively unpleasant. They are encroaching upon our reading space to a disastrous extent. We always expect a freshet in the Spring, but it comes this year at least a month earlier than usual. If the waters rise much higher we shall be compelled to resort to some measures, more or less violent, for relief. The fact is, the whole business of the country opens this year with signs of marked and vigorous prosperity. It is possible that these appearances may be, as the *Tribune* insists they are, delusive,—but thus far, certainly,—taking the advertising columns as an index,—they have a remarkably solid and substantial look.

Changes in the English Laws of Property.

There is probably nothing which exercises so much influence, not only upon the political but social condition of England as her property laws,—the manner in which the landed estates are held, settled, conveyed and transmitted. Nothing does so much to keep things fixed—to preserve "the framework of society" from destruction, and the "floodgates" from being opened, and enable "the Queen's Government to be carried on." Nothing raises so great a hubbub as any attempt to touch them. Upon no subject has there been such scandalously partial legislation. The House of Commons, in its fairest, most Christian and most liberal moods, is a very tiger of ferocious impatience when any enterprising Radical raises a point which directly or indirectly touches "gentlemen's titles." And no wonder; for with the existing laws of real property, the existing Constitution in Church and State is inseparably bound up. The abolition of primogeniture would cause the aristocracy to disappear from around the throne, like a morning mist. Even greatly increased facilities for selling and disposing of land, the mere simplification of conveyancing would act as a powerful leveler. Mr. Bright may talk in vain of aristocratic privileges and of the sovereign virtues of the ballot-box as long as eldest sons can entrench themselves behind the law of descent, and as long as personal property besides its greater precariousness has to bear the burden of unequal taxation and greater liability.

The present Solicitor-General has introduced into the House of Commons, with marked approval, a measure which contemplates a curious change in the English system of conveyancing, which, while perfectly satisfactory to landholders, is, in so far as it facilitates immensely the transfer of real estate, curiously enough decidedly radical in its tendency. To estimate its importance, it is necessary to know what changes it proposes to effect, though it is difficult to give the American public, accustomed as it is to seeing land bought and sold with almost as much ease and facility as furniture or cattle, an idea of the difficulties which surround the sale of an English estate, whether it be a town lot or a lordly domain.

In the first place, there is no registry of deeds. Several attempts have been made at various times to establish one, but unsuccessfully. The country gentlemen, and even the law lords, notably Lord St. Leonards, the greatest real property lawyer of his day, have always bitterly opposed it on two grounds—the difficulty of making a beginning, and the unpleasantness of having all one's family affairs known to everybody who chooses to inspect the registrar's books. This last objection has a force in England which it would not have here, even if we were as bashful and secretive as the English, inasmuch as most of the property of wealthy families consists of landed estates. On the marriage of the eldest son, these are always "settled" by an elaborate deed, making provision for his wife, his issue, his mother, his brothers and sisters, and so on. Anybody who can get a glimpse of it can always tell the precise amount of means every member of the family will, in all probability, possess for two generations. Trade or speculations would not there, as here, disturb his calculations.

Next there is the trouble and expense of searches. When one wants to sell his property he must submit his deeds for forty, sixty or a hundred years back to the inspection of the attorney of the purchaser. Every one of these deeds is probably a "settlement" by which innumerable collateral interests are created. The attorney makes an abstract thereof, and submits it for the advice of a conveyancing barrister. These conveyancers, or at least the leading ones, whose opinion is most sought after, are overwhelmed with business, and "the opinion" is probably not forthcoming for months—so that the search of a single title hardly ever takes less than three months, and generally a year. If it is desired to raise money on mortgage the same process has to be gone through, and it is as necessary in the sale or mortgage of half an acre as of half a county. If it were intended to invent a plan which should prevent real property changing hands, except on rare occasions and in great extremities, it would be hard to devise a better one.

The Solicitor-General proposes to remedy all this by establishing a "Landed Estates Court" in London, on the plan of the one now in operation in Dublin, the successor of the Incumbered Estates Court which did so much good in 1849-'50. Any landholder who wishes to make his title clear can come in and petition this Court, which will thereupon advertise for a certain period, hear all rival claimants and incumbrancers, examine his deeds and after the lapse of fifteen months give him an absolute, indefeasible title, good against the world. This title will be registered, just as the ownership of a ship is, so that a purchaser or mortgagee will only have to look in the court-book to satisfy himself. Every change of ownership will be indicated by a change of name in the registry, and every mortgagee can save his rights, or rather make them known by attaching thereto a *caveat*. Since the abolition of feudal tenures, no so great change has occurred in the real property law of England. It is one step more, and a huge one, towards a state of things on which all true democracy must of necessity be based—the close assimilation, in incidents, of modes of transfer of real and personal property. Its importance in this point of view it is difficult to estimate, and perhaps the most remarkable thing about it is the enthusiasm with which the landholders hail it.

Amusements.

Niblo's Theatre.—Mr. Van Amburgh's celebrated performing animals were exhibited here last night for the first time this season. The house was much fuller than usual, and we may therefore reasonably conclude that the "varmints" draw. Their exhibition by the gentleman who enjoys their snarls is evidently a desperate and exciting thing. People fond of showy excitements will no doubt avail themselves of the present opportunity.

Matinee.—Messrs. Mason and Thomas will give their Fourth *Matinée* to-day at Dodworth's Hall, assisted by Mrs. Mozart and Mr. J. S. Jameson. Beethoven's Sonata in C minor, and Schuberth's Quartette in E flat, major are the principal attractions.

New-Hampshire Election.—The returns from New-Hampshire give the following summary of the result of the election in that State: The Republican vote of this State, so far as heard from, is 35,791; Democratic, 31,926; making Goodwin's majority 3,765. The whole vote of the State is about 69,000. The vote of last year was, Haile, 36,333, Cate, 31,591; Haile's majority 4,132. There are 12 towns to hear from, which, taking the vote of last year as indicative, will give Goodwin 3,418 majority. The Congressional returns, so far as heard from, are, in the First District, the majority for Mr. Marston will be about 750; in the Second District, for Mr. Tappan, 1,600; in the Third, for Mr. Edwards, from 1,000 to 1,200. The Republicans have chosen eight, and possibly nine, out of the twelve State Senators. They also count upon 74 majority in the House of Representatives.

[illegible] Departure to Albany—Movement of [illegible].—The steamer *New-World*, Capt. [illegible], left New-York last evening, at 6 o'clock, for Albany, on her first trip for the season. She had a [illegible] of freight and some one hundred passengers, for the first trip, and upon so short a notice, was considered a large number. This is [illegible] earlier than she made the first trip last [illegible] [illegible] on the [illegible] of [illegible]. [illegible] the fact that the [illegible] will [illegible] to the [illegible]. Among the passengers were a portion of Company [illegible], Second Artillery, from Fort Hamilton, consisting of fifty-four men and three officers, who have been suddenly ordered to proceed to Plattsburgh. They are commanded by Capt. Harvey A. Allen, who is accompanied by First Lieutenant Thos. [illegible] and Second Lieutenant Saint Clair Dearing. The order from the War Department arrived at midnight on Sunday, to proceed forthwith. The movement is supposed to have reference to the protection of the United States Government Reservation against squatters, who have heretofore given some trouble. Lieutenant Dearing has just returned from a three years' campaign in Oregon. The company received the compliment of a salute of eight guns when they left Fort Hamilton, at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The steamer *North America*, Capt. Tupper, also started on her third trip to Rondout last evening at 6 P. M., she having made two trips to Newburg. She had a very good load of freight, which has steadily increased since the first trip. The passenger barge *Republic*, for Poughkeepsie, also went up for the first time, carrying a full freight and about thirty passengers.

Funeral of Signor La Manna.—The funeral of Signor La Manna, the well-known musical director, took place yesterday, from his residence in Brooklyn. Dominico La Manna was born in Palermo, Sicily, and received his musical education in the College *Dei Buon Pastore*, amongst the pupils of which, by his talents and industry, he occupied a prominent position. He arrived in this country in 1837, with twenty-one other Italian musicians, in the United States man-of-war *John Adams*. He first played at Palmo's *Café de l'Independence*, at the corner of Reade-street and Broadway. Afterwards Palmo built the "Apollo," in Broadway, near Canal-street, for the purpose of giving marionette performances, Charles Pazzaglia being leader of the orchestra, and La Manna second leader. Afterwards he occupied the post of second leader in Palmo's Opera-House, Chambers-street, Signor Rapetti being the conductor. Later he has been leader at Niblo's, Wallack's, and the Broadway Theatre, in New-York, and lastly at the Washington and the Montreal Theatres. Within the last year he has been gradually declining, until he died on Saturday morning, at 1 o'clock, at the age of 48 years, 10 months, and 2 days. He leaves a wife and three children, the eldest, a boy, being 13 years old. He was a good musician, devoted husband, fond father, and sincere friend. The funeral service (Episcopalian) was read by a French minister. There were present many members of the Dramatic Fund, Musical Fund, Musical Protection Association, as well as personal and Masonic friends. He was buried in Greenwood Cemetery.

Chamber of Commerce.—A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday, Mr. Perit in the Chair. The movement in the Legislature striking from the appropriation bill $10,000 for the Harbor Commissioners was the cause of the meeting. Such action being deemed equivalent to abolishing the Commission, and leaving the Harbor to take care of itself, the object of the meeting was to express the views of the merchants of New-York upon that subject. The President explained the origin of the Commission, and the service it had rendered to the City and its commerce in preventing encroachments upon the harbor, by the illegal extension of wharves and piers. Mr. A. A. Low presented a preamble and resolutions, asking the Legislature that the sum of $10,000, which had been struck out of the annual appropriation bill by the Assembly, be restored, and that the Pilot Commissioners act as they had done heretofore with regard to the harbor encroachments. Mr. Blunt stated that the Pilot Commissioners were now in arrears to their employees $10,000 for the past year. The preamble and resolutions were adopted and ordered to be transmitted to Albany for action of the Legislature. The Chamber then adjourned.

Disgusting Condition of the Potter's Field on Fourth-avenue.—The work of removing the dead bodies from the Potter's Field bounded by the Fourth and Lexington avenues, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, was commenced under the direction of the City authorities last year. During the Summer it was deemed imprudent to disinter these bodies, numbering several thousands, which still remained there; indeed, many residents in the vicinity, among them President King, of Columbia College, complained that the further prosecution of the work during the warm weather was a nuisance, and it was abated until the cold weather should set in. During the whole Winter, however, nothing has been done there. Meantime the thin layer of earth which covered some hundred half-decayed coffins has fallen away, and the bodies are exposed to view. Crowds of urchins assemble there daily and play with the bones of the dead; troops of hungry dogs prowl about the grounds and carry off skulls and detached parts of human bodies. The spectacle is a most disgusting one, and calls for the immediate attention of the authorities.

Rescued from Drowning—Attempted Suicide.—About 9½ o'clock yesterday morning, Samuel McCaffrey, (tailor,) residing on the corner of the Bowery and Rivington-street, attempted to commit suicide by jumping from the Hamilton-avenue ferry-boat *Transit*, (forward of the wheels,) when about midway the river. He actually passed under the wheels without receiving any injury. Mr. John [illegible], deck-hand on the above steamer, immediately launched the life-boat, and after a great deal of difficulty succeeded in saving him. When rescued it was found that the cause for this attempt upon his life was *delirium tremens*, he having had some domestic difficulties which occasioned his resort to strong drink to drown care. He was taken in charge by the Harbor Police and sent to the Hospital for medical aid.

Complaints against the Hudson River Railroad.—Mr. Geo. A. Barney, who does business at No. 40 Hudson-street, appeared yesterday before the Committee on Railroads, of the Board of Councilmen, and stated that the Hudson River Railroad Company had recently laid a new turn-out between Reade and Duane-streets for the use of an Express Company which runs cars over their road, and that the carts which are continually accumulating at that point obstruct the sidewalk and interfere seriously with business. On behalf the merchants in that vicinity, he asked the Committee to take steps towards abating the nuisance.

Wonderful Escape.—Mr. Wm. Skelly, who resides in Forty-ninth-street, on Sunday afternoon attended the funeral of a friend. On reaching home the driver, at his invitation, went into the house for a few moments, leaving one of Mr. Skelly's little boys standing on the steps of the carriage. The horses took fright at something and immediately commenced running at a furious rate. The boy had not time or presence of mind to jump off, but managed to get into the carriage. After running several blocks the horses brought the carriage into collision with a lumber-waggon. The lighter vehicle was utterly demolished, but the boy, strange to relate, escaped unharmed.

Gang of Burglars Broken Up.—A desperate gang of young burglars—the oldest not over twenty—have until lately, been driving a thriving business in the Seventh Ward. Within a few days six have been arrested, and are now awaiting trial. At an early hour yesterday morning, Daniel Dempsey, the last one of the gang, was captured in the house of Mr. Barnes Elmore, No. 266 Cherry-street, which he had entered for the purpose of robbery. He was locked up by Justice Steers to await trial with his late confederates. They called themselves the "Seven leagued boots."

The Haskin Libel Case.—Judge Robertson, County Judge of Westchester County, has decided that the trial, in the case of the alleged libel upon the Hon. J. B. Haskin, published in the *Herald*, must proceed before him in Westchester County. He has, therefore, issued an order directing the defendant to appear and plead before him this morning. Mr. Gerhardt, on behalf of the defendant, presented a protest against the decision, and respectfully refused to appear. Mr. Haskin asked the Court to call upon the defendant to plead at once, and, in case of failure to do so, to declare the recognizances forfeited.

An Imposter Arrested.—A German, giving his name as David Steinberger, was detected yesterday, imposing upon citizens in the upper part of the City, by soliciting money under pretence that he wished it to aid him in burying his wife, whom he alleged had just died of ship fever. A person, suspecting that he was an imposter, followed him and was not long in detecting the imposition. The base impostor was taken before Justice Kelly and locked up.

Probable Suicide of "Bose Harrington."—William Harrington, aged 36 years, well known as a pugilist in this City, disappeared from his home nearly six weeks since, and no tidings have been received of him. He remarked to his wife previous to his disappearance that unless he could keep from drinking liquor, he would commit suicide by drowning, but the threat was supposed at the time to be a mere drunken jest; but it is thought now that he carried his threat into effect. He has left a family.

Alleged Petty Swindle by a Broker.—Mr. Joseph Moses, doing business at No. 30 Bowery, yesterday made a complaint before Justice Osborn, charging Joseph F. Perry, a Wall-street broker, with swindling him out of $20, by giving him a worthless check upon the Bowery Bank. A warrant was issued for the broker's arrest, and the magistrate committed him for trial.

The Fireman's Benefit.—The lecture announced for last evening by Hon. J. B. Somes, at the Cooper Institute, was postponed on account of the weather, and for want of an audience.

[illegible] SOUTH PACIFIC.

Revolutionary Movements in Chili—[illegible] Engaged in Them—American [illegible]—Shipping and Commercial [illegible]

From Our Own Correspondent.

VALPARAISO, Monday, Jan. 26, 1859.

[illegible] sorry to write still of political disturbances [illegible] is no knowing when or what the end [illegible] informed you two weeks ago of the outbreak [illegible]. That is not quelled. The report [illegible] had been sacked was exaggerated. [illegible] dollars belonging to the town treasury [illegible] by the rebels, and $5,000 belonging [illegible] custom-house. But private property was respected. [illegible] outbreak has occurred in Talca [illegible] from the capital. [illegible] province of Concepcion, usually the focus of [illegible], is still quiet.

[illegible] the country was declared in a state of [illegible] Congress being called [illegible] voted down the law proposed [illegible] conferring extraordinary powers [illegible] one year, in order to restore quiet. [illegible]

The President of the Republic is authorized [illegible] of one year, to cause persons to be arrested [illegible] from one part of the country to another [illegible] of an individual and [illegible] believed to be necessary; to augment the [illegible] of the standing army to the extent [illegible] may demand; to employ the public [illegible]

[illegible] you will perceive are quite [illegible] quite necessary. Without them the [illegible] of the country cannot be maintained, perhaps not with them.

The general revolution I conceive to be entirely [illegible]. The opposition to the Administration is composed of the two extremes of ultra-liberals and ultra-conservatives. Their only bond of union is hostility to the existing Government. They have no mutual confidence or sympathy. Each is scheming to "do" the other. Could they succeed in ousting [illegible] they would at once fall out among themselves, and then anarchy would ensue, for neither section could succeed in carrying on the Government. Our only hope is, therefore, in the Administration holding its ground, of which there is less reason for certainty than we wish.

[illegible] is in the hands of the Government forces; [illegible] fifty-four miles in the interior, is occupied entirely by the insurgents. They are headed by [illegible] GALLO, who is styled Intendente. It is said, however, that the body of the citizens have no sympathy with his movement.

[illegible], A. C. GALLO, and two others, are in prison and under sentence of death, for promoting [illegible] in Santiago. This is the sentence the laws [illegible], consequently the courts have had to pronounce it. It lies with the President and his advisers [illegible] shall be carried into execution. But I [illegible] it will not be.

[illegible] as well as in Concepcion and Aconcagua, [illegible] arrests have been made, and in fact are being made every day.

Business is in great stagnation. Few sales, slow [illegible], high prices, and high rates of exchange. Drafts on the United States are at 10 per cent. at sixty days sight.

A gentleman wrote me recently from Tacna, in Peru, that exchange at that place on this, was from [illegible] per cent. premium. Tacna is only six days [illegible] communication by steamer twice a month.

The amount of imports to this country from the [illegible] slope of the Andes, at Aconcagua, during the last six months of the present year, was $426,000; consisting chiefly of cattle, horses, mules, tallow, [illegible], dried fruits, and soap; also a small amount of [illegible] copper and ores.

Our communication with Talcahuano is now quite frequent. The Valparaiso goes every week. She is an American propeller, and is doing a fair business. The Prince of Wales, British, goes twice a month.

The whaling season at that port is just beginning. Few whalers come here. But provisions are cheaper there; that is, all the products of the country. March is the month when the largest number of whalers gather there.

The promise of the crops is good as yet. This is the time of harvest. The only fear is that the revolution will draw off from agricultural labors the few hands there are. You would be surprised to see how sparsely the country sections are populated.

The Valparaiso Bank, of discounts and deposits, has just held its annual meeting of shareholders. The number of shares is 4,000, at $500 a share. Twenty-five per cent., $125 on a share, is the capital paid in. The Bank is exceedingly cautious in all its operations. During the last six months it has lost nothing by bad debts. It emits no bills. The dividend for the last half year proposed by the Directors is 4½ per cent. The total of profits for the half year past is [illegible], to which, adding $9,000 balance from former account, the amount of profits on hand is $[illegible]. Of this sum, $[illegible] are proposed to be distributed now as dividend; $12,000 retained to meet contingencies, and $[illegible] passed to account of reserved fund. The reserved fund will then amount to about $14,000.

The shareholders of the Bank have also determined to erect a building for its accommodation. They have purchased a lot in front of the Exchange building, at [illegible] of the Mole. Plans have been made out and an edifice is to be reared which shall be an ornament to the city. The cost of land and edifice will be not far from $80,000.

I will add that the amount of deposits in the Bank during the last six months has been about fourteen millions of dollars; amount of discounts four millions; advances on accounts current $850,000; rate of interest on deposits at call 3 per cent.; fixed rate of interest 12 per cent. per annum.

A lamentable accident occurred Jan. 7 in Talcahuano Bay. Seven men attempted to cross to Tome in a sail-boat, which was capsized, and were drowned. Three of these were Americans, one a Frenchman, and three Chilians. The Americans were DAVID [illegible], of Martha's Vineyard, leaves a wife and two children; BENJAMIN F. DOANE, of Fair Haven, (?) [illegible], unmarried; and Captain HORACE YOUNG, of [illegible], leaving wife and family.

This has been a most melancholy event, and has cast quite a shade of grief over the community.

VALPARAISO, Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1859.

The political condition of affairs to this date remains much the same as at my last writing. The rebellion is now confined to two spots; at the north the city of Copiapo is occupied by insurgents, headed by [illegible]; and at the south Talca is in similar hands, under the command of ARRIAGO. From the bodies of troops ordered to march to Talca, it is certain that a serious revolt has taken place there. In fact, it is said that news arrived in Santiago, a day or two since, which has not been published. Hence we guess it was unfavorable to the Government.

This outbreak is every way to be deplored; and while there is no cause sufficient to warrant it, yet it is to be feared that the Administration has not succeeded in practicing the conciliatory policy that was to be desired. When, however, the present Government is compared with any that have preceded it, no one can deny that it bears the palm of superiority. The country enjoys excellent credit abroad; witness the late loan negotiated with BARINGS, in London, [illegible] at four and a half per cent. And although hard times have prevailed here to the diminution of business, yet the domestic prosperity has been as great as could, under the circumstances, be expected.

I now fear that we are entering on a period of [illegible] that will not terminate soon, and that will involve [illegible] outlays of revenue, as well as loss of life.

From Lota, a coal-mining town south of Talcahuano, news has been received of a fire that destroyed twenty four of the miners' huts, on the 10th ult.

In Concepcion the printing office of the paper El [illegible] del Pueblo has been ordered to be closed by the Government. Arrests had taken place also, in hopes of preventing a revolution there.

Three whalers had come in to get supplies at Talcahuano. The Susan and Mary, which landed nine hundred barrels of oil at Sandwich Islands, sailed [illegible], to cruise, 13th ult. The Phenix arrived, in [illegible], and was loading for the United States. The [illegible] S. A. Lace had taken six hundred barrels in [illegible] twelve months, which were shipped on board the Phenix.

The line of American stage-coaches is running [illegible] to Chilian Baths. This season they are [illegible]. The ride occupies about two days.

The steamboat Screwsper, put on the River Bio-bio, [illegible] Concepcion, by [illegible], is advertised for sale [illegible], with the river privilege, by M.'s assignee.

The American bark [illegible] has arrived to-day from the United States, en route for San Francisco. She [illegible] about 40 passengers, mostly mechanics and clerks seeking employment. They have made a poor move; [illegible] is only a short time since about the same number came here from California on a similar errand.

In Santiago, the American Minister, Mr. BIGLER, is [illegible]. He seems very quiet, and is on good terms, I believe, with the Government.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Interior, [illegible] URMENETA, who was here for his health has recently returned with unexpected haste to the Capital —probably on account of the revolution.

The newspaper El Mercurio, of this city, is still suspended, as it has been for more than six weeks. Such measures against the Press are very injudicious, and must sooner or later provoke reaction. The paper [illegible] with undue and ill-timed severity of the policy of the rulers; but many feel that the treatment it is receiving is unnecessarily severe.

An article was recently translated and reprinted in this country, in one of the daily papers, [illegible] from a work by CORNELIUS and HEALEY, in which those gentlemen (Americans) have criticised Chilian railways unfavorably. Be it known that [illegible] of English and American railways, and [illegible] and American engineers, is rather a deli-[illegible]

[illegible] when American [illegible] and for some reason it was not particularly [illegible] to others.

Consequently, an article was published [illegible] engineer, occupying an important [illegible]

[illegible] it will not fail to interest [illegible] of your readers, I have obtained [illegible] which I inclose to you to [illegible] proper.

[illegible] may add, for explanation, that Ferro [illegible] railroad, but is also the title of one of our [illegible] papers.

[illegible] of the facts set forth in this publication [illegible] CORNELIUS and HEALEY, are very [illegible] far to reestablish the credit of [illegible]. The fact is, the only railroad [illegible] been completed till now, and that [illegible] was begun, concluded, and is still [illegible] by our countrymen. That is the railway [illegible] Caldera to Copiapo, which is [illegible] for some years past paid [illegible] dividends on its capital.

SOUTH PACIFIC.

American Diplomacy in Central America.

ASPINWALL, Friday, March 4, 1859.

Mr. T. S. BELL, lately appointed United States Commercial Agent to San Juan del Norte, arrived here on the Star of the West. Mr. BELL is well known here as having been one of those engaged a year ago in the foolish Kinney filibustering expedition on [illegible]. The necks of the party were saved, on [illegible], by Commander KENNEDY, of the Jamestown, [illegible] interceded for them and sent them to [illegible].

Mr. BELL owes his appointment, not to the fact of his having been a filibuster, but to his being the [illegible] of Senator BELL, of Texas, and also of EXTRA BILLY SMITH, of Virginia.

Is it any wonder that the United States should be considered a nation of filibusters by the Nicaraguans, and that they should be averse to approve the Cass-Yrisarri treaty when such men are sent among them to represent us? In Nicaragua we have a Minister who is scarcely ever in condition to attend to business—a Consul and a Commercial Agent. These constitute our whole diplomatic and semi-diplomatic force in that country. Consul PRIEST, at San Juan del Sur, has for years kept a grog shop there. His office is in one end of his own hotel, and the grog-shop and gambling-room in the other. At least such was the case during the Walker invasion.

What a noble representation!—and this, too, in a country to which England sends such a man as Sir WILLIAM GORE OUSELEY, and to which France is about to send one of her most astute and well-bred diplomatists and gentlemen!

J. L. C.

Mexico.

THE MARCH OF MIRAMON UPON VERA CRUZ—PREPARATIONS FOR HIS RECEPTION—AN EMEUTE IN GUERRERO—INTERESTING FROM YUCATAN.

We have, by the way of Havana, details of news from Vera Cruz to Feb. 27. This intelligence is of course superseded partially by the dispatch given yesterday from the Tennessee at New-Orleans.

Gen. MIRAMON was at that date hourly expected at Vera Cruz. He was accompanied in his march by Gen. ROBLES as Chief of his staff. Letters from private sources indicated the probability of the fate of the place being decided by the 6th inst.

Gen. IGLESIAS, who commands the troops in Vera Cruz, had issued a proclamation declaring martial law, and subjecting those who dared to communicate with the enemy to the severest penalties.

The Consular residences of the city were crowded with refugees, while hosts of others had left the place.

On the 23d February, the American steamer Jasper left Vera Cruz for Alvarado, with about two hundred passengers, mostly ladies.

Alvarado has been strongly fortified within the last month, with large brass cannon and mortars taken from the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa.

Two schooners, freighted with powder and ball, have also been dispatched to that place; also, a load to Tampico.

A large body of Liberals from the Capital had arrived at Vera Cruz.

It was stated that a formidable conspiracy, in the conservative interest, had been discovered in Guerrero, giving Gen. ALVAREZ great trouble, and detaining him from lending any assistance to President JUAREZ.

Advices from Merida, Yucatan, are to Feb. 23. A conspiracy in favor of the moderados had been discovered in the Capital. A soldier betrayed the plot, and the leading participants were arrested.

The war against the Indians was prosecuted with the utmost ferocity, and was met with equal cruelty. Numerous Ranches had been burned, and their inhabitants slaughtered without mercy.

Porto Rico.

THE EXPORTS OF LAST YEAR—THE WRECKED SLAVER—THE SUGAR CROP.

From the Boletin Mercantil we derive Porto Rico dates to Feb. 26. That paper gives the following table, presenting a comparative view of the exports of the island for 1857 and 1858:

	1857.	1858.
Cotton, lbs.	282,656	38,862
Sugar, lbs.	86,391,546	121,319,374
Coffee, lbs.	11,139,601	9,814,228
Hides, lbs.	604,666	405,882
Molasses, gallons	2,745,675	3,720,511
Tobacco, lbs.	5,023,491	4,908,444

The project of a bank at San Juan is agitated.

In regard to the slaver, name unknown, wrecked upon the shore of Humacao, Feb. 4, a correspondent writes: "On the 4th inst., at 10 o'clock, P. M., a schooner approached Point Candelero, making signals of distress. The vessel was discovered to be sinking at a distance of 50 yards from the shore. Aid was at once procured, and the entire crew and cargo rescued. The crew was at once imprisoned. They stated that the captain, mate and several seamen had died on the voyage. The steamer Hernan Cortes took off the negroes, numbering 600 in all, who were to be carried to the capital. At present they are housed in a barracoon at Catanos. They, of course, will be disposed of as emancipados.

The completion of the telegraph from the country seat of Mr. LEAD to his warehouse at San Juan, affords a topic for excessive enthusiasm.

The cane crop does not promise to be a very large one; the yield falling at least one-third short of last year.

Havana—Arrival of the Philadelphia.

THE MARKETS—STRANGERS AT HAVANA—TOBACCO GROWERS WANTED IN SAN DOMINGO—OPERATIC—THE NEW DOCK AT HAVANA.

The United States mail steamship Philadelphia, GUSTAVUS HARRISON, Esq., Commander, left New-Orleans March 5, for New-York via Havana, at which port she arrived on the morning of the 9th, and sailed same day for this port, arriving yesterday morning.

The Philadelphia landed and transferred 73 passengers at Havana, and brings 77 passengers and a fair cargo for New-York.

There was little of interest occurring at Havana.

Stock of sugar on hand, 150,000 boxes. Prices declined 1 rial ₩ arrobe.

Exchanges were heavy last week.

Strangers in Havana about 1,000. Among the passengers from New-Orleans for Havana were General WM. WALKER and his right-hand man, Col. NATZMER.

An effort is making at Matanzas to procure hands accustomed to the culture of tobacco, to go to Santo Domingo, where such assistance is in great demand.

Madame GASSIER had her benefit at the Villanueva Theatre on the 5th inst., when the extraordinary sum of $6,000 was realized for admissions; while the presents showered upon the prima donna brought the entire profits of the occasion, in all probability, to $20,000. Mme. GAZZANIGA, a few evenings before, had taken from $12,000 to $13,000 at her benefit.

The new dock at Havana had been tested by the admission of the steamer Almendares. Every part of the machinery was found to work perfectly.

JUSTICE TO A POLICEMAN.—CHARLES E. PRESTON, the policeman charged in Senator SPINOLA's Report with having been guilty of a very gross crime while a female prisoner was under his charge, sends us a communication declaring the charge to be utterly false. He sends also an affidavit made by the woman herself, stating that she signed the paper making the original charge at the urgent request of other persons and that she did not know it to be true, but believed it to be false. We have not room for the documents themselves, but have thus given the substance of them.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
Europe	Mar. 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Glasgow	Mar. 16	New-York	Glasgow.
Bremen	Mar. 19	New-York	Bremen.
Arabia	Mar. 23	Boston	Liverpool.
City of Washing'n	Mar. 26	New-York	Liverpool.
Asia	Mar. 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Circassian	Mar. 31	New-York	Galway.

FROM EUROPE.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
Etna	Feb. 26	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Wash'gton	Mar. 2	Liverpool	New-York.
Borussia	Mar. [illegible]	Southamp'n	New-York.
Circassian	Mar. [illegible]	Galway	New-York.
Asia	Mar. 5	Liverpool	Boston.
America	Mar. 12	Liverpool	Boston.
Alps	Mar. 12	Liverpool	New-York.
Kangaroo	Mar. 16	Liverpool	New-York.

FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
Quaker City	Mar. [illegible]	New-Orleans	Minatitlan.

FOR MEXICO.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
Tennessee	Mar. [illegible]	New-Orleans	Vera Cruz.

FOR HAVANA.

Name.	Date.	Leaves.	For.
Philadelphia	Mar. 17	New-York	Havana.
Isabel	Mar. [illegible]	Charleston	Havana.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

Brooklyn Common Council—Interesting Proceedings.

A regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen [illegible] evening. The following communication [illegible] presented from the Fire Commissioners of [illegible] District relative to reorganizing the Fire [illegible]

"We have had under consideration for some time the [illegible] of reorganizing the Fire Department, but have [illegible] action owing to the inclement season of the year and the unfinished state of the water works. The rapid increase of our city must preclude the idea of [illegible] reduction in the force or number of apparatus, although by reducing the number of Engine Companies and supplying Hose Companies in their place, a considerable saving can be effected, the latter organization requiring less men and being less expensive to maintain. Some of the engine companies have been located too near each other, and we propose to disband the least efficient in such cases, and to distribute the force so as to occupy such portions of the city as are now unprotected. An ample supply of water with such force as is expected will render the Hose Companies a very efficient arm of the Department. A supply of hose of requisite quality is urgently needed, and we would recommend your early [illegible]. After a careful consideration of the state of the Department and the wants of the city, we would recommend for your adoption the following changes, viz.:

[illegible] No. 4 to be [illegible] Company to be organized in its [illegible] to be called [illegible]

Engine Company No. 4 to be disbanded and the property sold, no apparatus being needed in that location.

Engine Co. No. 8 to be disbanded, and the property sold—it not being required, in our opinion—a strong engine company and two hose companies being located in the immediate vicinity.

Engine Co. No. 10 to be disbanded, (there being another and stronger engine company in its immediate vicinity,) and in its place a hose company, to be called Hose Co. No. 12.

Engine Co. No. 11 to be disbanded, and in its place organize a hook and ladder company, to be called Hook and Ladder Co. No. 5, such an apparatus being very much needed in that locality.

Engine Co. No. 13—In accordance with the petition of numerous property holders and residents of the Sixth Ward to transfer this Company to said Ward, to be located in house formerly occupied by Engine Co. No. 18, and in its place thereof to organize a hose company, to be called Hose Co. No. 9.

Engine Company No. 19—We also recommend this Company to be disbanded, the Company being weak and inefficient. The house being good and in a good location, we recommend it being retained for the further use of the Department.

These changes will reduce the number of men allowed to the Companies two hundred; will give two valuable pieces of property, which, if sold, will pay for any additional expense in furnishing hose, hose-carriages, hook and ladder truck, &c., besides a sum to the credit of the Department. Also, it will give a surplus of six engines, which can be supplied to such Companies as have not suitable apparatus, and furnish relays in case of repairs or other emergencies."

The Commissioners recommended additional alarm bells. The communication was referred to the Fire Department Committee.

More City Railroads.—Mr. E. B. LITCHFIELD sent in a communication asking permission to lay a double or single railroad track from South Ferry through Atlantic-street, Flatbush-avenue, Fifth-avenue to the lower entrance of Greenwood Cemetery, near Thirty-seventh-street, with a branch from Fifth-avenue through First or Third-street to Flatbush; also, with a branch from Atlantic-street through Powers-street to Flatbush-avenue to Lafayette-avenue, through Lafayette-avenue to the Broadway Railroad. Petitions were also presented asking permission for the City Railroad Company to lay rails and run cars through Greene and Lafayette avenues in connection with the Myrtle-avenue line to Fulton Ferry. Referred to the Railroad Committee. In connection with this subject a resolution was offered by Alderman VAN BRUNT, and adopted, directing the Clerk to give public notice of a meeting of the Committee to hear any remonstrances, if any, against granting the prayer of the petitioners.

Spring Election.—The Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, together with the Alderman in each Ward, were directed to report at the next meeting places for holding the polls at the election to be held on the 5th ult. A resolution, proposing to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Police-Justice FEEKS, was referred to the Law Committee, to report whether the Common Council has power to reduce the number of Justices.

Discharge certificates were granted to the following members of the Western District Fire Department: H. S. Archer, Thomas Loper, Joshua Vincent, Geo. H. Cook, Joseph Reeve, George C. Barbarine, Patrick McDade, James G. Osborn, Thomas Reeve.

New Park.—A petition signed by JOHN PENNY and others was received, for a public park in the Tenth Ward, or block bounded by Warren, Wyckoff, Bond, and Nevins streets. It was referred to the Committee on Lands and Places.

New Ferry.—An application was made to lease the slip at the foot of Hudson-avenue, for the purpose of a new ferry between New-York and Brooklyn. The petition was referred to the Committee on Ferry and Water Rights.

A resolution was also adopted authorizing a proper application to be made to the Legislature for power to change the names of certain streets in Brooklyn, where two are named alike.

The Board adjourned for one week.

ITEMS.—The Water Commissioners and the Chief Engineer of the Water Works published in the Brooklyn papers yesterday a lengthy rejoinder to the recent "preliminary report" of the Special Committee of the Common Council, as to the manner in which the works have thus far been constructed.... A girl named CATHARINE SWEENY attempted to commit suicide late Sunday night, by jumping into the East River at the foot of Washington-street. She was rescued by a boatman.... During the last week twenty persons were admitted as patients into the City Hospital, and nineteen were discharged. Total number remaining 118.... The net proceeds from the lecture in the Eastern District of Brooklyn last Friday night, by Mr. EVERETT, for the Mount Vernon Fund, were $444 75.

DISHONEST EMPLOYE.—A man who has for many years been in the employ of the Union Ferry Company was discharged last week for robbing an intoxicated man while asleep on one of the South Ferry boats late one night of $9. The person robbed crosses the South Ferry occasionally of a Saturday night in an oblivious state, and says that he has missed money several times before after taking a nap on board of the Ferry boats.

KINGS COUNTY COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.—Before Judge Lott and Justices Schoonmaker and Emmons.—The March term of this Court was opened yesterday morning. The following-named gentlemen were sworn as Grand Jurors:

WM. HIGMAN, Foreman.

George R. Cozine,	Samuel G. Stryker,
Brewster Valentine,	Z. R. Combs,
G. T. Bergen,	Richard Cooper,
George Cowenhoven,	N. Van Dyke,
Daniel T. Schenck,	Jesse M. Polk,
Chas. C. Franklin,	Josiah Palmer,
Thomas Hamilton,	George E. Archer,
John J. Vanderbilt,	John Drew, Jr.,
Isaac M. Forbell,	Andrew Hegeman,
George Lott,	Samuel Hart,
John Hegeman,	C. Suydam.

The Jury, after hearing the usual charge from the Court, retired to their labors.

The Petit Jurors were then called and sworn, and the first twenty causes on the Circuit Calendar were disposed of, when the Court adjourned till Friday next. There are 137 causes on the present calendar.

CITY COURT.—The March Term of this Court was opened yesterday and the trial of causes was proceeded with. There are 61 causes on the calendar.

CORRECTION.—In our notice of the appointment of the members of the new Board of Education in Brooklyn, a few days since, the name of SAMUEL J. EASTMAN was accidentally omitted.

Singer's Sewing Machines.—The immense increase in the demand for these admirable Machines—it has trebled within four months—indicates the reviving prosperity of the country. The prices of our Machines have been greatly reduced.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Consumption.—WINCHESTER'S genuine preparation of Dr. Churchill's HYPOPHOSPHITES, for consumption, sold, wholesale and retail, at the sole office, No. 49 John-st., where circulars may be obtained. Price $1 per bottle. Three bottles for $5. Trade supplied.

Singer's Sewing Machines.—The new Family Sewing Machines, at $50 and $75, are attracting universal attention. In all essential good qualities they are much the best Machines ever offered at a low price. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES.
NEW STYLES AT REDUCED PRICES.
NO. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
NO. 182 FULTON-ST., BROOKLYN.

'Tis your interest to give me a call. The cheapest place to buy clothing, for cash at wholesale and retail in the City.
WM. H. SMITH,
(Successor to R. B. Boughton,) No. 145 Fulton-st.
P. S.—Don't forget No. 145 Fulton-st.

Lillie's Chilled Iron
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.
Bank-Vault Doors and Frames secured by the Improved Combination Powder and Burglar Proof Lock, are the only Safes manufactured that combine complete fire-proof qualities with a perfect protection from burglars. A full assortment constantly on hand and for sale by
FAIRBANKS & CO., Agents,
No. 189 Broadway, New-York.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Hatters' Plush and Trimmings
Of every variety and EXCLUSIVE STYLES, imported and for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper, by
ROBERTS & CATHELL, No. 112 Broadway.

Fashions.—E. T. WILDE & CO. will exhibit to the trade, on Thursday, 17th inst., Spring Fashions in Bonnets, Caps, Head-dresses, Flowers, Ribbons and Millinery goods generally.
E. T. WILDE & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-st.

Tracy's Celebrated Shirts.—Made to order, at the Shirt and Collar depot, Nos. 87 and 89 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane. Also, constantly on hand, a large assortment, at wholesale or retail.
GEO. M. TRACY, Agent.

Straw Hats.—Men's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Straw Hats. A large assortment by the package, at JOHN MATHER'S, No. 180 Broadway, New-York.

[illegible] investments in the crash of '57, desires to take charge of the collection of rents, dividends, the letting of houses, stores, &c., or to act as the business agent for persons, trustees, or those who may wish to avoid the trouble of the various details of such business. If preferred, a certain amount per annum will be accepted in lieu of a commission.

For business talent, capability, and most untiring energy, the advertiser will refer to the highest and most influential names in this City; or, if necessary, security will be given. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 3,734 Post-Office.

Sewing Machines.—All persons who have been induced to buy Sewing Machines which will not perform the work that purchasers expected them to do, are informed that Singer's Machines never fail to do any kind of work. No one is ever disappointed in these Machines.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Ho! for Pike's Peak!
AND THE GOLD DIGGINGS!
No mother's son should be allowed to go to the Gold Diggings without one of those VOLCANIC-REPEATING RIFLES or PISTOLS, which carry from seven to thirty balls.
Without doubt, they are the most complete weapons ever introduced with the water-proof ball, which is not affected by any change of climate, or subject to the many mishaps to which the ordinary revolver is liable to.
With a good conscience and a Volcanic Pistol, you may sleep soundly and safely, with your hard-earned nuggets by your side.
My friend, if you have regard for your life or your scalp, do not fail to get one or more of these invaluable weapons before starting on your journey. Buy for yourself, and advise your friends to do the same. A word to the wise is sufficient.
Rifles, Carbines and Pistols, carrying from 7 to 30 balls, twenty-five per cent. less than Colt's, and so much better.
JOSEPH MERWIN, Agent,
No. 267 Broadway, New-York.
Also, Sole Agent for the American G. D. and Waterproof Percussion Caps.

A New Article FOR THE HAIR.
PHALON & SON'S COCOINE
is the best and cheapest article for the hair. For preserving, beautifying and restoring the hair, the most perfect hairdressing ever offered to the public. Sold at Nos. 517, 497 and 197 Broadway, and by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Large bottles, 50 cents; small 25 cents. Inquire for PHALON & SON'S Cocoine.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The Bonner Hat,
for
SUMMER WEAR,
1859,
Will be ready for delivery on Saturday, April 2.
BALLARD, SHUTE & CO.,
45 Broadway, New-York.

Second Hand Safes.
We have just received a few second-hand Safes which we will sell very low.
STEARNS & MARVIN { No. 40 Murray-st., New-York. No. 29 North Main-st., St. Louis. No. 37 Gravier-st., New-Orleans.
Also a large assortment of our
WILDER PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES FROM $50 TO $1,000.

To One and All.
Are you suffering from a Cough, Cold, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any of the various pulmonary troubles that so often terminate in Consumption? If so, use WILBOR'S PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME, a safe and efficacious remedy. This is no quack preparation, but is regularly prescribed by the medical faculty. Sold by ALEXANDER B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston; in New-York by J. Milhau, No. 183 Broadway; and in Baltimore, by Coleman & Rogers, No. 173 Baltimore-st.; in Philadelphia by T. W. Dyott & Sons.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
They are the favorites for families.—New-York Times.
We prefer them for family use.—New-York Tribune.
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Second-hand Safes
AT GREAT BARGAINS.
Also, a large assortment of the CELEBRATED WILDER PATENT SAFES, at reduced prices, on account of removal. Depot, No. 122 WATER-ST., near Wall.

Looking-Glasses,
PICTURES AND FRAMES,
GOOD AND CHEAP, AT
N. P. WHITLOCK'S,
No. 386 CANAL, OPPOSITE WOOSTER-ST.

Gentlemen's Hats, Spring Styles.—C. P. MELLENEY is now prepared to offer to the public an extensive assortment of Gents. and Boys' Spring Styles of Hats and Caps, of every variety, unsurpassed by any in this City, or elsewhere, either in quality or price, at the well-known hat and cap store, No. 90 Fulton-st., wholesale and retail.
C. P. MELLENEY.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Rupture Cured.—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, N. Y. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle joints, club-feet, bow-legs, etc., with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

Smithsonian House, BROADWAY, CORNER OF HOUSTON-ST.—Conducted on the European Plan. Single Rooms, 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 per day. Double Rooms and Parlors, $1 50 to $3. Meals as ordered.

The Metallic Tablet Strop.—Invented by GEORGE SAUNDERS, A. D. 1816. This, the genuine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers,
J. & S. SAUNDERS,
Store No. 7 Astor House.

Gentlemen's Hats—Spring Styles.—BIRD, No. 49 Nassau-st., invites the attention of his customers and the public to the new styles of Hats, the high finish and fabric of which are not excelled by the productions of any house in the trade.
BIRD, No. 49 Nassau-st.

To Housekeepers.—The Rotary Lock for dwelling-house doors affords the most perfect security against burglars. For convenience, it is not equalled by any other lock in use.
VALENTINE & BUTLER,
No. 337 Broadway.

A. W. Faber's Lead Pencils sold at Retail by all stationers. At wholesale only by EBERHARD FABER, (sole agent,) No. 133 William-st.

MARRIED.

COCKS—UNDERHILL.—At Locust Valley, L. I., 3d month, 12th, according to the order of the Society of Friends, at the residence of the bride's father, BENJAMIN F. COCKS to MARIANNA UNDERHILL, daughter of Jacob S. Underhill, all of Locust Valley.

DIED.

RANDELL.—In this City, on Sunday, March 13, DAVID RANDELL, Esq., in the 75th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 72 West 48th-st., this (Tuesday) afternoon, 15th inst., at 3½ o'clock, without further invitation.

ST. MAURICE.—In this City, on Monday, March 14, after a long and painful illness, Madame BERAULT DE ST. MAURICE, in the 72d year of her age.

The friends of the family, and those of her sister, Mme. Chegary, are respectfully requested to meet at No. 70 Madison av., on Wednesday, 16th inst., at 8 o'clock A. M. The funeral service will take place at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, at 8½ o'clock.

NASH.—In this City, on Sunday afternoon, March 13, THOMAS NASH, aged 50 years and 3 months.

The members of the Philharmonic and the American Musical Fund Societies, also the friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Tuesday,) March 15, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 24 Eldridge-st.

TREDWELL.—In this City, on Sunday, March 13, LAMBERT H. TREDWELL, aged 51 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at St. Paul's Church, on Wednesday, the 16th, at 9½ o'clock A. M., without further invitation.

YOUNG.—In South Brooklyn, on Monday morning, March 14, Mrs. HANNAH YOUNG, in the 83d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of William Tyson, Esq., No. 336 Henry-st., South Brooklyn. Her remains will be conveyed to Greenwood for interment.

BURROWS.—At Morristown, N. J., on Saturday, March 12, FRANCES, relict of the late Stephen Burrows, of Cincinnati, Ohio, aged 64 years.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of Amos Alley, No. 40 Sands-st., corner of Adams-st., Brooklyn. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

PENFOLD.—At Newtown, L. I., on Sunday, March 13, SAMUEL PENFOLD, in the 76th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, and those of his brothers, John, Edmund, and William, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, at Newtown, at 1 o'clock, this day, (Tuesday,) without further invitation. Services at the Presbyterian Church, at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Astor place, from 12 to 12½ o'clock.

REQUA.—In Mount Pleasant, Westchester County, on Sunday, March 13, ELIZABETH, widow of the late Isaac Requa, in the 83d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, on Wednesday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

HOLLY.—In Stamford, Conn., on Sunday, March 13, in the 83d year of her age, REBECCA WELLES, relict of the late John Wm. Holley, and last surviving child of the late Noah Welles, S. T. D.

The funeral will take place from St. John's Church, Stamford, at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, 16th inst.

WINDOW SHADES.
NEW STYLES.
GOLD,
PAINTED,
WHITE HOLLAND,
BUFF HOLLAND.
Wholesale and Retail.
KELTY BROS. & LUM,
No. 291 Broadway.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
Examine our stock of
GAS-FIXTURES, CHINA, GLASS, &c., &c.,
before purchasing. We can offer you extra inducements.
COLT & WHITTELSEY,
No. 323 Broadway, corner 31st-st.

CHANDELIERS,
GAS FIXTURES.
Spring styles now opening.
Prices very low.
COLT & WHITTELSEY,
No. 323 Broadway, cor. 31st-st.

ONE PRICE ONLY.
THE COMPLETE AND UNIVERSAL SUCCESS OF
W. S. & C. H. THOMSON'S
CELEBRATED
INDESTRUCTIBLE SKIRTS,
WITH PATENT EYELET FASTENING, WEBB SLIDE AND WATCH-SPRING BUSTLE.
"The perfection of Skirt manufacture."—Morris & Willis' Home Journal.
"A complete Eyelet Fastening, tasteful and elegant."—N. Y. Independent.
"This Skirt is pronounced faultless."—N. Y. [illegible]
"Surpassing the best expectations."—Ibid.
"It deserves all the praise it has received."—Times.
A CARD.—The Manufacturers of the "CROWN SKIRTS" beg to state, that the very great favor with which "THE INDESTRUCTIBLE SKIRT" has been received has made it necessary for them to make unusual exertions to supply the demand, and that they are now running their Manufactory night and day for this purpose, their orders requiring an immense increase in their production, in addition to their usual large production of
THE PICCOLOMINI,
GOSSAMER EXPANSION,
and other popular Styles. To effect this, their contracts are now out for upwards of
[illegible],000 YARDS BRAIDED STEEL PER DAY,
all of which is prepared expressly for them by their own makers and braiders—the very best in America. Having ample proof of the universal popularity of this chef d'œuvre of Skirt Manufacture, THE INDESTRUCTIBLE SKIRT, they intend placing it within the reach of every lady who wishes the most graceful, durable, and, in all respects, the best Skirt ever produced.
P. S.—An invoice of these beautiful Skirts is now being prepared for the Queen of England and the Empress of France.
For sale by the principal Jobbers and Retailers everywhere. Look for our name and trade mark, the Crown, stamped on every Skirt. No others are genuine.

NEW-YORK [illegible] INSURANCE COMPANY
of
New-York.
OFFICE, Nos. 112 AND 114 BROADWAY.
The Capital of this Company has recently been increased by a CASH SUBSCRIPTION of $[illegible], making the present capital
ONE MILLION DOLLARS!
WITH A SURPLUS, IN ADDITION, OF OVER $[illegible].
This Company insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on terms as favorable as the nature of the risk and the REAL SECURITY of the insured and of the Company will warrant.
LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED AND PROMPTLY PAID.
DIRECTORS:

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.	
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.	
WILLIAM G. LAMBERT,	firm of A. & A. Lawrence & Co.
GEORGE C. COLLINS	firm of Sherman, Collins & Co.
DANFORD N. BARNEY,	firm of Wells, Fargo & Co.
LUCIUS HOPKINS, President Importers' and Traders' Bank.	
THOMAS MESSENGER,	firm of T. & H. Messenger.
WILLIAM H. MELLEN,	firm of Claflin, Mellen & Co.
CHARLES B. HATCH,	firm of Hatch, Hiller & Maresene.
B. WATSON BULL,	firm of Haskell, Merrick & Bull.
HOMER MORGAN,	
LEVI P. STONE,	firm of Stone, Starr & Co.
JAMES HUMPHREY, late firm of Barney, Humphrey & Butler.	
GEORGE PEARCE,	firm of George Pearce & Co.
WARD A. WORK,	firm of Ward A. Work & Son.
JAMES LOW,	firm of James Low & Co., of Louisville
I. H. FROTHINGHAM,	late firm of I. H. Frothingham & Co.
CHARLES A. BULKLEY,	firm of Bulkley & Co
CEPHAS H. NORTON,	firm of Norton & Jewett.
ROE LOCKWOOD,	firm of R. Lockwood & Son.
THEODORE MCNAMEE, late of the firm of Bowen, McNamee & Co.	
RICHARD BIGELOW, firm of Dows, King & Co. of St. Louis.	
CURTIS NOBLE,	firm of Condit & Noble.
GEORGE D. MORGAN,	firm of E. D. Morgan & Co.
OLIVER E. WOOD,	firm of Willard, Wood & Co.
ALFRED S. BARNES,	firm A. S. Barnes & Burr.
GEORGE BLISS,	firm of Phelps, Bliss & Co.
AMOS T. DWIGHT,	firm of Trowbridge, Dwight & Co.
LYMAN COOKE,	firm of Cooke, Dowd, Baker & Co.
LEVI P. MORTON,	firm of Morton, Grinnell & Co.
JOHN B. HUTCHINSON, firm of J. C. Howe & Co., of Boston.	
CHARLES P. BALDWIN,	firm of Baldwin, Starr & Co.
JOHN G. NELSON,	late firm of Nelson & Co.
HENRY A. HURLBUT,	firm of Swift, Hurlbut & Co.
JESSE HOYT,	firm of Jesse Hoyt & Co.
WM. STURGIS, Jr.,	firm of Sturgis, Shaw & Co.
JOHN R. FORD,	firm of Ford Rubber Co.
SIDNEY MASON,	late firm of Mason & Thompson.
G. T. STEDMAN, firm of Stedman, Carlisle & Shaw, Cincin'ti.	
CYRUS YALE, Jr., firm of Cyrus Yale, Jr. & Co., N. Orleans.	
WM. R. FOSDICK,	firm of Wm. R. & Chas. B. Fosdick.
DAVID I. BOYD, firm of Boyd, Bros. & Co., Albany, N. Y.	
F. H. COSSITT, firm of Cossitt, Hill & Talmadge, Memphis.	
LEWIS ROBERTS,	firm of L. Roberts & Co.
SAMUEL B. CALDWELL,	firm of Brewer & Caldwell.

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.
JOHN MCGEE, Assistant Secretary.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,
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Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza. Any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.
Brown's Bronchial Troches
Relieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Catarrh.
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Clear and Strengthen the Voice of SINGERS. Indispensable to PUBLIC SPEAKERS.
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Soothing and simple—CHILDREN use them. Assisting Expectoration, and curing Hoarseness.
"Preeminently the first and best."
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
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"Great benefit in affections of the Bronchial Organs."
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"A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c."
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Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25 cents per box.

CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY.
Office corner of Broadway and Wall-st.,
New-York, Feb. 16, 1859.
With improved facilities for mining and transportation this Company is prepared to contract with consumers and dealers for a supply of CUMBERLAND COAL for the season.
Under the new organization the equipment of the Company has been put in the most complete condition, and the Railroad has been extended to the celebrated ASTOR MINE.
The Coal from this mine has always ranked as the best Steaming Coal brought from the Cumberland region, and for the use of locomotive engines and steamers is unequaled.
The Coal will be shipped from the Company's wharves at Alexandria, Va., and Baltimore, Md. When requested, the Company will take up vessels free of charge, the extent of their business enabling them to do so on the most favorable terms.
CHARLES GOULD, President.
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FRANCIS TOMES AND SONS,
NO. 6 MAIDEN-LANE,
New-York,
Importers and wholesale dealers in
GUNS, CUTLERY, PLATED-WARE, JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS, BRUSHES AND PERFUMERY.
The largest and most extensive stock in the United States.
Sole agents for { ELY'S CAPS, WADDING AND CARTRIDGES. HEIFFOR'S CELEBRATED ARMY RAZORS.

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT.
Persons who are afflicted with these diseases, and have not received any benefit from the treatment they are under, are respectfully invited to call upon E. W. VONDERSMITH, M. D., who has been very successful in curing persons who have been pronounced incurable. If Dr. V.'s treatment does not check the fatal progress of the disease in ten days, he will not lead the patient to any expense. Office for the treatment of Consumption, No. 153 Bowery.

CLARK'S SYRUP.—FOR ANY HEADACHE, foul stomach, three or four swallows will cure it. It has the best certificates in New-York City and State. Read circulars. CLARK'S Syrup is for sale by BARNES & PARK, Park-row; Mrs. HAYES, Brooklyn; and in every town and city in the State, Canada, Ohio, and New-Jersey.

CLARK'S SYRUP.—THIS HEALTHY PREPARATION, containing no mineral, is magical on the very weakest female, with any kind of pains, liver or womb complaints.

CLARK'S SYRUP WILL CURE ANY blood complaints, if lungs and bones are sound. It is sure.

CLARK'S SYRUP WILL CURE ANY cough, cold, dyspepsia, scrofula, or general debility or jaundice.

CLARK'S SYRUP ON WEAKLY CHILDREN is a sure remedy to strengthen and fat them up. It is simple, and like wine to drink. Try it.

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DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers, New-York.

LAW OF LIFE INSURANCE.
OFFICE OF AMERICAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., No. 9 Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, March 10, 1859.
Messrs. EDITORS: As the question "whether or not a husband has an insurable interest in the life of his wife, and may, with any degree of safety, effect an insurance thereon," has been very freely discussed by the editors of your journal, and by the Press generally, during the past few weeks, I deem it due to the members of this Company, and think that perhaps it may not prove altogether uninteresting to the public to publish the following communication from the Secretary.
F. D. WHITMORE,
Actuary of American Mutual Life Insurance Co.

AMERICAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, March 8, 1859.
F. D. Whitmore, Esq., Actuary, New-York:
DEAR SIR: In answer to your letter, asking for information relating to the powers and authority of the American Mutual Life Insurance Company, in the matter of insurance on the lives of married women for their husbands, allow me to refer you to the language of one of the sections of the charter.
"Sec. 4. The said Company may issue Policies of Insurance to any person, for the sole use and benefit of any other person or persons, and, if by death or any other reason, the same shall become due and payable, the said amount or amounts shall be payable according to the terms and tenor of the said policy, and the same shall be free from any and all claims and demands of other persons, whether creditors or representatives; and the said Company may issue Policies of Insurance to any husband or wife, or other children of the same family, upon the life or lives of either, for the sole use and benefit of either, or the survivor or survivors of either, and the avails of such policies shall be free from the claims and demands of all other persons."
This section needs no explanation, nor is it capable of two interpretations.
You are aware that our Policies provide "that Policies which are assigned, or are made payable to creditors, or to persons whose relation to the party whose life is insured is not that of husband, wife, child, parent, brother or sister, are subject to proof of interest, unless the Company waive proof of such interest," by indorsement.
No disagreement or difficulty can arise, we think, under these liberal and plainly defined provisions.
Yours very truly, BENJAMIN NOYES,
Secretary American Mutual Life Insurance Company.

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To everybody afflicted with BALDNESS.
To everybody troubled with DANDRUFF.
To everybody annoyed by their Hair falling out.
To everybody suffering from SICK HEADACHE.
A remedy at last discovered.
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The proprietors of this justly celebrated preparation beg to offer the Maravilla to the public as a complete Hair Restorer. They do not feel it their duty to denounce other preparations advertised to produce similar results, nor to insult the patience and good sense of the public by long-winded testimonials; suffice it to say, the Maravilla will bring back the Hair when apparently entirely gone; and if used as directed,
WILL PRODUCE GLOSSY CURLS,
And preserve to the Hair
ITS NATURAL COLOR,
though one live to the age of three-score and ten.
Sold by all respectable Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers, and by the Proprietors,
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With a full account of the newer
DECIDUOUS AND EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS,
Presenting also, in a tabular view, the experience of cultivators in different parts of the Union, with the hardy and half-hardy Evergreens.
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We offer the whole of our large stock of
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GAS FIXTURES,
at a great reduction in prices, from the present date until the 20th April.
All persons in want of any of the articles enumerated above will find it to their interest to give us a call.
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BY THE EUROPA.
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ENGLISH TAPESTRIES, 80 cents.
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Also, Crossley's new patterns of yard-wide Tapestries, at low prices. Oil-cloths, 2s. 6d. Heavy Sheet Oil-cloths, 75 cents the square yard.
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The best and cheapest article of TOILET PERFUMERY.
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This wonderful agent of Nature is performing miracles in the cure of Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgia, Kidney Complaints, and diseases of the Liver, &c. As a purifier of the blood it stands unequaled as a [illegible] medicine. Certificates from the most respectable [illegible] can be shown of its great efficacy. A new pamphlet [illegible] issued containing names of those who have been benefited, can be had at the Agency. Price $3 per dozen.
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Next term will commence May 1. Circulars at the principal bookstores. For particulars, inquire of ISAAC SEYMOUR, Esq., Cashier Bank of North America; EDWARD WOOD, Esq., No. 100 Fulton-st.; JAMES L. BROWN, Esq., No. [illegible] West [illegible]-st.; LYMAN THOMSON, Principal.

COFFEE URNS, COFFEE URNS.
A fresh assortment of Coffee Urns of the latest patterns, both in Britannia and heavy silver plate, may be had at low prices, wholesale or retail, at Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.
LUCIUS HART.

JENKS' PATENT AUTOMATIC FLY-TRAP.—Goes by clock-work—catches flies by the quart, and kills them. They are made in a most substantial manner, and for sale, at wholesale and retail, by the patentee, [illegible] SMITH, Sign of the Golden Tea Kettle, [illegible]

WASTE.—CLEAN COP WASTE, IN ANY QUANTITY, suitable for steam engines and locomotives. ALBERT VAN WINKLE, [illegible]

LOVET'S WAHPENE OFFICE, NO. 60 Bleecker-st. Baldness cured and gray hair restored. Lovet has an Indian remedy for [illegible] pains of every description; also [illegible] for coughs, colds, &c.

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AUCTION SALES.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—We would call attention to the sale of valuable property, on account of [illegible], by E. H. LUDLOW & CO. TO-MORROW, (Tuesday,) at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, comprising:

PEARL-ST.—Nos. [illegible], two valuable stores.
GREENE-ST.—Nos. [illegible], two desirable houses.
DOANE-ST.—Four-story brown-stone store, No. [illegible].
STANTON-ST.—Desirable house, No. 34.
Maps of the property, and full particulars, at the Auctioneer's office, No. 14 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers.

PARTITION SALE of 32 VERY DESIRABLE LOTS AND GORES, ON THE 5TH AND 6TH AVENUES AND 84TH-STREET, NEAR THE CENTRAL PARK.

84TH-STREET IS GRADED, from the 5th to the 6th avenue, with curb and gutter stones set therein.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, March 23, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, New-York:

[illegible]

All of the above-described lots are well located, and in a situation for immediate improvement, being in the vicinity of valuable buildings, of a most desirable grade, and free from rock, with sewers, Croton water and gas pipes in the adjacent avenue; and resolutions have been introduced in the City Councils to extend them through 84th-st. from the 5th to the 6th avs. [illegible] per cent. of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years at 6 per cent. interest. The title of the above-described property is now held direct from the original grantees, being one of the oldest on the Island of New-York, and belonging to the estate of Jacob Harsen, deceased.

Maps and other particulars can be obtained at the Auctioneer's, No. 14 Pine-st.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT—IN PARTITION, NO. 32 TROY-ST.—Will be sold at auction, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of [illegible], Referee, the valuable premises known as No. 32 Troy-st., north side, between Greenwich-av. and 4th-st., being about 25 feet front. For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 36 Wall-st.

W. C. Albertus, Auctioneer—Office No. 240 Broadway.

LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—W. C. ALBERTUS will sell on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at the private residence No. [illegible] Houston-st., near Wooster; sale to commence at 10½ o'clock.

DRAWING-ROOMS.

Two suites in solid rosewood, covered in brocade, [illegible], centre tables, 7-octave piano-forte, stool and cover, velvet and Brussels carpets, rugs, secretary and bookcase, pier and mantel mirrors, lace curtains, shades, [illegible].

CHAMBERS.

Rosewood and mahogany bureaus, bedsteads and commodes to match, hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, sheets and sofas, rockers, arm and other chairs.

DINING-ROOM.

Oak extension table, buffet, dining-chairs, rich cut and engraved glass ware, silver-plated castors, spoons, forks, &c. French China dinner and tea sets, ivory-handled knives and forks, &c. Also, a large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Richards Kingsland, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AT AUCTION.—RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO., will sell THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 188 Broadway, 500 packages and lots of Foreign and Domestic hardware, cutlery, &c., comprising heavy and shelf goods, in lots to suit the city and country trade.

ALSO—An invoice of superior French violins and accordeons, combs, tobacco-boxes, fancy goods, toys, &c.

ALSO—A large assortment of gold and gold plated watches, chains, sleeve buttons, shirt studs and other jewelry. Catalogues and samples now ready.

J. W. Hunt, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL TO-MORROW, MARCH 16, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesrooms No. 36 Nassau-st., a very desirable assortment of best City-made Household furniture, Hair mattresses, paillasses, China vases, glassware, crockery, Cutlery, lace curtains, &c., &c. Sale peremptory. Catalogues ready morning of sale.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on the evenings of WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, March 16th and 17th, at 7½ o'clock, each evening, at the National Academy Rooms, 10th-st., near Broadway.

SUPERB COLLECTION OF PICTURES—Exceeding in quality any sale ever made in this country. The Foreign Pictures have been received from Messrs. Goupil & Co., of Paris, through their successor in this City, among them will be the great picture FLORINDA, by WINTERHALTER, valued at over $4,000. Also, a superb picture recently painted by Verboeckhoven, received per last steamer. [illegible] Also, pictures of the great American artists, Durand, Church, Cole, Huntington, Kensett, Gignoux, Cropsey, Rossiter, [illegible], James M. Hart, Wm. Hart, Casilear, T. Hicks, G. H. Hall, Shattuck, Brown, Hubbard, Banvard, the first picture ever offered for sale in this country, Blauvelt, D. Johnson, Nichols, Annille, Bellows, Dix, Lazarus, and others; T. H. Hinckley, of Boston; Lambdin, of Philadelphia; Durrie, of New-Haven, and others of this class. It will be seen by the above names that no sale of this character has ever been made in this City, where so many of the highest class of artists are represented. Every picture guaranteed. They are now on exhibition, day and evening, from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the above rooms, with catalogues. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine this beautiful collection. Admission free.

J. W. Foster, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, TO-MORROW, March 16, at 10½ o'clock, all the household furniture in the five-story residence No. 210 West 14th-st., containing a very fine assortment of parlor, dining-room, library, bed room and nursery furniture, of the latest styles and most exquisite carving, all made to order for the owner's use, and will be sold without any reserve, as the house is now to let. It consists of superb carved rosewood parlor furniture, en suites, of various styles, covered in French satin and moquet; an excellent rosewood piano-forte, stool and cover; etageres, with heavy plate glass doors and backs, most expensively carved; rosewood centre, side and sofa tables; corner stands, superb rosewood secretary, bookcase, large pier glass, elegant lace and brocatel curtains, rich China vases, shades, splendid Brussels carpets, together with a large assortment of French china and common crockery, glassware, cutlery, silver ware, mahogany chairs, sofas, rockers, lounges, extension dining-table, beds and bedding, hair mattresses, ingrain carpets, rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture en suites, basement and kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence. Every article must be sold.

Thomas M. Franklin, Auctioneer.

SALE, BY ORDER OF THE SURROGATE, OF THE SPLENDID HOMESTEAD PROPERTY OF THE LATE JOHN RICE, AT PENN YAN, YATES COUNTY, N. Y.—FRANKLIN BROTHERS will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in the village of Penn Yan, Yates County. The Homestead property of the late John Rice, deceased, situated in the village of Penn Yan, Yates County, N. Y., containing about 20 acres, with large and commodious dwelling-house, barn, spring-house, milk-house, ice-house, smoke-house, &c., &c. The buildings and condition of the place are in every respect unexceptionable. Also, Flouring-mill, mill-site, storehouse property, &c., &c., belonging to the same estate, and situated near Penn Yan.

For further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 27 Wall-st., corner of Broad.

GEORGE HERRIMER, Administrator.
TRACY, WAIT & OLMSTEAD, Proctors.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) March 15, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Tadayoryan, No. 144 Tenth-st., near Broadway, handsome household furniture, paintings, and oriental curiosities, the property of the above—consisting of medallion carpets, rosewood parlor furniture, en suite covered in brocatelle; pier glasses, carved rosewood centre and side tables, marble top and extension table and arm chairs; bedroom furniture, of carved rosewood and mahogany. Also, a number of paintings, representing oriental views from nature, painted to order, by a prominent French artist. Also, a variety of Turkish and Persian carpets and rugs, of extra size and quality, and a number of Turkish curiosities, such as pipes, carvings, &c.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE STORE AND LOT NO. 144 NASSAU-STREET.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 12 M., at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, the premises known as No. 144 Nassau-st., lately occupied by Banks, Gould & Co., law booksellers, and at present by Banks & Brothers. The building is [illegible] high, [illegible] vaults and cellars under the [illegible] is at present under an annual rent of [illegible]. The lot is about 21 feet front on Nassau-st. [illegible] rear, by about 66 feet 6 inches in depth on each side. Possession 1st May. $10,000 may remain on bond and mortgage for 5 or 6 years. For particulars, apply to BANKS & BROTHERS on the premises.

By John [illegible], Auctioneer—Office 209 Broadway.

COSTLY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—AT [illegible] residence of Mrs. Bossi, No. 65 West [illegible] THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) commencing at 10½ [illegible] rosewood piano forte, stool and cover, two [illegible] room furniture, carved in front, [illegible] solid rosewood [illegible] Brussels carpets, rugs, [illegible] pier and mantel mirrors, bookcases, also, dining-room furniture [illegible] the contents of eight [illegible] bedding, basement and kitchen utensils, &c., &c. Sale positive.

M. Doughty, Auctioneer.

WILLIAMSBURG AUCTION NOTICE.—M. DOUGHTY will sell, on WEDNESDAY, (to-morrow,) at 10½ o'clock, the entire elegant furniture of house No. [illegible] Bowery-st., Williamsburg, between Lee [illegible] Division avs., viz.: rosewood and mahogany parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, pier and oval mirrors, feather beds and bedding, hair mattresses, basement and kitchen furniture, cutlery, China, crockery, oil-paintings, Brussels and ingrain carpets, &c. Catalogues at house morning of sale.

A. S. Richards, Auctioneer.

REGULAR SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS.—RICHARDS & WHITING will sell, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., a general assortment of Spring goods, direct from the manufacturers. Catalogues morning of sale.

Simeon Draper, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 26 PINE-STREET.—Regular Auction Sale at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sales THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE.
LARGE, SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF A STOCK OF GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
BY ORDER OF LEWIS B. LOUER, ESQ., RECEIVER.
WILLIAM TOPPING & CO., AUCTIONEERS, No. 120 Broadway,)
WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, MARCH 17, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, A. M., AT THEIR AUCTION ROOMS.

A most valuable and well-selected stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, imported and manufactured for first-class trade, all in original and perfect order, and all to be sold peremptorily, for cash, by order of the above-named Receiver, to close his trust. The particular attention of the trade is invited to this sale.

Catalogues and goods ready early on morning of sale.

Daniel S. Houghton, Auctioneer—Office No. 220 Broadway.

IMPORTANT AUCTION NOTICE.—DANIEL S. HOUGHTON will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, and for the benefit of whom it may concern, all the rich and elegant rosewood and imported furniture in the private dwelling-house No. 13 University-place, near Washington-square, on TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) March 16, at 10½ A. M. All the goods in the house were bought during the present year, are of the best quality, in beautiful condition and to be sold without reserve. No postponement on any account. A partial list is subjoined from the catalogue:

In the basement are tapestry carpets, extension-table, buffet and chairs, China tea sets, ivory cutlery, cut-glassware, silver-plated tea sets, forks, spoons, castors, &c., together with all the kitchen utensils belonging to the house.

The parlors are furnished with velvet carpets, three carved rosewood parlor suites, and [illegible], side and pier tables; corner and wall [illegible] and mantel glasses, mantel ornaments, bronze [illegible] groups, rich embroidered lace window curtains, French plate pier and oval glasses, easy, reception and recumbent chairs; meritorious oil-paintings, bronze gas fixtures, rosewood library and secretary book-cases, elegant rosewood seven-octave piano, pearl keys and fruit; ladies' work-tables, music cabinet together with an infinite variety of works of art and decorations too numerous to mention.

In the chambers are superbly carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus and commodes, couches, cottage chairs, side and dressing-tables, fine hair mattresses, spring beds, bolsters and pillows, curtains, shades, &c.

The upper stories are furnished with fine mahogany single and double bedsteads, and [illegible] corresponding furniture to match. Also, very superb suits of richly enamelled bedroom furniture. Catalogues to be had at the house only.

A. J. Bleecker, Auctioneer.

NINTH-AVENUE, BETWEEN ONE HUNDRED AND ONE HUNDRED AND FIRST STS.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, March 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, on 9th-av., 8 fine lots comprising the entire front between 100th and 101st sts., full sized, on grade, and very handsome; 100th-st. is opened, neighborhood improved. Maps, &c., at No. 7 Broad-st.

Wm. Dumont, Auctioneer.

CONDEMNED GOODS BY ORDER OF THE United States Light-House Establishment.—WM. DUMONT will sell at auction THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) March 15, at 11 o'clock, at No. 43 Cedar-st.—Old copper reflectors and lamps, brass lamps; and at the foot of Wall-st.—Old iron, tin oil-buts, iron oil-tanks, stoves, lot of pots, pans, &c., copper and iron lanthorns, iron window sashes, wood do., oil barrels, anchors, furnace, iron lamp standard, old rope, handspikes, oil pumps, lot of blocks, putty, bill standard, and two half barrels provisions.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

THIRTY-THIRD, THIRTY-FOURTH AND TROY STREETS.—Attention is called to the sale by order of the Supreme Court in Partition, of 18 valuable lots on 33d and 34th sts., between 10th and 11th avs., and also the premises No. 33 Troy-st., to be sold at auction THIS DAY, March 15, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by ADRIAN H. MULLER. Maps at No. 36 Wall-st.

W. C. Albertus, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS AFTERNOON, AT 2 o'clock, at No. 446 Canal-st., near Varick-st., a large assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, bureaus, bedsteads, sofas, sofa-bedsteads, lounges, tables, chairs, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rugs, glass, crockery and kitchen ware.

INSURANCE.

GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE NO. 5 BEEKMAN-ST.
(The Park Bank Building.)

CASH CAPITAL $200,000
(ALL PAID IN.)

This Company having all its Capital paid in, and in process of investment, is now ready to receive applications, and to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE on Merchandise, Buildings, Ships in Port, and other property on favorable terms.

MAURICE HILGER, President.
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

MAURICE HILGER	
MICHAEL LIENAU	Firm of M. Lienau & Co.
RICHARD HARDT	Firm of Hardt & Co.
HENRY BALL	Firm of Ball, Black & Co.
EDWARD BECH	
C. POPPENHUSEN	Firm of Poppenhusen & Koenig.
JOHN POTTS BROWN	Firm of Brown, De Rossett & Co.
LOUIS F. MACK	Firm of Mack & Bunker.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER	Firm of C. G. Gunther & Sons.
CLEMENT HEERDT	
JACOB R. SCHUYLER	Firm of Schuyler, Hartley & Graham.
HERM. A. SCHLEICHER	Firm of Herm. Boker & Co.
WM. LOESCHIGK	Firm of Loeschigk, Wesendonk & Co.
RICH'D M. HOE	Firm of R. Hoe & Co.
CH. F. DAMBMANN	Firm of C. F. Dambmann & Co.
L. E. AMSINCK	
JOHN F. SCHEPELER	Firm of Lobach & Schepeler
HERMAN MARCUSE	Firm of G. Vom Baur & Co
C. BREUSING	
RUD. C. BURLAGE	Firm of Bunge, Burlage & Co.
JACQUES SCHIED	
CALEB BARSTOW	Pres. St. Nicholas Bank.
GEO. F. THOMAE	Firm of W. W. DeForest & Co.
ANTHONY SCHEITLIN	Firm of A. & E. Scheitlin.
PETER MURRAY	
E. KAUPE	Firm of E. Kaupe & Cummings.
JOHN H. ABEEL	Firm of John H. Abeel & Co.
WM. H. SMITH	
JOHN CHETWOOD	Counselor at Law.
HENRY G. EILSHEMIUS	
HENRY BECKER	Firm of H. Becker & Graeve.
E. H. C. DOHRMANN	Firm of Dohrmann & Bernitt.
CHAS. E. CORNWELL	Firm of Robins, Powell & Co.
REUBEN W. HOWES	Pres. of the Park Bank.
MELVIN S. WHITNEY	
GEO. I. BYRD	Firm of Byrd & Hall.
ROBERT SQUIRES	Firm of Freeland, Squires & Co.
DIETRICH WESTFALL	Firm of J. & D. Westfall.
FRANCIS BOLTING	Firm of F. Bolting & Co.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW-YORK.
No. 38 Wall-st.
CAPITAL $200,000. CHARTERED 1824.

This Company continues to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on the most favorable terms.
JACOB BROUWER, President.
LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Secretary.

CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office No. 53 Wall-st., New-York.
CASH CAPITAL, $250,000; ASSETS, $300,000.

This Company insures property of all kinds against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms. All losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:

HUGH LAING,	NOAH S. HUNT,
EFFINGHAM TOWNSEND,	THOMAS SMULL,
CHAS. E. SWORDS,	J. H. RANSOM,
JOHN PENFOLD,	GEO. A. TOWNSEND,
JOHN COMPTON,	DON ALONZO CUSHMAN,
D. HENRY HAIGHT,	U. J. SMITH,
JOSEPH LAWRENCE,	ALFRED WILLIS,
LEONARD S. SUAREZ,	SYLVESTER L. H. WARD,
SILAS BRONSON,	ALVER LAING,
A. B. [illegible],	ROBERT M. BRUCE,
JOHN WATSON,	J. S. BOYD,
JOSEPH W. CORLIES,	A. YZNAGA DEL VALLE,
SAMUEL WILLETS,	LAWRENCE TURNURE,
S. T. NICOLL,	HENRY S. LEVERICH,
GEO. GRISWOLD, Jr.	J. H. HOLCOMB.

HUGH LAING, President.
JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Have removed to No. 43 Wall-st., Bank of New-York Building. SAMPSON MOORE, President.
JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

CHAMBER FURNITURE, ENAMELED AND GRAINED.—In all colors and styles, warranted to give satisfaction. Also Bedding of every description, made to order. [illegible] BRIDGE, No. 6 Sullivan-st., Three doors from Canal-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, At prices from $25 and upwards. WARREN WARD, No. 287 Canal-st., (old No. [illegible]) Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON HAT-RACKS, IRON CORN STOOLS.—Stools put up in stores free of charge. Circulars sent on request. Liberal terms to the trade. JAMES SCOTT, No. 187 Centre, corner Canal-st.

GAS CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HALL AND OTHER PENDANTS, &c., &c.—The subscribers, returning thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, respectfully beg leave to say they are now fully prepared to furnish the above articles in every variety on the shortest notice and most liberal terms. Being manufacturers, they are enabled to offer such inducements to purchasers as will well repay them for a call at their manufactory previous to purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Churches and public buildings fitted with gas pipe and fixtures throughout on the most moderate terms and with all possible dispatch. J. & T. DONALDSON, No. 65 Leonard-st., near Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS, AND NO. 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK, GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,

ALSO ON
ATHENS, CONSTANTINOPLE, ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, BEYROUT, JERUSALEM, &c., &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bill, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

H. S. LANSING & CO., European Shipping and Commission Merchants, and proprietors of the old-established AMERICAN-EUROPEAN EXPRESS, No. 72 Broadway, New-York.
LANSING, STARR & CO. .... Liverpool and London
LANSING, BALDWIN & CO. ..... Havre and Paris.
Will attend to shipping goods and forwarding parcels from either of the above places at reduced rates.

AUGUST BELMONT, BANKER, NO. 76 BEAVER-ST., Issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BANKERS, CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

EDWARD C. BOGERT, (LATE OF BOGERT & KNEELAND,) BUSINESS PAPER NEGOTIATED, No. 53 Exchange-place.

LAND WARRANTS BOUGHT AND SOLD, By TAYLOR BROTHERS, NO. 76 WALL-ST.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BANKERS, Corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York, issue Letters of Credit and Circular Notes for travelers, available in all the cities of the United States, Canada, the West India Islands, &c., similar to those in such extensive use in Europe.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., GENERAL BANKING, DISCOUNT AND COLLECTION HOUSE, No. 40 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK CITY. Orders or inquiries from correspondents promptly answered.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO., NO. 38 WALL-STREET, Buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE CO.,
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1859.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Four per Cent., payable on and after the 15th inst., at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th prox., inclusive. J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election for six Directors of the American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M. JOHN P. YELVERTON, President.
ISAAC C. LEA, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1859.

DIVIDEND.—GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 43 Wall-st., (Bank of New-York Building,) New-York, March 1, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company, have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., payable to the stockholders on demand. JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—BROOKLYN, March 5, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi Annual Dividend of Ten per Cent., payable on demand at their Branch Office No. 62 Wall-st., New-York. PHILANDER SHAW, Sec.

DIVIDEND.—THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE Company will pay a Dividend of Three Dollars per share to the stockholders on demand, at their office No. 50 Wall-st. GEO. FARMER, Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. Apply at the office of the GERMANIA FIRE INS. COMPANY, No. 5 Beekman-st.

P. W. GALLAUDET, NOTE BROKER, NO. 44 Wall-st., New-York.—Particular attention given to the sale of hardware, fancy and dry goods business paper. Collections made in any part of the United States.

$7,000.—SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD 1st mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds $500 each. Interest payable June and December. For sale by GEO. C. SMALLEY, No. 11 Wall-st.

LOANS ON MORTGAGE, AND TRUSTS executed by ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD, Attorney and Counsellor, No. 16 Wall-st.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE paper wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

DUBUQUE CITY 10 PER CENT. BONDS for sale by MORSE & WOLFF, No. 41 William-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—BENJAMIN CHAMBERLAIN and ELEAZAR HARMON vs. JOHN DORAN, ANDREW BURKE, William Carland, William Loft, George Van Campen, Patrick McMahon, Mathew McMahon, William Schuster, Nicholas Theesecre, Frederick Hastong, Michael Chase, Jacob Maher, John McKinney, William Clear, Frederick Hamer, Charles Direter, Frank Rings, Michael Wheeler, Patrick Howard, Patrick Mohoney, William Kelley, Francis Clark, Lawrence King, John White, Charles Hall, Jacob Homer, James Riley, Hugh O'Brien, Charles Coffield, John Shean, Patrick Murray, Walter Clear, Owen Rush, Michael Clinch, Thomas DeWier, John McCuddy, John Klinche, John Mack, James McGahn, John Collins, Peter Harlacher, Frank Martini, Charles Dender, Frederick Hoffman, Joseph Getter, Adam Ehrat, Andreas Lawser, Jefferson Hicks, John Hartman, Frederick Kroler, Patrick Hickey, Patrick Wheeler, Henry Hollenbacht, John Hanneman, Patrick McGuire, John Fahey, Francis Rungs, Charles Hicks, Frederick Tremmell, Julius Theme, William Streeker, Nicholas Young, Steven Denner, Frederick Shuster, Joseph Rellander, John Safrolt, John Smith, John Howard, John Kelley, Thomas Healey, Christian Hartung, John McGallcuddy, Thomas Dwyer, John Hannaway, J. P. Voght, Thomas Linen, Simon Kuhn.

To Frederick Hoffman, John Hannaway, J. P. Voght, John McGallcuddy, Thomas Dwyer, Joseph Getter, John Smith, Joseph Rellander, Julius Theme, Stephen Denner, Frederick Shuster, Frederick Kroler, Charles Dender, Thomas Healey, Francis Rungs, Patrick Wheeler, Henry Hollenbacht, Peter Harlacher, and Patrick Hickey, defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of Benjamin Chamberlain and Eleazar Harmon, plaintiffs, a copy of which was filed in the office of the Clerk of Cattaraugus County, on the 31st day of July, 1858, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers at Ellicottville, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, or the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. LAMB & BOLLES, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
mh15-law6wTu

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.—JOHN LEFFERTS against WILLIAM JARVIS and EUNICE B., his wife, John Andrews, Samuel B. Cawley, Joseph G. Hanson, John W. Mason, George Hills, Albert Lowery, Francis P. Fernald, Thomas McElrath, President of the Nassau Bank, the Nassau Bank, Stats S. Bell, Jane A. Watrous, Andrew J. Wood, Frederick M. Peyser, William Williamson, Milton G. Smith, Thomas B. White. To each of the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, in said County of Kings, and State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, at No. 3 Front-street, in the said City of Brooklyn, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Brooklyn, Feb. 18, 1859.
ABRAHAM LOTT, Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 3 Front-st., Brooklyn.
mh1-law6wTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HERMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against FREEMAN HUNT, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of GEORGE W. and JOHN A. WOOD, No. 149 Fulton-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of March next.—Dated Sept. 13, 1858.
ELIZABETH T. HUNT, WILLIAM PARMENTER, } Administrators.
s14-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HERMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SAMUEL W. RICH, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of GEORGE MACKENZIE, No. 7 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 13, 1858.
EMELINE E. RICH, GEORGE MACKENZIE, } Administrators.
d14-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HERMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings.—Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM L. BURROUGHS, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 205 Livingston-st., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 20th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 13, 1858.
CLARA S. BURROUGHS, Administratrix.
d21-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM C. McKEE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 27 Broad-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of May next. Dated, New-York, the 1st day of November, 1858.
GEORGE C. GRUNDY, Administrator.
n2-law6mTu*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST AT THE CHARITY BALL.—THE gentleman who picked up, at the Charity Ball, on Thursday last, an enameled EYE-GLASS, set with brilliants and attached to a gold chain, which he exhibited to one of the managers, will confer a favor by sending his address to the Editor of the Times, that the owner may reclaim the said property and duly acknowledge his politeness.

LOST—ON SUNDAY EVENING, IN TWENTY-ninth-st., between 5th and 6th avs., an ivory-headed CANE, with the owner's name engraved on the gold band. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to No. 44 Warren-st.

LOST—ON MONDAY, A SMALL MASONIC LOCKET, containing two portraits. The finder will receive the value of the locket by leaving it at No. 13 Beekman-st.

SHIPPING.

PRICE REDUCED TO $60.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE FOR CALIFORNIA, via Panama Railroad.

The steamship ILLINOIS, JOHN McGOWAN, Commander, will sail on MONDAY, March 21, 1859, at 2 o'clock P. M., from pier foot of Warren-st., North River, connecting at Panama with the steamship Golden Age, Capt. J. T. Watkins.

For passage apply only to L. W. RAYMOND, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

THE NEW LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE.

The favorite steamship NORTHERN LIGHT, Captain TINKLEPAUGH, will leave New-York, from Pier No. 3, North River, MONDAY, April 11, at 2 o'clock P. M., connecting via Panama Railroad with the steamship UNCLE SAM, now in the line on the Pacific Ocean.

For passage or freight, apply at the only office of the Line, No. 5 Bowling-green. D. B. ALLEN, Agent.

N. B.—All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of the above ships or owners.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. WESSELS, Commander, Carrying the U. S. Mail, Will sail, positively, SATURDAY, March 19, at 12 M., For BREMEN, via SOUTHAMPTON, taking passengers for London, Havre, Southampton, and Bremen, at the following rates: First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35. For freight or passage, apply to OELRICHS, KEUTGEN & REICHELT, No. 86 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
To sail WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 12 o'clock, (now receiving freight.)
The Louisiana Tehuantepec Company's steamship COATZACOALCOS.

This magnificent and fast steamship, THOMAS W. WILSON, Commander, will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 44, North River, foot of Spring-st.

Passage, First Cabin $60
Steerage $25

Freight 30c. to New-Orleans.
No freight taken for Havana except specie.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on board.
Apply to HARGOUS BROTHERS, No. 33 South-st.

OPPOSITION FOR ALBANY.
MERCHANTS' LINE OF STEAMBOATS.
Daily, at 6 o'clock P. M., from the foot of Robinson-st., in connection with the New-York Central Railroad.

The steamer KNICKERBOCKER, Capt. W. B. NELSON, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
The steamer HERO, Capt. J. W. HANCOX, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS.

Tickets can be had at the office on the wharf for all the stations on the New-York Central Railroad, and the principal cities in the Western States and Canada.

Baggage checked to all points, free of charge.
Freight carried at reduced rates and forwarded promptly. ELI HUNT, Agent.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA.
The British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Capt. A. BROWNLESS, will sail from the Company's wharf at Jersey City, for the above ports, after the arrival of steamship PERSIA, (which leaves Liverpool 19th March,) probably 31st of March.

Passage money to Nassau $45
Passage money to Havana 60
Passage money between Nassau and Havana 15

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $130
Second Cabin Passage 75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $110
Second Cabin Passage 60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard; red on port bow.

AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, March 2.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, March 9.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, March 16.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, March 23.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 30.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 6.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, April 13.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 20.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones, or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE. THROUGH IN 48 HOURS.

The magnificent steamship NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 4 P. M., precisely.

Through tickets to the following places:

To New-Orleans	$39 50	To Atlanta, Ga.	$30
To Mobile	31 00	To Augusta, Ga.	20
To Montgomery, Ala.	28 00	To Jacksonville, Fla.	25
To Knoxville, Tenn.	31 00	To Pilatka, Fla.	25

To Charlotte, N. C., $22.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

The favorite steamship JAS. ADGER, R. ADAMS, Commander, will succeed on Saturday, March 19.

THE VANDERBILT EUROPEAN LINE OF United States Mail steamships will sail

	FROM NEW-YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.	FROM HAVRE & SOUTHAMPTON FOR NEW-YORK.
Vanderbilt, LEFEVRE	Sat'y, April 23.	Wed'y, May 11.
North Star, JONES	Sat'y, May 7.	Wed'y, May 25.

These steamships have water-tight compartments.
Carry able surgeons.
No steerage passengers.
Price of passage .... First Cabin $120 and $100; Second Cabin 60 and 50.
Specie delivered in London and Paris.
D. TORRANCE, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, Dublin and Londonderry, without delay, for $30. Return tickets to either of the above places, good for six months, by any steamer of the line, $60.

GLASGOW, Capt. Thomson, SATURDAY, March 19, at 12 noon.
EDINBURG, Capt. Cumming, WEDNESDAY, April 13, at 12 noon.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $75; third class, found with cooked provisions, $30.
For freight or passage apply to ROBERT CRAIG, No. 17 Broadway.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE U. S. Mail steamer ARAGO, D. LINES, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers on SATURDAY, April 2, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below."

For freight or passage, apply to W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO, and sail April 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—STEAMSHIP ETNA, JAS. ANDERSON, Commander. This new and powerful steamer will sail from the British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, 28th instant, at 3 P. M. Passage money for first-class passengers only, for whom there are excellent accommodations, $75, including provisions, but without wines or liquors, which can be obtained on board. Freight taken at reasonable rates. Apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The United States Mail steamship ROANOKE, Capt. THOS. SKINNER, will leave on WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River. She will arrive at Norfolk the next afternoon, and at City Point the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there on Monday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and first-class steamship HUNTSVILLE, JNO. A. POST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12, North River, on SATURDAY, March 19, at 4 o'clock P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15; through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $33; Montgomery, $28; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta, $20; Columbus, $25; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also, to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates. Insurance ½ per cent. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP LINES FOR HAVANA AND KEY WEST, FLA., via CHARLESTON, S. C.—The splendid and favorite steamship ISABEL, Captain WM. ROLLINS, will leave Charleston for Key West and Havana on the 4th and 19th of each month. The Charleston steamships will leave this port for Charleston every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 4, North River, connecting with the ISABEL for the above ports. Through tickets may be had on application to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON AND THE WEST.—The steamers of the New-York and Baltimore Steamship Line leave Pier No. 12, N. R., for Baltimore, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, making the passage in forty hours. Freight to Baltimore, 6 cents per foot; to Washington, 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates. For through rates to the West, covering insurance risk, apply at B. & O. R. R. Co.'s office, No. 229 Broadway. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP EUROPA—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The EUROPA, JOHN LEITCH, Commander, will sail from the Company's Dock, at Jersey City, with the mails and passengers for Europe, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant. Passengers are requested to be on board by 2½ o'clock P. M. The ASIA will sail on the 30th instant. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—FARE 50 CENTS FROM Pier No. 24 East River, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, steamer BRIDGEPORT, arriving in time to connect with all the Eastern trains. Freight taken. G. W. COBLIES, Agent.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 282 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions, and extra pay procured.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR HEATING PIPES.—Sealed proposals will be received by the School Officers of XXIst Ward until TUESDAY, the 29th inst., at 12 M., for furnishing and putting in the heating pipes, required for Ward School No. 14, according to the plans and specifications, as shown by the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st., where they may be seen and the proposals deposited. E. V. ROGERS, Chairman of Building Committee.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS FOR THE NORTH, SOUTH, East or West, should buy, before starting, APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. Price 25 cents. The clear manner in which the through-route maps are delineated enables the traveler to see at a glance how he shall travel. He will save many a dollar by procuring a copy. D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
For Albany and Troy; fare $2.
On and after Monday, Dec. 6, 1858, trains will leave 26th-st., New-York, as follows:

[illegible]

RETURNING, WILL LEAVE

[illegible]

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 29, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations. Mail West at 9 A. M. for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot Murray-st., via Piermont, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Way passenger, at 3:30 P. M., for Newburg, Port Jervis and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Emigrant, at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira and Canandaigua Railroad for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad for Syracuse; at Corning, with the Buffalo, New-York and Erie Railroad for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; at Great Bend, with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for Scranton; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c. CHAS. MORAN, President.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—[illegible] reduction in fare to all places West. On and after the 15th instant, the Summer rates of fare will be $9 15 between New-York and Dunkirk, and $8 between New-York and Buffalo or Niagara Falls. C. B. GREENOUGH, Genl. Ticket Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT—Commencing March 10, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 and 12 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:40 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 only. JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM DEC. 22, 1858, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 6 A. M. 3:15 and 4:30 P. M. Albany Mail Train 11:15 A. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 6:45 A. M. and 12 M.; for Dobbs' Ferry, 3:40 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 4:30 P. M.; for Peekskill, 5 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Dobbs' Ferry Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:05 and 10:20 A. M., and 3:15 and 6:30 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sundays at 6 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M. J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer ENOCH DEAN, 6:45, 9 and 10 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M., exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Receiver.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—MARCH 1, 1859. Trains going East leave South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. for Greenport; 4 P. M. for Syosset; Hempstead, 10 A. M., 4 and 5.30 P. M., for Jamaica; on Saturdays only at 3.30 P. M. for Yaphank. E. H. PALMER, Agent.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
GEORGE R. JACKSON & CO., EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS, Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st., Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard-st., and Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st., New-York,

Manufacturers of iron railings of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen in the Times Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College-place, United States Custom-houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office, New-York.

LEONARD & JACKSON'S "PATENT LIGHTS." A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Having been creditably informed that persons have on one or more occasions endeavored to injure our business by false and malicious statements to the effect that the vault light which we manufacture and sell is an infringement of letters patent granted to Mr. Thaddeus Hyatt, we hereby notify those persons to desist from such defamatory statements, as we shall hold them personally responsible for damages.

Letters patent for the vault light which we are manufacturing was granted June 29, 1856, and, should it be questioned, we are fully prepared to defend our rights in the premises, and to show that we are not infringing upon the rights of Mr. Hyatt or any one else.

JACKSON & THROCKMORTON, Architectural and Nautical Iron Works, Nos. 55 to 57 Goerck-st., New-York.

HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS. A CARD HAVING BEEN ISSUED TO THE PUBLIC

By parties who frankly confess that they do not pay me for my invention, I avail myself of this opportunity to advertise the names of those who do. The following persons, only, are licensed under my patents in this City:
George R. Jackson & Co.
J. B. & W. W. Cornell & Co.
S. B. Althause & Co.
Ingalls & Case.
Theodore Hyatt.

The law is, that a person who purchases or uses a patented article is equally liable for infringement with the maker of it. The "makers" having fairly notified the "users" of their intention not to pay, the "users" have only themselves to blame if I collect my tariff of them—as I shall certainly do. THADDEUS HYATT.
New-York, January, 1859.

BOONTON, PATENT MACHINE-MADE NUTS.—The subscribers are now manufacturing at their Works, Boonton, New-Jersey, WROUGHT IRON NUTS, upon E. H. COLE'S newly patented NUT MACHINES. In their manufacture the patented device of the "Double Punch," namely, two punches operating from opposite sides toward the centre of the Nut forced into the body of the Nut most of the iron, which in all other processes is punched out; and also condenses the iron around the bolt hole, thus insuring the greatest strength in the Screw thread, and making, as they believe, a Nut superior to any made by hand, or the ordinary machine processes.

They invite all consumers of WROUGHT IRON NUTS to make trial of them, and will furnish samples and their price list on application. FULLER, LORD & CO., Nos. 137 and 139 Greenwich-st.

R. S. LUQUEER & CO.—DEALERS IN SADdlery Hardware, have removed to their new store, No. 51 Murray-st., where they intend keeping the best assortment to be found in the country. Buyers studying their own interests will examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BAR, HOOP, SHEET IRON; TIN PLATE; Block Tin, Spelter, Sheet Zinc, Wire, Copper, &c. For sale by JER. CODDINGTON & CO., No. 83 Broad-st.

NICKEL.—BEST SWEDISH FREE FROM ARsenic, imported direct by C. E. HABICHT, No. 59 Beaver-st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig. JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT, COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality—none better in market. Agents, JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY.—ALL kinds for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

RELIANCE FIRE REGULATOR—FOR SAVing fuel in steam-boilers. The most sensitive and efficient instrument of the kind. CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 95 Broadway, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL $50,000.
TEAS, WINES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS CHEAP FOR CASH.
Important to up-town families, hotel and restaurant proprietors, country merchants, and the public at large.

THOMAS R. AGNEW has the largest stock of choice teas, wines, groceries, flour and provisions to be found in New-York, at the lowest price. The undersigned imports his own goods, and keeps $50,000 cash in his business, and is thereby enabled to undersell any man in New-York. Call and see for yourselves. Consult your own interests and buy your goods where you can get them cheapest and best. Just received:
500 barrels New-Orleans Molasses.
100 barrels Stuart's Syrup.
200 barrels No. 1 family Mackerel.
1,000 chests and half-chests green and black teas, new crop.
1,000 barrels choice brands family flour.
Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge.
THOS. R. AGNEW, Importer, [illegible]
Nos. 260 Greenwich and 39 Murray sts., N. Y.

TEAZLES—PICARD'S FRENCH, ALL SIZES, for sale by C. R. MABONY, No. 55 Beaver-st.

MEDICAL.

THE BOOK TO BE READ BY MEN WITH delicate and broken-down constitutions, [illegible] "Human Frailty, or Physiological Instruction." [illegible] "THIRTEEN LE[illegible]" Sold by Dr. BARROW, No. 194 Prince-st., New-York. Price 25 cents. Sold also by F. G. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR, COMPOUNDED FROM GUMS.
A SPRING MEDICINE.
A FAMILY MEDICINE.
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
CURES LIVER COMPLAINTS.
CURES SICK HEADACHE.
CURES DIZZINESS.
CURES DYSPEPSIA.
CURES BILIOUS ATTACKS.
CURES FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
CURES COSTIVENESS.
CURES CHRONIC DIARRHŒA.
CURES WORM DISEASES.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D., PROPRIETOR, No. 345 BROADWAY.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY, AT ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

TO YOUNG MEN.
USE THE CONCENTRATED CURE.
USE THE CONCENTRATED CURE.
USE THE CONCENTRATED CURE.
USE THE CONCENTRATED CURE.
FOR WEAKNESS.
FOR WANT OF POWER.
FOR NERVOUSNESS.
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION.
FOR WEAKNESS.
FOR WANT OF POWER.
FOR NERVOUSNESS.
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION.
Sold wholesale and retail by the Medical Agent, No. [illegible] Broadway. Send for a Circular. (Sent free.) [illegible] per vial, $1.

FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.
Osborn's Pure Juice Port Wine.
Cognac Brandies, of the finest brands.
Bourbon Whisky distilled by [illegible].
For sale by C. E. [illegible], No. [illegible] William-st.

RUSSIA WAR OINTMENT, FOR FELONS.
Russia War Ointment, for Burns.
Russia War Ointment, for Corns.
Russia War Ointment, for Piles.
Russia War Ointment, for Sore or Broken Breasts.
Give it a trial. I know it will cure you.
For sale by druggists generally. Wholesale by A. B. & D. SANDS.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—Dr. C. B. HAMMOND, PUPIL of Ricord, of Paris, the first Venereal Surgeon living, and of Professors Gross and Mott, of New-York, is consulted privately at No. 61 Bleecker-st., a few doors east of Broadway, on complicated diseases of the Sexual System successfully treated, including Weakness, &c., &c. Office hours from 10 to 3, and from 6 to 9 in the evening. [illegible] languages spoken. Terms moderate.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—This celebrated remedy for purifying the blood, and for the cure of scorbutic, ulcerous and eruptive diseases, is superior to all others, because it is the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, MARRIED AND SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—DR. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. Thirtieth edition. Over 400 pages, [illegible], and about 100 electrotyped engravings. Price $1; by mail, 25 cents extra. Sold also by W. A. Townsend & Co., No. 46 Walker-st. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European Hospital practice, [illegible], their receipts and specifics; the author's unequalled French and London treatment. At No. 22 Mercer-st., near Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, from 8 A. M. to 1, and 5 to 8 evenings.

We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work.—Courrier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, [illegible], Medical Democrat, Day Book, Essex Standard, Railway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New-York Pick, New-Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.

DR. WATSON HAS, FOR A LONG SERIES of years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and therefore no exposure to business. Dr. WATSON receives patients at his private consulting rooms from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., at No. 456 Broome-st., second block east of Broadway. Dr. Watson's Work, THE CAUSE AND CURE, [illegible] which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its different forms. [illegible] indiscretion, errors, or other causes. [illegible] of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1, post-paid. "Dr. Watson's Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and cordially recommend it."—Medical Journal. Sold by the Author, as above; also by CHAS. MILLER, No. 236 Broadway, New-York.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—[illegible]

Price $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. [illegible] No. 260 Fulton-st., New-York. DR. [illegible]

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.—NEW-YORK, Feb. 3, 1859.—Dr. [illegible] an advertisement in the Times of to-day, [illegible] right of John Pine to manufacture the medicine known as Watts' Nervous Antidote and sell the same, I deem it my duty to let you know that no such writing was ever given by Dr. Watts to John Pine or any other person, nor could have been given without my consent or approval. So assured of me, sir, that I hold the receipt and medicines in my possession from April, 1856, until I sold the same to you. Yours, most respectfully, MATILDA VASQUEZ, mother-in-law of Dr. Watts, No. [illegible]. Look out for counterfeits by bobbers, [illegible].

DR. RALPH'S PRACTICAL PRIVATE Treatise on the Diseases and Abuses of the Genital System, with illustrative plates. [illegible] (Ch. 12) will be discovered the real origin of those common pains and weaknesses from which thousands suffer year after year, [illegible] true cause. Price, $1. Eighteenth edition. Sold at No. 2 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) by the author, No. 25 Bleecker-st., or mailed, securely enveloped, by addressing box No. [illegible] Post-Office.

$500 REWARD.—CROSSMAN'S SPECIFIC MIXTURE.—Of all remedies yet discovered, this is the most certain; it makes a speedy and permanent cure without the least restriction in diet, drink or exposure or change in application to business; many are cured in two days. Sold at the drug stores, No. 273 Broadway, cor. Chambers-st.; also at the Astor House, No. [illegible] Broadway; No. 180 Fulton-st., cor. William.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. 20 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of certain diseases, enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, may call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured.

OLD MRS. HALSTEAD'S REMEDIES.—COUGH BALM.—For coughs and lung [illegible]. Price 25 cents. WHOOPING COUGH RELIEVER. For whooping cough. Price 25 cents. E. WHITE, General Agent, No. 50 Division-st., N. Y., and at Hadnutt's, No. 51 6th-av., No. 311 3d-av., No. 480 Canal-st. [illegible]

TO THE PUBLIC.—I HOLD THE ORIGINAL receipt of Watts' Nervous Antidote, and am responsible for the purity of the medicine when signed by me on the label. JAMES T. STRATTON, No. 110 [illegible]. Other genuine. $1 a bottle.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL Private Treatise on venereal, gleet, stricture, weakness, &c., &c. Office No. 25 Bleecker-st., two blocks east of Broadway. Hours 10½ to 1, and 6 to 9 o'clock.

DR. HUNTER—NO. 3 DIVISION-ST., PERFORMS THE GREATEST CURES EVER MADE. THE ONLY SECURITY AGAINST HUMBUGS AND THE EFFECTS OF DISEASES IS TO APPLY TO HIS OLD DISPENSARY, NO. 3 DIVISION-ST., NEW-YORK, ESTABLISHED IN 1834. Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division-st., offends the public the only reliable remedy known in the whole world for the permanent cure and removal of every particle of the secret and poisonous virus of venereal disease, which is the genuine HUNTER'S RED DROP, made from the original recipe, in the possession of Dr. HUNTER, and not known by any other person living except Dr. HUNTER, at No. 3 Division-st., one door from the Bowery, all the assertions of the many poisonous quacks to the contrary notwithstanding. Dr. H. has prepared every vial of this celebrated medicine with his own hands that has ever been offered for sale for the last thirty years, and has never intrusted any living person with the secret; consequently, everything offered for sale of any other kind is a libel, a base and wicked counterfeit, got up by some unprincipled wretch that, for the sake of a dollar, would trifle with the lives of his fellow-men.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

COAL OIL.—WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO supply this superior burning oil to our customers, in strong, iron-bound packages of about forty gallons each, in such quantities as they may desire. It is highly refined, light-colored and warranted pure. It burns with a dry in all kinds of Kerosene lamps, without crust, smell or smoke. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. EMPIRE STATE COAL-OIL COMPANY, No. 220 Pearl-st., New-York.

BRUSHES, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at the Brush Factory, No. 284 Pearl-st., Franklin-square. All articles sold at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a very superior quality always on hand. JOHN K. HOPPER.

COBURN'S EXTRA OIL—VERY SUPERIOR for machinery and burning—none more desirable. Barrels, 30 to 40 gallons. JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

PAINT MANUFACTURERS AND CAPITALISTS.—A new system of grinding paints, saving an average of 50 per cent., without any extra cost or change in machinery. J. QUARTERMAN, 114 John-st., N. Y.

COAL OIL OF FINE QUALITY FOR SALE in lots to suit customers by H. OGDEN, Jr., No. 17 Broad-st.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE FOR SALE.—By the New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, in lengths to suit purchasers, about 40 miles of superior quality, four-strand Submarine Telegraph Cable, with three conducting wires, [illegible]. For particulars, inquire of R. W. LOWBER, Secretary, No. 5 Wall-st.

PATENT MANGLES—NEW AND SECOND-hand, for sale cheap; they supersede smoothing irons, doing as much work as six women. Manufactured by DUNCAN, WEST & SHARP, No. 51 Beekman-st., New-York.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[illegible] and Collectors—[illegible] Reade-street and the Second-avenue—The Fountain is to be Removed from the Park.

The Mayor last evening returned to the Board of Aldermen the assessment list for regulating, grading, [illegible] One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from the [illegible] avenue to the west side of Manhattan-street, [illegible] objections to confirming it. The communication was referred to the Committee on Assessments.

A petition asking that a market might be located on the west side of the Eleventh-avenue, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets, was referred.

The following communication from the Comptroller was read, and referred to the Committee on Assessments:

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 14, 1859.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I return herewith the Assessment List, confirmed Feb. 15, 1859, for paving, with Belgian pavement, Madison-avenue, from Twenty-third to Forty-[illegible]-street.

[illegible]

ROBT. T. HAWS, Comptroller.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, stating that the report in favor of widening and extending Reade-street had been confirmed by the Supreme Court, and asking the passage of a resolution directing that the actual opening of the [illegible] take place on the 1st of May next.

Alderman ADAMS moved that a resolution to this effect be adopted, and that it be sent to the Board of Councilmen for concurrence, and the motion was adopted.

Another communication from the Street Commissioner, setting forth that the report of the Commissioners in the matter of opening and extending Second-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-third-street to the Harlem River, had been confirmed by the Supreme Court, and recommending the adoption of a resolution directing that the actual opening of the avenue take place forthwith, was read and the resolution was adopted.

The Report of the Committee on Lands and Places in favor of removing the fountain from the City Hall Park and constructing a fountain in Tompkins-square was adopted.

Alderman SHAW offered a preamble and resolution, which were adopted, setting forth that a new pier had been constructed at the foot of Christopher-street, North River, at an expense of some $12,000, and additions have been made to the pier, and obstructions placed on it, and directing that the Street Commissioner report to the Board, by whose direction parts of the pier have been destroyed, encumbrances placed thereon, and additions built, projecting into the adjoining slip.

An invitation from the Irish Societies to review the procession on St. Patrick's Day in the afternoon was accepted, and the Board adjourned to Thursday.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Street Cleaning—Communications from the Comptroller.

The Board met last evening at the usual hour. A petition was received from 550 citizens, property holders and residents on the east side of the City, asking for a railroad through East Broadway, Avenue D, and other streets. Referred to Committee on Railroads. Councilman ADAMS presented a petition for regulating Forty-third-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, with Belgian pavement. Referred to Committee on Streets. Engine Company No. 22, Hose Company No. 26, Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, petitioned for rooms in the second story of the house on the southwest corner of Centre and Chambers streets. Referred to Committee on Fire Department. Councilman ORTAGUS presented a petition for re-laying the iron pavement on Wall-street. Referred. Councilman McCARTY offered a resolution directing the Corporation Counsel to inform the Board, at his earliest convenience, of the progress of the suit pending between the State and City, relative to the West Washington Market property. Adopted. Councilman FLINN offered a resolution directing the Street Commissioner to have the electric blocks in the public offices put in order. Referred to Committee on Arts and Sciences.

Councilman ORTAGUS offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to inform the Board by what authority men are now cleaning the streets, what expense has already been incurred for such work since the 1st of January, and also whether the work is done by contract, and that his Honor be requested to give the information at the next meeting.

Adopted.

The same gentleman offered a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Streets, directing the laying of Belgian pavement in Broadway, between Seventeenth and Twenty-fifth streets.

Councilman FLINN offered a resolution directing the Croton Aqueduct Board to advertise for proposals for laying Belgian pavement on Third-avenue, between Sixth and Thirty-fourth streets. Referred.

An invitation was received and accepted to review the civic Societies on St. Patrick's Day.

The Board concurred with the Aldermen in granting Engine Company No. 42 a temporary location in the Park.

The Board also concurred in amending the ordinance licensing charcoal venders, so as to include venders of kindling wood.

The Comptroller sent in a communication, specifying the number and salaries of the additional Clerks which he found necessary, as follows:

One General Book-keeper, at a salary of	$2,000
One Second Assistant Book-keeper, at a salary of	1,200
Two General Clerks, at a salary of ...each	1,200
One General Clerk, at a salary of	1,000
One Messenger ...each $600 and	600
IN THE AUDITING DEPARTMENT.	
One Third-Assistant Auditor, at a salary of	$1,200
One Third-Assistant Auditor, at a salary of	1,200
One Fourth-Assistant Auditor, at a salary of	1,000
One Messenger, at a salary of	600
IN THE BUREAU OF CITY REVENUE.	
Two Deputy Collectors ...each	$1,000
One Messenger	600
IN THE BUREAU OF ARREARS.	
One Assistant Clerk	$2,000
One Map Clerk	800
Three General Clerks ...each	800

The same official sent in a communication with reference to the removal of night soil, which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

[illegible] under the present arrangement, the expense to the City of having the work performed is about $[illegible] per week in Summer, and about $1,150 per week in Winter, making an aggregate of more than $60,000 per annum. I am assured that the work can be done for less than one-half the sum it now costs. The appropriation for this service for the current year being but $30,000, the whole amount will be expended under present rates before the warm months commence, and the sinks will be overflowing, with no means remaining in the Treasury for emptying them.

I would therefore recommend the immediate action of the Common Council, and that the proper Department be directed to make a contract in the manner provided by the charter and ordinances for the removal of the contents of sinks and privies. Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.

THE TAX LEVY.

The Clerk's communication, showing the amount of money called for in the Tax Levy, for which the Common Council was responsible, was ordered to be printed in the *Times*, *Herald*, *Tribune*, *Sun*, and in the official papers. It is as follows:

To the Honorable the Board of Councilmen of the City of New-York:

GENTLEMEN: On the 24 of February last the following resolution was adopted by your honorable body:

Whereas, The tax-payers are under the impression that the Common Council are responsible for the heavy rate of taxation;

Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board be requested to prepare for publication a detailed statement of the various amounts ordered to be raised, beyond their control, such as requirements of the Police Board, Ten Governors, School Commissioners, interest on debt, arrearages, amounts for judgments, &c., thereby showing the amount actually expended for City purposes.

The following facts and figures are accordingly submitted as the result of a thorough scrutiny of the Tax-Levy lately adopted by the Common Council:

The total amount to be raised by tax for the year 1859	$[illegible]
Beyond the control of the Common Council	[illegible]
Over which the Common Council have limited control	[illegible]

Annexed, marked A, is a statement in detail of amounts beyond the control of the Common Council of [illegible].

Of the $[illegible] over which the Common Council of [illegible] have limited control, it is essential a few words should be said to answer the spirit of the resolution, and show how little control the Common Council has over even this amount.

By the thirty-eight section of the Charter of 1857, departments (and consequently bureaux under them exercise the power) are sanctioned in making contracts under [illegible] without consent or knowledge of the Common Council, and making requisitions upon the Comptroller, [illegible] the money to meet the expenses so incurred; it is [illegible] impossible to arrive at the exact amount drawn from the treasury in this way, but from such an examination as I have given of the warrants drawn in 1858, it is evident that it will amount, at the very lowest calculation, to [illegible], and more probably to $[illegible].

For example, of the $[illegible] appropriated for fitting up parks under the direction of the Bureau of Lands and Places, it is most probable that the Common Council will not direct the expenditure of a tenth portion of the amount; thus the care and ornamenting the parks will come under the discretion of the department; the same may be said of "Croton Aqueduct Repairs, $75,000;" "Streets, repairing and cleaning, $[illegible];" and generally the amounts set apart for the many bureaux under the various departments.

The Common Council have not the power to rent or purchase property, and yet have the authority to authorize the same, to be done by the Comptroller or the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund—when necessity may arise for the purchase of a lot for an engine, hook and ladder or hose company—the Common Council may merely direct that a lot shall be purchased. The sum of $[illegible] is thus included in the Tax Levy; over which the Common Council is supposed to have control, for the purpose of rents and purchase of lots of ground for fire companies. Most of which property was directed to be purchased in 1858, and will be immediately transferred to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and of course will increase the amount of real estate belonging to the City.

The Common Council can exercise but little control over the money expended for "Belgian pavement, street-paving, repairs, wells and pumps, repairing and cleaning, water pipes and laying, and cleaning streets," beyond the mere fact of confirming contracts and requesting the appropriate departments to have the work done. The province of the Common Council being to direct the manner in which the work shall be performed—the amount for these purposes is $[illegible].

Again, the amount under the head of "Salaries," is $[illegible], the Common Council can reduce the number of officers and their salaries. A large corps of officials must necessarily exist, and be paid to carry on the municipal business of this metropolis.

The only discretion the Common Council have in this matter, is to decide whether any portion of this official corps could be dispensed with, or whether the work would be adequately performed at less expense, which it is apparent would leave, at most, but a small margin for a decrease.

Thus of the amount hereinbefore mentioned, over which the Common Council have but limited control, viz., $3,346,277. It will be readily perceived by the foregoing statement, that the sum of over $1,[illegible] is almost entirely without their jurisdiction; and this sum does not include all that might be mentioned in the same category.

The Common Council is legislative in its capacity; its province under the original charter was to make laws and ordinances governing its internal regulations, protect the citizens and their property by a well regulated Watch Department, lay out and ornament the public parks, regulate the markets and ferries, see the City well supplied with wholesome water, establish a system of sewerage, protect the City in cases of conflagration, "prepare for the exigencies of the most commercial metropolis on this side of the Atlantic, and look after its corporate and private rights." And to this end all charters prescribes that the Common Council shall not be executive, yet the originally legitimate duties of the Common Council are gradually withdrawn from the protection of the City and thrown into the hands of Commissioners appointed by *that Body* which declares the Common Council shall be legislative in its various capacities.

The which Commissioners, individually, call for more money to support them than the entire amount under the more immediate control of the Common Council, whose powers are gradually becoming but a shadow.

The first section of the Dongan Charter, of 1686, says, "the City of New-York is an ancient city, a body corporate, possessed of divers lands, rights and franchises;"—it is not questionable whether those rights, privileges, franchises and powers, more ancient far than the State itself, can be ruthlessly, without even the consent or voice of its people being invoked, be taken away and placed within the control of Commissioners foreign to the City? In 1808 it was questionable whether the State had the power even to increase the number of Wards, or change the boundaries thereof, without the consent of the Aldermen and Assistants.

We are informed by the old charters that the general powers of the Common Council are, "to make, ordain and establish, from time to time, laws and ordinances such as should seem to be good, useful or necessary for the good rule and government of the body corporate, and of all officers, inhabitants and residents of the City, within the limits thereof," and for "the further public good, common profit, trade, better government and rule of said City;" to ordain and enforce penalties for breaches of their laws and ordinances, &c., &c., and not to expend *moneys raised by tax*, the which must be disbursed by the Executive Departments.

The power delegated to the Common Council to regulate or moderate the disbursement of the amount raised by taxation is thus shown to be extremely limited—the action of Commissioners and Executive departments being almost or utterly independent of their control.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

C. T. McCLENACHAN, Clerk.

STATEMENT "A."

Showing amounts over which the Common Council have no control.

For State tax (1¼ mills)	$[illegible] 00
For Common Schools for State, (¾ mill)	330,395 71
For Common Schools for City, Board of Education	1,346,000 00
For Building Loan Stock No. 2, redemption of principal	50,000 00
For Public Education Stock, interest and redemption of principal	19,357 36
For Central Park, interest on debt	250,000 00
Central Park Improvement Fund Stock, interest	40,000 00
Asylum for Idiots	240 00
Deaf and Dumb Asylum	3,000 00
Institution for the Blind	1,000 00
New-York Juvenile Asylum	40,000 00
County contingencies	50,000 00
Coroner's fees	20,000 00
Officer's fees	25,000 00
Election expenses	50,000 00
County bonds—Harlem Bridge—interest	600 00
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, Deputies and Clerks	55,500 00
Supreme Court	33,100 00
Superior Court	42,600 00
Common Pleas	25,200 00
Marine Court	25,000 00
Court of Sessions	33,600 00
District Courts	46,200 00
Police Courts	51,283 28
County Offices	10,900 00
Board of Health	45,000 00
Police	1,[illegible],198 40
Police, Contingencies of Deputy Superi't	5,000 00
Almshouse Department	[illegible],250 00
Mayor's Contingencies	3,000 00
Killing Dogs	4,500 00
Charges on Arrears of Taxes	5,000 00
Charges on Arrears of Assessments	5,000 00
Errors and Delinquencies	5,000 00
Interest on Revenue Bonds	320,000 00
Interest on Assessment Bonds	8,000 00
Interest on Tompkins Market Building Stock	$10,200 00
Intestate estates	7,000 00
Real estate	25,000 00
Real estate expenses	100,000 00
Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents	8,000 00
Gas for public lamps, police stations, &c., under contract	421,950 00
Building Station-house for First Precinct	12,000 00
Building Station-house for Third Precinct	12,000 00
Building Station-house for Fourth Precinct	12,000 00
Building Station-house for Seventh Precinct	12,000 00
Building Station-house for Tenth Precinct	12 000 00
Repairs to Police Station-houses	20,000 00
Police Telegraph	7,900 00
Supplies to Police Department	30,000 00
Cartage	3,000 00
Removing night soil	30,000 00
Office of the Counsel to the Corporation	68,750 00
Arrearages of 1858	645,686 23
Claims passed by the Board of Supervisors for arrearages of 1858	11,886 84
Arrearages Board of Health	3,924 25
Judgments paid and to be paid	548,513 29
Estimated amount of judgments to be perfected in 90 days	60,000 00
State of New-York against Corporation	170,713 24
Claims under Messrs. Devlin & Conover	87,684 65
Arrearages in Street Department	25,079 65
Total	$8,361,714 29

In reply to inquiries, Councilman ORTAGUS said that the Special Committee on Repairs to the City Hall hoped to be able within a week to submit such plans as would be approved.

The Mayor's veto against paying Theodore S. Nims $250 for clerical services rendered different Committees of the Board last year was overruled by a nearly unanimous vote. The Board then adjourned.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday at 3 P. M. The bill of Isaac Mesercle, for board for witnesses detained at the house of detention in White-street, amounting to $468 50, was presented and referred. A resolution offered by Mr. TWEED, in favor of authorizing the appointment of a messenger in the Recorder's office at a salary of $600 per annum from Jan. 1, last, was referred.

Mr. BELL offered a resolution in favor of authorizing the Committee on Criminal Courts and Police to contract for the furnishing of meals to those Jurors of the Criminal Courts whom, in the opinion of the Justices thereof, it is necessary to so provide for, and directing that due notice be given to the Justices of the Courts of the selection of a suitable place at which meals are hereafter to be furnished. Mr. BELL presented the resolution, he said, for the purpose of preventing hereafter the presentation of such bills for meals furnished to Jurors as was presented from the Astor House recently. The resolution was referred. A communication was received from Ex-Coroner Connery expressing his surprise that any exception had been taken to the bill of Mr. John Ward for services attending the disinterment of the body of Mrs. S. Stephens. The bill amounts to $47 46. The communication was referred. The Board agreed to rent the second floor of No. 4 Centre-street, at $800, for a Coroner's office. A resolution in favor of appropriating $50 for clothes for poor witnesses detained at the House of Detention, was referred. A communication from the officers of the 11th Regiment, asking the Board to pay rent for fifteen months, at $650 per year, for their drill rooms, corner of Delancy and Chrystie streets, was referred. The Board adjourned to Monday.

The Wild Africans Surrendered—Summary Proceedings.

(From the Savannah Republican, 9th.)

The two Africans, of the *Wanderer's* cargo, that were arrested in Macon some weeks ago by the Deputy United States Marshal and brought to the jail of this city, were discharged yesterday, under the following circumstances: Mr. C. A. L. LAMAR, it seems, took the bull by the horns and made affidavit before Justice STALEY that the aforesaid Africans were his property, that he had quiet and peaceable possession of them and that they were taken from him without his consent. Upon this affidavit Justice STALEY issued a possessory warrant, addressed to CHARLES VAN HORN, the Jailor of Chatham County, and directing him to bring the negroes before him, the aforesaid Justice. This requisition was promptly obeyed by the Jailor, and the Africans being brought before the Justice, Mr. JOHN A. TUCKER swore that he had seen them in possession of the claimant in December last; whereupon the Africans were turned over to Mr. LAMAR, and the novel proceedings brought to a close. The proceedings, we hear, were wholly *ex parte*, and disposed of in a very brief space of time.

It is but due to the United States District-Attorney, Mr. GANAHL, who has discharged his duty in these Slave-trade cases with praiseworthy fidelity to the Government, to add, that he was engaged at the time in a legal investigation before the Court of Admiralty, and had not the slightest intimation of what was going on until the entire matter had been disposed of.

The Fifth Annual Commencement of the Medical School of Harvard College, was held March 8. Thirty students graduated. Dr. Henry J. Bigelow delivering the parting address.

THE ASTOR HOUSE.—STETSON, the indefatigable host of this house, is constantly in pursuit of every improvement that will conduce to the comfort of his guests. He has capped the climax of luxury by recently supplying his rooms with Howe's Patent Elliptic Spring Beds. The patrons of this noble old Hotel can now enjoy the real poetry of "balmy sleep," as we have done ever since the invention was first made public.—*Albany Express.*

[Advertisement.]

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO., No. 260 Canal-street, a few doors east of Broadway, manufacturers of Boynton's Self-cleaning and Self-packing Furnaces; Pierce's Morning Star Ranges; also, Bulkeld's Low-pressure Steam Heater, a new and novel Furnace, remarkably simple, safe, economical and cheap. One can be seen in operation at store.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S new Photographic and Fine Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]

GOV.—KNOX'S announcement that his Spring style of hat was ready, rather took the starch out of his rivals, but they had the magnanimity to confess that a more beautiful fabric was never exhibited. It is decidedly creditable to KNOX'S taste and genius. Those who want a dressy, stylish, comfortable, reasonable and moderately-priced hat, must call at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERIES.

Photographs,

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,

Nos. 359 and 205 Broadway, New-York, and

No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS, GAS FIXTURES.—We expect to surpass all our previous efforts in manufacturing new and beautiful goods for the Spring trade. Prices to suit all. Call at our great Dépôt, No. 376 Broadway.

WARNER, PECK & CO.,

Successors to ARCHER, WARNER & CO.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S Ointment will be found a never-failing remedy in all cutaneous diseases. A few applications of it will effectually eradicate all those unsightly blotches and pimples which often disfigure the face. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 14.

$49,000	U. S. 5s '74	103⅝	50	Hud. River R.R.	31½
11,000	Ind. State 2½s	60	50	do. ...s15	31½
17,000	Tenn. 6s '90	91	50	do.	31½
8,000	Mo. State 6s	85⅝	600	Har. RR. Pref. ...b60	39
25,000	do. ...s60	85½	1000	Reading R.R.	48¼
1,100	Ohio State 6s '86	101½	400	do. ...bnwk	48½
2,000	do.	102	100	do. ...s10	48½
2,000	N. Y. Cen. R. 6s	92¼	200	do. ...s30	48¼
1,000	E. RR. 4th M.Bs	57	50	Panama RR ...s10	117
4,000	Hud.Riv.R.1stM.	102	100	do.	117½
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. B.	90¼	200	Mich. S. & N.I.R.R.	15¼
14,000	La C. & M.L.G.B	18	50	Mich. S. & N.Ia.G.S.	47
5,000	La C. 2d M. Bs	47½	100	do. ...s10	46½
12	Bank of America	112	650	do.	46⅞
5	Market Bank	106½	200	do. ...s30	46½
20	Park Bank	100	50	do. ...b10	46⅞
5	Corn Ex. Bank	101¼	100	Gal. & Chi. R. ...s30	69½
145	Cary Im. Co.	6½	300	do. ...b60	69½
200	do.	6⅝	43	do.	69¼
24	Del. & Hud. Can. Co	99	50	do. ...b60	69½
50	Cumb. Preferred	20½	100	do. ...s30	69½
300	Pacific Mail S. Co.	79	110	Clev. & Tol. R. R.	27
50	do.	78½	200	do. ...b60	27
427	do.	78½	100	do. ...s60	26¼
100	do. ...b60	78½	900	do.	26½
100	do. ...s15	78½	300	do. ...b60	26½
50	do. ...s3	78½	100	do. ...b60	26½
8	do.	78	400	do. ...s60	26½
900	N. Y. Central R. R.	80	100	do. ...s3	26½
100	do. ...s15	79½	100	Chic. & R. I. R. ...b60	60¼
50	do. ...s5	79½	50	do. ...b10	60¼
150	do. ...s3	79½	100	do. ...b60	60¼
100	do. ...b7	79½	200	do.	60¼
100	do. ...s30	79½	200	do. ...s10	60¼
400	do. ...s3	80	300	do.	60¼
100	do. ...c	80½	100	do. ...s15	60
600	Erie Railroad ...b60	11½	100	do. ...s20	60
70	do.	11½	25	La Cr. & Mil.R.R.	¼
50	do. ...b3	11½	50	do.	¼
25	Ch. Burl. &Q.R.R.	65			

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	90½	350	Reading R. R. ...s30	48
1,000	Missouri St. 6s	85½	150	do.	48½
1,000	Brook. City W. Ln.	101½	200	do. ...b60	47½
2,000	N. Y. Cen. R. 6s.	92½	100	do. ...s30	47½
4,000	LaC.&M.L.G.B	17½	100	do. ...s3	48
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bs	90	50	Mich. Cen. R. R. ...s30	51½
60	Chatham Bank	92¼	100	M. S. & N. I. R.	15¼
200	N. Y. C. R.R. ...stw	79½	100	do. ...b60	15¼
100	do. ...s10	79½	100	do. ...s30	15
100	do. ...b10	79½	250	do.	15½
25	do.	79½	150	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	46½
100	Erie Railroad	11½	50	do. ...s60	45½
50	Pacific M. S. Co. ...b30	77½	150	Gal. & Chi. R. R.	68½
100	do. ...s10	77	100	do. ...s10	68½
100	do. ...s30	76½	25	do.	68½
175	do.	77	100	do. ...b30	68½
50	do. ...b60	77	100	Clev. & Tol. RR. ...s60	26
300	Hud. River R.R. ...b60	31½	50	C. & R. I. R. R. ...s10	59½
50	do.	31½	100	do. ...s20	59½
100	do. ...b60	31½	100	do.	59½
13	Panama Railroad	117	50	do. ...b30	59½
100	do. ...b60	117	500	do. ...b60	59½

REPORTED SALES AT AUCTION.

$5,000	Va. S.6s, Int.ad.	93½	500	Sun M.In.S.of '53	60½
2,000	Chic. C. 6s, In.ad.	86	560	Sun M.In.S.of '56	60
3,000	Ch.St.P.&Fon du Lac 8s, Int. ad.	1[illegible]	450	Sun M.In.S.of '57	59
2,000	Ch. St.P.&Fon du Lac 7s, Int. ad.	18	13	B'k of the Com'lth.	96½
103	Gt.W.In. S.of '57	87½	8	Bank of New-York	107½
600	do.	69½	15	Arctic Fire Ins. Co.	103½
			20	Mer. Mut'l Ins.Co.	100
			15	American Exp. Co.	87½

MONDAY, March 14—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, on Saturday, March 12, 1859, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of March 5:

Increase in Loans	$984,194
Decrease in Specie	1,239,911
Increase in Circulation	28,328
Decrease in Undrawn Deposits	611,919

Including the Clearing-House operations of the week, which show the interexchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

COMPARATIVE RECAPITULATION.

	March 13, 1858.	March 12, 1859.	March 5, 1859.
Capital	$66,600,000	$68,040,385	$68,040,385
Loans	105,203,631	126,205,261	125,221,067
Specie	32,961,076	25,530,054	26,769,965
Circulation	6,755,958	8,100,021	8,071,693
Gross Deposits	90,063,432	107,456,392	109,431,827
Exchanged	16,511,506	21,270,283	22,631,799
Undrawn	73,552,926	86,188,109	86,800,028
In Sub-Treasury	2,964,197	8,677,357	7,145,928

The Bank Averages result about equal to the previous estimate of the Street. The Statement is varied from last week chiefly by the operations of and with the Treasury Department. Further advances have been made both by the Banks and private lenders on the New Stock of Jan. 24. The line of Mercantile Discounts is not materially increased, nor the export demand for Specie important. Indeed, the stock of Bullion in the City gains on the previous comparison, without the aid of the California arrival of this morning, viz:

March 5, in Bank		$26,769,965
In Sub-Treasury		7,145,928
Total		$33,915,893
March 12, in Bank	$25,530,054	
Sub-Treasury	8,677,357	—34,207,411
Gain of the week		$291,518

The Specie movement to-day is the receipt of $933,130 in Bullion from San Francisco and from $300,000 to $500,000 in Treasury Drafts on the New-York Sub-Treasury. The Office at San Francisco sold $500,000 the day before the present mail was made up, and the probability is that nearly the whole amount came forward in various remittances to the Atlantic cities. Already $225,000 have been presented and paid at the New-York office. The whole of the Sub-Treasury operations to-day amount to $1,182,344 inward, of which $826,502 on account of the New Loan, and $43,600 for customs, and $658,442 outward, of which $225,000 on California arrival, as above stated. To-morrow will nearly or quite wind up the inward payments on account of the Loan, and in the next day or two will begin the disbursements on the Treasury Bills which fall due this week and next, so far as the same may be brought forward for redemption. We hear of one parcel of $500,000 which will be promptly presented, and of several smaller sums.

In the market for Money there is further employment, at call, or on short notice, on the New Government Stock. The terms are 4 ℔ cent., returnable on demand, and 4½@5 ℔ cent. where specific time is agreed upon between lender and borrower. Some purchases were also made of the Stock, on the last London quotation, and report of sales in that market, by one or two houses in the Foreign business, altogether about $150,000, at 103½ ℔ cent. It is also intimated that an interest of one-third, or $1,000,000 in the award to the Washington firm of RITTENHOUSE & Co., has been purchased by Mr. G. B. LAMAR, of Savannah, formerly President of the Bank of the Republic in this City.

The rates of Discount on mercantile bills, and of Foreign Exchange are the same to-day as through the last week. The range of the former, on first-class paper, is from 5@7 ℔ cent., 60 days to 6@8 months. A leading Banking firm are drawing on England at 109½ ℔ cent., to which other prime Bank bills conform. Select merchant and transient Bank bills rate 109¼@109½; other merchant bills 109@109¼ ℔ cent. Francs are firm, 5f. 13¾@5f. 12½.

The Stock Market is irregular and dull on the dealings of the day, the speculative shares preponderating, particularly on the Western Shares, which close lower than on Saturday, by ¼@½ ℔ cent.; Galena, 68½; Rock Island, 59½; Michigan Central, 51½; Michigan Guaranteed, 46½@¼, and Toledo, 26½@¼ ℔ cent. The influence of the tone of the market on this part of the list extended to New-York Central, which finally left off 79½@¾, and to Reading, which closed 48½@¾. The flurry in this stock on Friday afternoon, when about 3,000 shares were suddenly forced on sale, and on Saturday forenoon, when about the same amount was brought in again, all by the same Broker, is said to have grown out of a mistake in a telegraphic order from Philadelphia, on Friday, to sell three hundred instead of 3,000 shares. In Hudson River, Harlem, Erie, Illinois Central and Panama the changes were not marked from Saturday afternoon. New-York Central Six ℔ Cents were ½@¼ ℔ cent. higher on the Foreign quotation, and Illinois Central Construction Bonds steady. In State Stocks the business was not important; Tennessees ½ ℔ cent. lower at the close. The sale of California Seven ℔ Cents is almost arrested by the difficulty made by the State is attempting to recover about $22,000 of the whole new issue of 1858, which is since alleged to have been made by mistake of the accounting officers, on fraudulent scrip. The numbers of the tainted Bonds have not all been published. Numbers 262 and 263 only have been made known to the Brokers here, who bought or sold them last season. The case is before a Committee of the Stock Exchange, and we understand its hardship to the holders and the injury to California credit will also be represented to the Governor and Auditor, through Senator GWIN, who soon returns to California. In reference to the short appropriation for all the outstanding old Bonds of the State, Governor WELLER has addressed the following note to Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, SACRAMENTO, February 19, 1859.

GENTLEMEN: I regret that in the midst of pressing public engagements, your letter of the 20th ult., remains unanswered until the present moment.

In regard to the indebtedness of the State unprovided for, I have to say that, in my opinion, a vote of the people will be necessary before bonds can be issued.

It is possible that there are still legal and equitable demands unfunded, to the amount of say $350,000; and it is understood that a bill will be passed at the present session making provision for payment.

I do not doubt that [illegible] will receive the ratification of the people, as they have already shown that the disgrace of repudiation shall not attach to them. I am, very respectfully, your obedient,

(Signed) JOHN B. WELLER.

Mr. THOMAS GEORGE WALKER, junior partner of the late firm of THOMAS E. WALKER & SON, has gone into the Stock and Exchange business with Mr. DAVID TWEEDIE, under the style of WALKER & TWEEDIE. See advertisement.

We have been informed that a large number of the bondholders of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company met at the Astor House to-day, and appointed David E. Wheeler, Prentis Dow, David Dows, Francis A. Palmer and Joan Bodine a Committee to protect their interests.

The Ohio Legislature Investigating Committee who reported on the defalcations in the State Treasury, were also instructed to inquire into the connexion of the State with the Trust Company, and the causes of its disastrous failure on the eventful 24th of August, 1857. This part of the Report of the Committee has also been published. While the Committee comment with much severity upon the management both at New-York and Cincinnati, placing a large share of the blame upon Mr. LUDLOW, the New-York Cashier, without sparing the gross neglect of the Cincinnati Board to correct the abuses at the Agency, of which they had warning as early as May 1, 1856, they seem to set out upon the hypothesis that the concern was radically weak from the very start of the New-York Agency. Its organization they assume to have been illegal, and the principle and practice between the Home Office and the Agency vicious in itself, and deceptive to the public. The Committee say:

The general condition of the Company may be stated thus:

The Trust Department does a sluggish business of two and a half millions, on the capital of the Company of two millions.

The Banking Department does an exceedingly active business of two and a half millions, *on almost no capital*, and

The New-York Agency does an active business of two and one-half to three millions *on no capital at all*, or a business of eight millions on a capital of never fully two millions.

We need not wonder that the two last named Departments should, as the correspondence shows, be always liable to extremities; and that the whole institution should ever be constitutionally weak. And as, bearing this general view in mind, we look closer into each Department, we see more and more the rules of action upon which its business was conducted.

The Trust Department had absorbed all the capital of the entire corporation. This, at the rate of interest as recognized in commercial dealing, rose to 12 ℔ cent., became an eyesore to the managers of the institution, who, like all the rest of mankind, were anxious for equaling their neighbor in making money; and hence the real estate mortgage became a "sinking" fund, for it kept sinking all the time, while the charter contemplated it to be kept up to its full amount, and the proceeds went into other channels, for reasons than at work in commercial dealings generally, which will hereafter be stated. The call loan account into which they went was an avenue to borrowers little known to the public, and we cannot express ourselves strong enough against the pernicious influence granted by it.

CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE NEW-YORK CITY BANKS.

BANKS.	LOANS. March 12.	LOANS. March 5.	SPECIE. March 12.	SPECIE. March 5.
Bk. of New-York	4,149,033	4,162,836	1,023,340	1,089,804
Manhattan Co.	4,845,538	4,918,761	781,396	678,137
Merchants' Bank	6,056,309	5,973,249	1,742,407	1,708,017
Mechanics' Bank	4,093,029	4,167,789	790,730	901,509
Union Bank	3,731,710	3,904,864	894,103	699,114
Bk. of America	5,745,844	5,601,729	2,045,263	2,176,719
Phenix Bank	3,216,660	3,247,612	521,618	730,243
City Bank	2,089,147	1,985,279	413,536	447,566
Tradesmen's Bank	1,255,893	1,264,049	193,225	178,511
Fulton Bank	1,867,821	1,883,680	296,799	359,900
Chemical Bank	1,944,261	1,906,394	882,196	934,121
Merch. Exch. Bk.	2,215,807	2,215,469	290,873	286,110
National Bank	2,207,067	2,170,473	286,927	297,193
Butch. & Drov. Bk	1,596,966	1,603,385	374,574	367,667
Mech. & Trad. Bk	877,587	899,034	164,152	154,311
Greenwich Bank	749,532	728,389	94,282	71,507
Leather Man. Bk.	2,177,794	2,097,870	397,446	414,930
Seventh Ward Bk	1,312,862	1,328,456	221,090	230,970
Bk. St. New-York	4,179,426	4,029,403	1,029,502	1,227,579
Am. Exchange Bk	7,713,857	7,681,273	1,457,380	1,091,670
Bk. of Commerce	11,792,861	11,472,906	1,798,343	2,156,336
Broadway Bank	2,516,177	2,530,172	526,890	482,266
Ocean Bank	1,631,590	1,672,840	208,455	244,843
Mercantile Bank	2,766,559	2,819,963	525,769	389,390
Pacific Bank	1,133,329	1,142,701	200,248	206,696
Bk. of Republic	4,388,795	4,295,017	932,778	1,172,383
Chatham Bank	607,582	598,596	96,446	101,960
People's Bank	652,618	663,062	147,819	171,175
Bk. of N. America	1,067,745	1,097,083	334,592	315,740
Hanover Bank	1,463,916	1,436,838	261,360	211,846
Irving Bank	870,664	853,431	140,587	122,442
Metropolitan Bank	6,869,732	6,666,861	1,306,332	1,239,607
Citizens' Bank	725,217	735,207	109,131	101,419
Nassau Bank	1,647,964	1,627,887	255,913	235,901
Market Bank	1,704,262	1,710,579	280,760	281,361
St. Nicholas Bank	1,153,331	1,151,866	237,848	231,442
Shoe & Leath. Bk	3,207,253	3,228,816	882,132	757,426
Corn Exch. Bank	1,544,186	1,500,148	369,631	352,975
Continental Bank	3,782,244	3,773,361	513,395	599,190
Bk. of Commw'lth	1,164,274	1,208,050	200,363	189,574
Oriental Bank	565,407	573,326	80,574	81,049
Marine Bank	940,607	935,119	141,513	112,327
Atlantic Bank	565,107	562,808	72,842	77,370
Imp. & Traders' Bk	2,744,040	2,734,773	395,565	450,628
Park Bank	4,583,906	4,582,064	1,007,823	1,236,212
Artisans' Bank	1,162,966	1,126,696	151,381	136,924
Mech. B'g Ass'n	429,718	384,211	122,738	137,613
N. Y. Dry Dock Co	463,523	477,934	54,093	54,037
N. Y. Exch. Bank	205,809	209,946	29,789	26,344
Bull's Head Bank	386,683	379,556	35,179	41,961
N. Y. County Bank	394,343	396,760	46,343	58,213
Grocers' Bank	412,903	403,440	60,234	64,661
East River Bank	275,723	265,609	35,603	31,526
North River Bank	359,134	351,311	73,476	72,656
Total	126,205,261	125,221,067	25,530,054	26,769,965
	Increase...	$984,194	Decrease.	1,239,911

BANKS.	CIRCULATION. March 12.	CIRCULATION. March 5.	DEPOSITS—NET. March 12.	DEPOSITS—NET. March 5.
Bk. of New-York	420,264	417,237	2,731,749	2,890,481
Manhattan Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,883,705	2,950,111
Merchants' Bank	166,981	173,633	4,965,247	4,[illegible]
Mechanics' Bank	271,639	280,856	3,116,785	3,[illegible]
Union Bank	[illegible]	184,896	2,[illegible],544	2,391,91[illegible]
Bk. of America	[illegible]	128,615	4,931,326	4,[illegible]
Phenix Bank	[illegible]	128,760	1,972,237	2,[illegible]
City Bank	...	...	1,407,016	1,418,317
Tradesmen's Bank	257,312	264,[illegible]	731,676	727,13[illegible]
Fulton Bank	136,725	134,150	[illegible]	1,[illegible]
Chemical Bank	264,317	264,705	[illegible]	2,184,3[illegible]
Merch. Exch. Bk.	124,592	134,000	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank	150,674	155,202	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butch. & Drov. Bk.	181,283	184,012	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mech. & Trad. Bk.	128,066	129,692	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greenwich Bank	123,090	123,524	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leather Man. Bk.	260,807	248,707	1,470,[illegible]	[illegible]
Seventh Ward Bk	193,094	187,897	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bk. St. New-York	257,371	245,[illegible]	[illegible]	3,051,078
Am. Exchange Bk	246,326	243,349	4,036,730	5,096,367
Bk. of Commerce	1,975	1,975	5,340,144	5,393,631
Broadway Bank	232,963	230,943	2,012,295	1,[illegible]
Ocean Bank	114,043	113,856	915,166	1,040,078
Mercantile Bank	57,[illegible]	[illegible]	2,179,063	2,029,985
Pacific Bank	129,[illegible]	127,306	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bk. of Republic	186,690	192,[illegible]	3,537,953	3,857,864
Chatham Bank	126,664	126,736	[illegible]	[illegible]
People's Bank	109,[illegible]	111,756	406,828	536,537
Bk. of N. America	78,219	81,317	881,[illegible]	1,029,978
Hanover Bank	84,464	95,378	773,730	675,085
Irving Bank	166,418	166,815	633,934	610,187
Metropolitan Bk.	258,631	250,313	4,391,620	4,135,234
Citizens' Bank	153,638	150,470	579,897	544,896
Nassau Bank	118,015	118,782	983,514	975,180
Market Bank	164,659	163,785	1,124,412	1,127,398
St. Nicholas Bank	95,747	96,963	781,829	755,338
Shoe & Leath. Bk	113,963	116,361	2,199,640	2,231,913
Corn Exch. Bank	124,752	125,772	855,361	843,347
Continental Bank	169,319	168,712	2,477,708	2,639,869
Bk. of Commw'lth	169,702	176,149	795,334	821,743
Oriental Bank	160,132	162,437	363,029	369,123
Marine Bank	116,096	116,462	506,445	477,879
Atlantic Bank	96,744	95,797	352,447	343,749
Imp. & Traders' Bk	207,624	206,900	1,646,372	1,707,078
Park Bank	182,063	186,076	3,651,865	3,951,106
Artisans' Bank	95,507	97,165	757,171	725,989
Mech. B'g Ass'n	83,237	81,674	280,692	316,009
N. Y. Dry Dock Co	181,319	141,361	262,675	287,607
N. Y. Exch. Bank	200,022	193,[illegible]	361,213	207,964
Bull's Head Bank	103,234	104,660	242,387	246,144
N. Y. County Bk.	98,423	98,[illegible]	214,154	210,499
Grocers' Bank	74,200	75,197	220,572	222,074
East River Bank	95,666	96,450	187,339	188,385
North River Bank	51,887	53,985	351,719	336,840
Total	8,100,021	8,071,693	86,188,109	86,800,028
	Increase...	$28,328	Decrease	$611,919

Weekly Statement of the New-Orleans Banks.

BANKS.	SPECIE. March 5.	SPECIE. Feb. 26.	DEPOSITS. March 5.	DEPOSITS. Feb. 26.
Citizens' Bank	3,311,356	3,311,616	4,877,379	4,771,005
Canal Bank	1,479,540	1,469,741	1,197,429	1,377,423
Louisiana	2,797,760	2,813,162	2,081,363	2,407,336
Louisiana State	3,861,553	3,645,765	4,419,649	4,160,549
Mech. & Trad.	1,215,826	1,182,595	683,979	488,414
Bk. of N. Orl'ns	1,540,950	1,667,554	878,369	866,058
Southern Bank	164,929	177,920	281,470	272,436
Union Bank	1,251,231	1,255,949	921,934	809,343
Merchants' Bank	615,933	597,827	321,269	317,401
Crescent City	1,149,467	1,138,565	261,718	253,209
Bank of America	678,251	677,900	518,396	491,344
Total	18,918,914	18,722,641	16,206,989	16,[illegible]
	Increase...	$[illegible]	Decrease...	$[illegible]

BANKS.	CIRCULATION. March 5.	CIRCULATION. Feb. 26.	DEPOSITS. March 5.	DEPOSITS. Feb. 26.
Citizens' Bank	4,421,000	4,335,000	5,348,157	5,304,673
Canal Bank	1,400,775	1,362,005	1,079,453	1,040,739
Louisiana	945,899	914,794	3,714,058	3,283,166
Louisiana State	3,172,350	3,183,770	3,389,398	3,412,295
Mech. & Traders'	439,550	412,110	1,308,036	1,012,693
Bk. of N. Orleans	839,920	827,405	1,318,323	1,452,147
Southern Bank	226,470	224,170	533,084	496,393
Union Bank	657,825	644,845	1,072,249	1,019,249
Merchants' Bank	263,000	268,845	845,780	860,378
Crescent City	202,920	197,720	568,301	457,149
Bank of America	223,410	202,235	977,667	944,959
Total	12,692,604	12,523,244	20,263,030	20,[illegible]
	Increase...	$176,360	Decrease...	$[illegible]

BANKS.	EXCHANGE. March 5.	EXCHANGE. Feb. 26.	DUE DIST. BANKS. March 5.	DUE DIST. BANKS. Feb. 26.
Citizens' Bank	2,499,465	2,651,565	$800,077	363,504
Canal Bank	1,672,078	1,631,605	177,695	145,516
Louisiana	677,549	604,216	345,630	299,861
Louisiana State	1,171,932	1,271,232	429,920	375,290
[illegible]	697,175	666,697	42,061	26,995
[illegible]	736,095	696,311	164,600	189,977
Southern Bank	1,317,321	1,229,294	...	...
Union Bank	430,150	387,964	172,199	165,807
Merchants' Bank	122,497	128,977	22,713	41,618
Crescent City	75,511	67,592	38,215	39,539
Bank of America	11,800	7,130	3,748	14,560
Total	9,303,900	9,217,612	1,426,545	1,320,621
	Decrease...	$113,[illegible]	Increase...	$105,915

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

THE CHICAGO LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, CAPITAL $1,000,000.—A book for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of this Company, having liberal Banking privileges, is now open and subscriptions will be received at the Bank of the Republic, until the 15th inst.

H. A. TUCKER, WM. BLAIR, E. D. TAYLOR, } Commissioners.

THOMPSON BROTHERS will fill orders for United States Coupon 5 ℔ Cent. Stock (bonds) at Board price, adding ½ ℔ cent. only brokerage, and past due Treasury Notes taken at par and interest in payment.

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS, on all the Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO. Sept. 28, 1858.

Real Estate.....MONDAY, March 14.

We have no public sales of property in the City to report to-day.

Messrs. RAYNOR & BLACKWELL have sold four lots on the south side of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth-street, about 200 feet west of Fifth-avenue, at $400 per lot. Seller, G. H. PECK.

Also, four lots on the south side of Sixtieth-street, about 200 feet east of Fourth-avenue, at $1,200 per lot. Seller, F. HOBBY.

Also, one gore lot on the northeast corner of Sixth-avenue and Fifty-fifth street, 25 feet fronting the avenue, about 14 feet fronting the street, about 59 feet in depth on the north line, and about 23 feet across the rear, for $2,750. Seller, J. D. PHILLIPS.

We report the lease of ten full lots on the north side of Forty-second-street, 125 feet west of Fifth-avenue, being part of the Stevens estate, for 21 years, with two renewals—first, 21 years, at $350 per lot per annum; renewals at a valuation, or improvements to be paid for. The lots are to be improved upon this Spring with ten or twelve brown-stone houses—the estate to advance 60 per cent. on the cost of the buildings. R. H. COBURN is the lessee and builder. The above lots front the Reservoir.

SALES BY A. J. BLEECKER & CO., MARCH 11.

Two-story and basement frame house and lot No. 659 Washington-street, 20 feet 9 inches by 93 feet 4 inches. Price, $3,500.

Three brick buildings and large plot of ground No. 57 Ann-street, north side, 142.9 feet north of William-street, 28 feet front (9 feet alley) by 122 feet deep on the east side, by order of F. T. RUGGLES, Referee. Price, $42,000.

By order of Executors of FARNHAM HALL, deceased:

Lot and buildings No. 102 Christopher-street. Price, $3,250.

Lot and buildings No. 104 Christopher-street. Price, $2,900.

Lot and buildings No. 106 Christopher-street. Price, $2,850.

Lot and buildings Nos. 108 and 110 Christopher-street. Price, $3,000 each.

MARCH 12—Two-story and attic brick house and lot No. 52 West Washington-place, 250 feet west of Sixth-avenue. Lot 22x97; house 22x40 feet. Price, $7,050.

Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Monday, March 14.

FLOUR firm; Howard-street, $6 37½. WHEAT steady; white, $1 65@$1 85. CORN dull, and declined 2c.; white, 76c.; yellow, 83c. PROVISIONS firm; Bacon sides, 9¾c. WHISKY—City 29c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, March 12.

The sales of COTTON for the week ending last evening were 55,500 bales.

CINCINNATI, Monday, March 14.

FLOUR firm at $5 90@$6. WHEAT firm. WHISKY, 25c. PROVISIONS firm. MESS PORK, $[illegible].

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship James Adger, from Charleston—A. Van Buren, Miss E. Norton, Mrs. Norcross, S. Fields, J. L. Grille, F. P. Campfield, H. M. Merritt, Mr. Charles F. Norcross, Mrs. C. M. Gample, W. W. Hey, Dr. J. W. Hodge, [illegible] W. Woodward, J. W. [illegible] Emery, W. H. Hovey, C. Mills, Mrs. F. A. Drake, Mrs. J. A. Vantassel, C. W. Fanning, W. H. Fanning, Dr. J. W. Mitchell, H. Brown, C. E. Stoddard, S. Stoddard, H. Wilcox, L. Steele, S. Lazarus, J. Segano, W. E. Dodge, Jr., lady, 3 children and 3 servants, T. Goldway, H. Lawton, S. Guttenbergh, A. Passette, J. McKim, W. J. Yates, R. S. Darling, M. Murphy, Mrs. G. J. Jones, Judge Vanderbilt and lady, Miss Vanderbilt, J. M. Calloway, J. D. Wellington, J. C. Meadow, J. C. Chadwick, F. Brestan, S. B. Snedaker, F. Long and son, E. W. Woodland, Jas. Giffin, and 53 in the steerage.

In steamship Philadelphia, from New-Orleans and Havana—Waldo Abbott, Mr. Gale and family, Isaac Hunt and family, D. De Goicouria, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Chaumur, G. T. Chapman, P. Espinosa, J. G. Ring, M. D., E. T. Dumas, F. F. Muller, Saml. Cole, Esq., and wife, J. Valleh, E. Gonzales, and others.

In ship Merrimac, from Manila—Waldo P. Maynard, Mason A. Ree, both of Boston.

In brig Norfolk, from St. Ann's Bay, Jam.—Mrs. Gilman and child.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 12 | Sun sets.... 6 06 | Moon sets.... 1 26

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 4 35 | Gov. Island. 5 24 | Hell Gate.... 6 46

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, March 14.

Cleared.

Steamship Jura, Moodie, Liverpool, E. Cunard.

Ship Pacific, Gadd, New-Orleans, W. Nelson & Sons.

Brigs Young America, Pool, Maranham, ——; Grenada, Pettingill, Portland, Thos. Owen & Son; Laura, (Bras.) Aranso, Maranham, Burdett & Noble; Elaira, Stevens, Cardenas, T. A. R. Webster; Crawford, Small, Philadelphia, ——.

Schooners Yorktown, Wogan, City Point, J. Hunter & Co.; S. P. Hawes, Mason, Richmond, Van Brunt & Slaght; M. Rand, Terry, Philadelphia, J. B. Edwards; E. J. Pickup, Pickup, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; R. Nexx, Frink, Wilmington, D. C. Murray; S. Gilman, Crowell, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; W. Raleigh, Horton, Savannah, D. C. Murray; E. Slade, Sayles, Wilmington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Ann D., Newton, Alexandria, E. Bedell; Bay State, Hallett, Boston, Dayton & Sprague; Triumph, Artis, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee.

Sloop W. H. Bowen, Hallock, Bristol, L. Kenny.

Arrived.

Ship John Tucker, (of Salem,) Williams, Calcutta, Oct. [illegible], and Sand Heads [illegible], with linseed and saltpetre to Cheever & Baland. Passed St. Helena Jan. 16; is bound to Boston; put in here for provisions; off Sand Heads saw ship Uriel, for Boston, and parted co. on the 27th Oct. in lat. 14 deg. N., and long. 86 deg. 36 min. E.; Nov. 1, lat. 10 deg. 36 min., long. 87 deg. 33 min., spoke Fr. ship St. Pierre, from Calcutta for Corleon. Nov. 5, lat. 5 deg. 16 min. N., long. 86 deg. 49 min. E., spoke Br. ship Solway, from Calcutta for London. Dec. 6, lat. 35 deg. 18 min. S., long. 59 deg. 8 min. E., spoke Br. ship Glorious, 45 ds. from Bombay for London; was in co. 30 ds. and parted co. Dec. 28 off Algoa Bay. Dec. 19, lat. 31 deg. 1 min. S., long. 31 deg. 15 min. E., exchanged signals with Br. ship Chieftain, 65 ds. from Canton for London. Same day, lat. 31 01 S., lon. 30 18 E., exchanged signals with an Am. ship steering N., painted black, and showing a white swallow-tail signal with red borders, and name (double) in it. Feb. 24, lat. 32 55, lon. 71 [illegible] passed a double-topsail Am. ship, with painted ports, steering S. March 5, lat. 37 24 N., lon. 72 16 W., saw a ship steering N. W., showing Boston Nos. 3113, supposed to be the Peruvian. Same day, lat. 37 35, lon. 72 01, saw bark Ella, of Boston, stg. S. On the outward passage, June 17, 1857, at 8 A. M., while beating down the China Sea, against the S. W. monsoon, came into light green water; wind W. S. W., ship heading South, hove to and sounded in 15 fathoms, coarse brown sand and pieces of red broken coral; next cast 20 fathoms—then no bottom, the current setting E. N. E. two knots per hour, we were soon off the bank. Capt. W. supposes it to be of small extent, as the ship had not been over it; the ship having gone only two miles South; took sights for Ohio's [illegible] while on the bank, which were proved correct a few days previously, Cape Varela and Cape Padaran (Coast Cochin China,) also, afterwards by angles of Pulo, Timoan, Pisang and Aor, which places the bank in lat. 4 15 N., long. 109 06 E. There were no such banks laid down on Capt. Williams' Chart, which he believes to be the latest. On a Chart published by R. H. Laurie, 1847, there is a bank discovered in 1866, called Laurie's Bank, of 5 fathoms, laid down in lat 8.09 N., long. 108 16 E. On an old chart of 1800, published by Laurie & Whittle, there is a small bank laid down in 7.00 N., long. 108.02 E., expunged from modern charts. With the sun out bright, the bank can be easily seen, the contrast being striking between the light green water of the Bank and the surrounding deep blue of the ocean.

Steamship Philadelphia, Harrison, New-Orleans 6th inst., and Havana 9th, with mdse. and passengers to M. O. Roberts.

Steamship James Adger, Adams, Charleston, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. Saturday, [illegible] P. M., lat. 35 33, lon. 74 40, exchanged signals with steamer Florida. Monday, March 14, 12 M., exchanged signals with bark Pride of the Sea; same time, passed brig Belle of Boston, bound N., taking pilot; passed schr. [illegible], bound N., off Egg Harbor; passed bark William, of Barnegat, bound N.

Steamer Thomas Swann, Ramsey, Baltimore, with mdse., to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Pelican, Alligain, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Westchester, Clark, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Dawn, Wood, Fairhaven with mdse.

Ship Merrimac, (of Newburyport,) Thurston, Manila Nov. 4, via Batavia Dec. 18, passed Anjier Dec. 19, Cape of Good Hope Jan. 28, crossed the equator Feb. 18, with hemp, &c., to Brown Bros. & Co. Jan. 26, off Cape of Good Hope, exchanged signals with Swedish bark Caroline.

Bark Bonanza, (of Waldoboro',) Pinkham, Trinidad [illegible]

Cuba, Feb. 28, with molasses to J. W. Elwell & Co. Feb. [illegible], off Cape [illegible], saw brig [illegible], [illegible] for [illegible]; same day, saw two large vessels ashore on Cape Antonio, apparently to keep them there. March 8, experienced a heavy N. E. gale, and while lying to shipped a sea which stove bulwarks, and lost [illegible]. [illegible]

Bark Rapid, Marsebalk, Porto Grande 17 ds., with goatskins, cochineal, hides, and jalap to Hargous Bros. 8th inst., off Sand Key Light, passed bark Henry, of New-York, [illegible], passed brig H. A. Herrera, stg. S.

Bark Henry, Wilson, New-Orleans Feb. 27, and the Bar [illegible], with sugar to Geo. Bulkley.

Brig Velocity, (Br.,) Nickerson, Halifax March 1, with fish to master. Experienced heavy weather, and on the 6th inst. took a heavy gale from S. S. E., which carried away foretopmast and topgallantmast, with yards and rigging, stove bulwarks, &c.

Bark Frederick Demming, Sheriff, Para 28 ds., with rubber, &c., to Corning, Bacon & Co. Experienced heavy N. W. gales N. of Bermuda; sprung jib boom. Left no Am. vessels.

Brig Norfolk, (of Eastport,) Emery, St. Ann's Bay, Jam., Feb. 24, with pimento, &c., to A. H. Solomon—vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Left no Am. vessels.

Brig E. Remington, (of Mystic River,) Williams, St. Marks 15 ds., with cotton, &c., and 3 passengers, to Brett & Potter.

Brig D. B. Doane, (of Brewer,) Gilkey, Attakapas Feb. 28, via Key West 4th inst., with sugar, &c., to E. D. Hurlbut & Co. Sld. from Key West in co. with brig Paladine, for Baltimore. Feb. 26, 250 miles W. of Tortugas, in a gale from S. E., carried away foremast. Put into Key West [illegible], to repair damages.

Schr. Pilot's Bride, (of City Island,) Coker, Fernambuco 32 ds., with sugar to Kirkland & Von Sachs. 6th inst., experienced a violent gale in the Gulf Stream. 11th, lat. 32 22, lon. 73 20, was in co. with ship Magnolia, of and for Boston.

Schr. Ida, (of Philadelphia,) Clark, Charleston 5 ds., with cotton to Scranton & Tallman. March 10, lat. 33 10, lon. 74 15, saw a bark lying-to, a large brig, lumber-loaded, close by, stripping her sails, and afterwards set her on fire.

Schr. C. H. Mellor, Allen, Newbern, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to Dibble & Bunce.

Schr. Ocean Wave, Kenney, Washington, N. C., 4 ds., with cotton, &c., to Tallcott & Horn.

Schr. J. M. Taylor, Rue, Washington, N. C., 5 ds., with cotton, &c., to E. H. Blackwell.

Schr. E. F. Randolph, Hazleton, Newbern, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. B. A. De Hart, Low, Alexandria 4 ds., with flour, &c., to Safford & Dodge.

Schr. Presto, Morse, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to Dollner & Potter.

Schr. G. L. Errickson, Crammer, Virginia 3 ds., wood.

Schr. Swan, Hill, Baltimore, for Providence.

Schr. F. Merwin, Avery, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal.

Schr. Geo. W. Whistler, Parker, Virginia 3 ds., wood.

Schr. Mist, Disoway, Georgetown, D. C., 3 ds., coal.

Schr. Monitor, Robert, Elizabethport, for Wareham.

Schr. A. S. Brown, Brown, Philadelphia 3 ds., coal.

SAILED—Ships Cairo, Wooster, for Rotterdam; Pacific, for New-Orleans.

WIND—During the day from N. N. E. to E. S. E.

By Telegraph.

NEWPORT, March 14—Arr. Saturday, Brig Lydia Stone, Cates, Wilmington, N. C., for Boston. Schrs. Joseph Porter, Yates, Philadelphia; Richard Saltonstall, French, Rockland, for New-York; Lalah Rookh, Crowell, Wellfleet, for Virginia; M. R. Partridge, Hicks, Bucksport, for Richmond; Pearl, Thomas, Rockland, for Baltimore; Mary Whitney, Joy, Castine, for Norfolk; [illegible], Dunbar, Wellfleet, for Norfolk; Sophie Barker, Nichols, Wellfleet, for Virginia; Geo. Shattuck, Smith, for Norfolk; Palo Alto, ——, Wellfleet, for Virginia; Sloop E. Sprague, Gibbs, Providence, for New-York.

Sld.—Schrs. Orion, Davis, Somerset, for Albany; [illegible] Agent, Dunbar, Bristol, for New-York.

In port—Schrs. Quickstep, Freeman, Boston, for Wheeler—having returned, in consequence of head winds and heavy weather; Challenge, Hall, Rockland, for Richmond, Va.; Buena Vista, Hunt, Dennis, for Norfolk; J. Y. Baker, Dyer, Wellfleet, for Virginia; M. J. Laughton, Gorham, do., for do.; Winfield Scott, Newcomb, do., for Rappahannock. Also in port, the arrivals of the day.

SQUAN, N. J., March 14, sunset—Wind moderate from E.; weather clear.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., March 14, sunset—Steamship James Adger outside the bar, bound in; ship Pacific on the bar, bound out. Wind fresh from E. S. E.; cloudy and cold.

Miscellaneous.

Capt. Williams, of ship John Tucker, of Salem, from Calcutta, arrived to-day, reports 6th inst., off Fishing Rip, wind N. W. 7th, working up South Channel, wind W. to W. N. W., barometer standing at 29.15 until sunset, when the weather threatened, and wind backed to S. W., barometer falling rapidly. At dark saw the land bearing S. W. 10 P. M., Nauset Lights bore W. by N. [illegible] N., and Highland Light N. W. ½ W., barometer 28.40 and falling; weather very thick and appearance of a storm. Midnight; wind S. S. E. to S. and rainy; very heavy; hauled to by the wind N. [illegible] to get on offing, and 8 A. M. Cape Cod Lights bore 3 W. ½ W. 40 miles; thick and rainy. 9 A. M. wind strong from N.; reefed sails; at noon hove to in a heavy N. E. gale. 8th, blowing heavy from E. by S. with a heavy sea; thick and rainy. 4 P. M., severe gale from E. N. E., very heavy sea, rain and sleet, very cold, crew exhausted; six of the best able men sick below; ship leaking up very fast, laboring and straining heavily, kept the lead constantly going. 10 P. M., heavy snow squalls from N. E., water gradually shoaling; sometimes we kept running, got the anchors in the ship and axes ready for an emergency, expecting every moment to see breakers in 17 fathoms; 11 P. M., saw Egg Rock Light close on board; with the greatest difficulty wore ship; in wearing got a glimpse of a light, supposed Boston Light, rounded and found 19 fathoms; soon after saw Cohasset Lights S. W., and Scituate Light S., set three reefed topsails and reefed foresail; wind backing N. N. E., ship heading S., going before under, and drifting with the heavy sea and current towards shore; shoal reef out of foresail; [illegible], saw a light bearing S., supposed it Race Point light; 4th, [illegible] screw lifted, saw land close to; breakers close all around; shook out reefs, set whole mainsail, when wind veered to the N.; snow cleared, and saw the highlands of Cape Cod lights bearing S. by E. ½ E., and land S. W. by S.; the ship close into the breakers, and the undertow appearing to take hold of the ship, the pitching heavily under, and the sea breaking entirely over her. Kept off E. S. E., hard full to clear shore, which at 10 P. M. were clear of the land; showed numbers to lighthouse keeper; the gale from the N. drove us out of the South Channel; the foot part of the crew and mate sick; out of wood and provisions, with fore and maintopsail yards sprung, bore away for Newport; northerly winds prevented her reaching there; kept on for New-York; and within 45 miles of Sandy Hook on the night of the 11th, when a thick S E wind, with rain, came on, leading till next morning; hauled off shore. The light on Egg Rock, near M. P. M. on the 8th, was the means of saving the ship from being dashed to pieces on Nahant.

BALTIMORE, March 8.—I wrote you on the 4th inst., relative to the schr. Elizabeth Bussel. On the night of the 4th inst. the wind blew very fresh from the south, causing a heavy sea, carrying away the rudder, and parting the chain, the anchor having gone. The vessel then [illegible] on shore on the beach. Her bottom is damaged; otherwise the vessel has sustained no damage. She will be hauled on the beach and made tight.—[By letter to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.]

SHIP NATHAN HANAN.—A special dispatch received in the City this morning, dated New-Orleans March 2, reports the ship Nathan Hanan arrived below on the same day. A previous dispatch from Charleston reported her lost on Cape Florida, March 3.

The large Br. steam frigate, supposed to be Curacoa, from Plymouth, Eng., reported in yesterday morning's edition as below, was not in sight last night at sunset, and is probably an error. The author of the report was Capt. Skinner, of the steamship Roanoke, arrived on Sunday night, who passed a steamer the same night off the Highlands, firing rockets, and supposed it to be the Curacoa.

KEY WEST, March 4.—The ship Nathan Hanan, from Boston for New-Orleans, ran ashore on the night of the 2d inst., near Cape Florida, and soon bilged. News reached here this morning that a Spanish brig is ashore on the Quick Sands, and four wreckers have gone to her assistance. The brig Paladine, Capt. Rogers, with a cargo of guano for Baltimore, put in on the 1st inst., for water and provisions, and sailed again yesterday. The schr. Mystic Valley sailed this morning for New-York, and the bark Syra is loading—both vessels with cotton from bark Mimi.—[By letter to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.]

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Capt. Maguire, of the schr. B. Watson, from Rio de Janeiro for New-Orleans, was accidentally killed on the voyage. The particulars of the accident are as follows: On the 16th ult., when the Watson was off Granada Island, in running before the wind the main-boom jumped out, the boom swung over, striking Capt. Maguire on the head and killing him instantly. The first officer took charge of the vessel and put into St. George's Bay, Granada Island, where he had the body of the captain embalmed, and he proceeded on his voyage to New-Orleans.—N. O. Picayune.

The steamer Harmonia was sold at auction on Saturday, 5th ult., for $40,000. She was bought by Geo. S. Wright, and it is rumored that they will take her to Chili to sell her to the Chilian Government for a man-of-war steamer.

Spoken, &c.

Arab—brig, of and from Halifax for West Indies, was passed, March 5, lat. 37, lon. 68.

Jeremiah Thompson—ship, Sisler, 13 ds. from Mobile for Liverpool, March 5, lat. 32, lon. 79 35.

Mary—Br. brig, hd. E., was passed, March 7, lat. 36 [illegible], lon. 75 25.

Mary Morrill—ship, March 12, lat. 37 N., lon. 70 W.

Norman—brig, Feb. 8, lat. 3 S., lon. [illegible] W.

Oceana—schr., March 12, lat. 39 20, lon. 72 10.

Foreign Ports.

At Pernambuco, Feb. 14, U. S. steamer Metacomet, for Paraguay. Ship Medford, Cutter, from Boston, condemned. Barks John Winthrop, Webster, from Philadelphia, for Bonaire; Weather Gauge, McKee, from New-Orleans; Cordelia, Sloan, from Philadelphia, just arr., with loss of all her topmasts; Grapeshot, from New-Orleans, just arr. Brig War Eagle, Brown, from St. Thomas, chartered to load lumber for River Plate. Schrs. Kate Weston, Ellis, for New-York in 5 ds.—was hove out, having been ashore. The brig Kate, Long, sld. for St. Thomas and Porto Rico Feb. 6.

At Vera Cruz, Feb. 25, bark Wildfire, Connell, dlsg.

PETER K. DEYO, ADVERTISING AGENT,

OFFICE NO. 10 NASSAU BANK BUILDING.

Reference is made to Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO.

From the N. Y. Express, March [illegible].

All desirous of advertising through his (Mr. Deyo's) agency, can do so with the fullest confidence in all his representations.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer—Office No. 7[illegible]

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE OF MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, PIANO-FORTE, ROSEWOOD, OIL-PAINTINGS, STATUARY, VASES, WINES, BOOKS, &c.

At Public Auction TO-MORROW (Wednesday) at the 4-story Dwelling-House No. [illegible] West [illegible]th-st., near 6th-av. Sale to commence at [illegible] o'clock precisely.

DRAWING-ROOMS.

Rosewood suites, carved in fruit and flowers and covered rich brocade, consisting of two tête-à-tête sofas, two arm, two reception and eight parlor chairs, mahogany marble top centre tables to match the suites, velvet carpets, etagere, bookcase, Turkish and reception chairs, pier and mantel mirrors, lace curtains, vases, oil paintings by celebrated artists. Dining-room—rich cut and engraved glass ware of every description, silver-plated [illegible], spoons, cake baskets, &c.; ivory handle knives and forks, and French China dinner and tea sets, extension dining table, sideboard, butler's tray and stand, arm chairs and couch, black engravings, &c. Bedrooms—rosewood bedsteads, dressing bureaus, marble-tops, bedsteads and washstands to match, hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, sheets, counterpanes, quilts, bolsters and pillows, &c. Also a large assortment of mahogany and black walnut furniture. The sale will commence with the basement and kitchen furniture. Sale positive, rain or shine.

INDEPENDENCE GUARD, TWELFTH REGIMENT.—A mass meeting of the rank and file will take place at the Mercer House, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 16, at 8 o'clock. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

ALFRED OATLEY, Chairman.